THE DIGVIJAY
INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED
1948—Highlights

New Business Received	Rs. 37,43,500
Business Paid-for	Rs. 33,15,000
Total Assets exceed	Rs. 14,50,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 6,50,000

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVII NO. 146 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JUNE 21, 1949 Price: 2 ANNAS

SUDDENLY ONE DAY!
For the last few years I was bald headed. I was also suffering from sleeplessness. I used constantly many Indian and Foreign Oils, but to no purpose, and yet I was much harassed over constant sleeplessness. Suddenly one day I began to use "RAMTIRTHA BRAHMI OIL" (Special No. 1) prepared by Ramtirtha Yogashram, Bombay 4 and Lo! within a few days Goddess Sleep favoured me abundantly. Besides, hair began to grow profusely. Today, I can say with pride, RAMTIRTHA BRAHMI OIL has proved much useful to me in every respect & My constant sleeplessness has run away for good.
N. DUTT. NAYAK, Mangalore
Vice President: Canara Vessel Broker's Association.

'LIBRARY' OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Sterling Allotment To India Inadequate

DEMAND FOR MORE RELEASES LIKELY

Complex Problems Face Matthai-Cripps Talks

NEXT YEAR'S DOLLAR GAP: 150 MILLIONS

NEW DELHI, June 20 (P.T.I.).

INFORMED circles in New Delhi forecast four main points that are likely to figure in the Matthai-Cripps talks on sterling Balances due to take place in London early in July.

Consideration of these points will largely be influenced by the outcome of the present talks in London on an official level, which have now been prolonged by a week more that expected earlier.

Firstly India, it is stated, will be entitled to ask for a larger release of sterling which can be multilaterally convertible. For 1948-49 United Kingdom released 15 million pound sterling to India for use in hard currency areas. The allotment is found completely inadequate and India will endeavour to get as much dollar release as possible.

Secondly, India is also likely to demand a greater release of sterling for use in sterling areas only. According to the Indo-British Sterling Agreement of June 1948 the United Kingdom would release for three years a sum of 80 million sterling in addition to which India would carry forward the unspent balance of 80 million sterling out of the previous releases. In other words, the total available foreign exchange for three years from July 1, 1948 was to be 160 million sterling.

FLOW OF IMPORTS

Thirdly, the free flow of imports from United Kingdom due to Open General Licence No. 11 which was primarily designed to relieve the inflationary pressure in India and which incidentally helped the British export drive resulted in an increased withdrawal by India from the sterling balances and in less than a year she withdrew about £42 million in addition to the unspent £80 million pounds of the previous releases. It is considered not unjustifiable for India to urge that this overdrawn amount should not be taken into account in the quantum of release during the current triennium.

Lastly, it is expected that Britain will help India to a greater extent in regard to acquisition of capital goods and the sterling releases should be allowed to be utilized principally for the supply of capital equipment. The spirit of co-operation between members of the Commonwealth, informed quarters argue, should guide the deliberations.

(Continued on Page 7)

DR. MATTHAI'S LONDON VISIT POSTPONED

NEW DELHI, June 20, (P. T. I.): Dr. John Matthai, Finance Minister, who was to have left for Bombay today on his way to London to lead the Indian delegation on the sterling balances talks, has postponed his departure until next week.

It is understood that the preliminar talks which began in London in the second week of June between representatives of the Finance Ministry and the British Treasury will take a week more to complete than expected earlier.

The ministrial level talks between the Finance Minister and Sir Stafford Cripps, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, are, therefore, not expected to begin until early in the first week of July

C.-IN-C.'S FIRST VISIT TO ORISSA

General K. M. Cariappa, C.-in-C. of ndia was received at the Bhubhaneshwar Aerodrome on arrival, by Major Shergill, Military Secretary to the Governor of Orissa, Hon'ble Mr. Bariha P.W.D. Minister, and Lt. General Lakhindra Songh, G.-O.-C., Bihar, W. Bengal, Assam and Orissa area command

DEMONSTRATION BEFORE CITY CORPORATION

Striking Sweepers Defy Police Ban

BOMBAY, Monday.

SOME one thousand striking sweepers, including 200 women, demonstrated with slogans before the Bombay Municipal Corporation buildings for two hours this evening when the House met after a 40-day summer recess.

Circumventing the Police Commissioner's ban on processions, the demonstrators reached the open area before the Municipal Buildings in small batches and squatted there from 3-30 p.m. to 6 p.m. in the hope that Opposition parties in the House would raise the strike issue. But during the 90-minute proceedings there was not a single reference to the strike.

When the Corporation adjourned, members of the Ad Hoc Committee, appointed by the "left" parties to negotiate a settlement in the strike, appeared on the balcony of the Municipal Buildings and signalled to the workers to disperse. The demonstrators, held back by a strong police cordon for over two hours of noisy shouting, were allowed to leave for their homes in groups.

The strike situation continued unchanged today, with Mr. B. K. Patel, Municipal Commissioner, saying there was "nothing fresh to report."

At its meeting today the Corporation sanctioned the building at a cost of Rs. 9,300 of ten experimental tenements of a new type at the Mang Garudi Camp, Matunga, for housing labourers. The Chairman of the Standing Committee said that if the experiment proved a success it had been planned to build about a thousand such tenements.

The House then adjourned as a mark of respect to the memories of Mr. K. T. Janai and Mr. C. S. Dhonde, former Corporators, who passed away recently.

GODSE APPEAL JUDGMENT

SIMLA, June 20, (P. T. I.): Judgment in the appeal preferred by Nathuram V. Godse and six other accused in the Gandhi murder case, which was expected to be announced today, will be delivered tomorrow afternoon.

Afghans Demand Retaliation

AFTERMATH OF PAK BOMBING

KABUL, (Afghanistan), June 20, (PTI-Reuter): Inhabitants of three towns in Afghanistan have demonstrated against the alleged bombing of Moghalgai by Pakkistani planes on June 12 and demanded retaliatory action, the Afghan news agency "Bakhtar" reported today.

Demonstrators in Gardez, the industrial town of Baghlan and Charikan presented petitions to the provincial Governors for transmission to King Mohammed Zahir Shah, the report added.

PAKISTAN REFUGEE HUTS BURNT

Indian Army Render. Assistance

JAMMU, June 20, (PTI): Refugees from Pakistan, whose huts in two villages in the Chhamb area were burnt to the ground last month, received prompt assistance from the Indian army.

The make-shift huts, built with such combustible material as straw, caught fire and over 300 men, women and children were rendered destitute.

Indian army troops in the vicinity rushed to the area and helped fight the fire. They provided the refugees with cooked meals from their own rations for two days until the grain and cloth sent by the civil authorities arrived. Indian army officers made a collection of Rs. 100 for the refugees. The local Commander visited the scene and watched them build their new homes.

Peaceful Uncle Sam's Cannon Fodder

WASHINGTON, June 20 (U. P. I.): The U. S. military establishment estimates that the personal strength of the U. S. armed forces as of May 31 was 1,619,600.

The Air Force, for the second consecutive month, was the only service showing an increase, with a rise from 418,500 in April to 419,800 in May.

[illegible] other services were: Army, 664,900 a decrease of 10,900 from April; Navy, 44,000, a decrease of 1,700 from April and Marine Corps 87,900 a decrease of 400 from April.

EXCLUDED ITEMS UNDER OPEN LICENCE XV

Clearance Allowed Against Letter Of Guarantee

NEW DELHI, June 20, (PTI): Items previously included in Open General Licence Eleven but now excluded from Open General Licence Fifteen and shipped between June 1 and July 15 in pursuance of firm contracts would be allowed clearance on importation against a Letter of Guarantee on customs authorities being satisfied as to the applicability of Open General Licence Eleven concessions.

Announcing this, a Press Note issued by the Ministry of Commerce today said: The Government of India have announced in their public notices of June 1, and 7, 1949 their policies regarding the steps to be taken towards honouring firm commitments made on or before May 4, 1949 for certain items which were previously included in Open General Licence Eleven but have been excluded from Open General Licence Fifteen. The last date for receipt of applications by the licensing authorities has been fixed as June 30, 1949.

"As it will take a little time before all such applications can be before with and where admissible, special licences granted, it has been decided that shipments effected between June 1 and July 15, 1949 in pursuance of firm contracts covered by irrevocable Letters of Credit already entered into on or before May 4 1949 and and which are in force during this period of shipment, should be allowed clearance on importation against a Letter of Guarantee on customs authorities being satisfied as to the applicability of Open General Licence Eleven concessions.

"For this purpose importers should produce before the customs authorities copy of the application made for open Licence Eleven licences along with a certified copy from the exchange bank concerned showing the number, the outstanding amount and the validity period of the confirmed irrevocable Letter of Credit against which goods have been imported.

"Importers are warned that they should not import goods which are not strictly in conformity with the prescribed regulations. In the absence of satisfactory evidence importations will be treated as unauthorised".

MINISTER ON MOUNTAIN

The Indian Minister of Transports, Mr. Y. N. Sukthankar on a rocky path of the famous Pilatus-Mountain (7,200 feet) near Lucerne (Switzerland), accompanied by the managing director of the Pilatus-Mountain-Railway, to which our illustrious guest paid a visit on May 4, 1949.

Mr. Zimmermann, director of this Railway, is also chairman of the "Kofler-Automatic Train Stop Ltd." in Zurich (Switzerland), whose aim it is to introduce the "Kofler-Automatic Train Stop System" on an international basis.

The Indian press related to this "Kofler System" on several occasions already and it is heard now that arrangements are made for a trial of the "Kofler-Automatic Train Stop System" in India in the near future.

To serve this purpose preparations are made by Indian industrialists in view of the foundation of a national manufacturing and management-company.

PRESIDENT SIGNS ECA BILL

President Harry S. Truman, at his desk in the White House, signs into law on April 19, the bill empowering the U. S. Economic Co-operation Administration, which administers the European Recovery Programme to continue financial aid to Europe for the next fifteen months. Ranged around the President are (left to right) Howard Bruce, Deputy Administrator for E.C.A.; Representative John Kee of West Virginia, Chairman of the House Foreign Affairs Committee; William C. Foster, Deputy U. S. Special Representative in Europe for E.C.A.; W. Averell Harriman U. S. Special Representative in Europe for E.C.A.; Paul G. Hoffman, E.C.A. Administrator; Senator Tom Connally of Texas, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee; and Dean Acheson, U. S. Secretary of State.—U.S.I.S. Photo.

BIG FOUR AGREE ON RUNNING GERMANY

Month-Old Talks End

PARIS, June 20 (UPA).

THE Big Four Council of Foreign Ministers ended their four-week conference here today after approving an agreement for running two Germanies and agreeing on all major territorial, reparations and economic disputes over Austria.

The conference ended exactly four weeks from the day it started. There were 25 meetings, nine of them secret.

Although the agreements are limited and the one on Germany is merely a live and let live understanding, the conference accomplished far more than had been expected.

The details of the agreements will be issued in a four-power communique at 19-00 GMT (12-30 a.m. Tuesday (IST).

AGREEMENT

The Ministers tonight announced a working agreement for running a split Germany, agreed to complete the Austrian peace treaty by September 1 and proposed preliminary discussions this autumn in anticipation of another Ministers' meeting on Germany.

The four-power agreement, first since December, 1946, also gave the Western powers a Russian promise to allow them access to Berlin and to refrain from reimposing the Berlin blockade.

The four weeks of the council of Foreign Ministers meeting ended on a most optimistic note in the Big Four relations for the last three years.

But the final session, expected to be largely a perfunctory farewell party, was delayed in adjournment by another Russian demand that the Council set the time for discussing a Japanese peace treaty. He raised that question at the First Council meeting a month ago.

He got the same answer today from Secretary of State Dean Acheson—the Council of Foreign Ministers was not the proper body to consider the Japanese treaty. But the discussion on it lasted an hour. Otherwise the Conference ended as has been expected for several days.

Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky told the United Press of America that "at least something has been achieved, not as much as we had hoped for but something."

The Ministers announced the agreement hammered out in secret sessions in the form of a communique in two parts—one on the modus vivendi for Germany and the other on Austria.

HIGHLIGHTS

The highlights of the German agreement were:

(1) Frank admission of inability to agree now on the political or economic unity of Germany.

(2) Agreement that representatives of the Big Four will consult during the next United Nations meeting for setting a date for the next Council meeting on Germany.

(3) Orders to occupation officials in Berlin to consult with a view to "mitigating" the effects of the present division of Germany.

(4) Plans for occupation officials to call on German experts and appropriate German organizations to help build up an exchange of trade.

(5) Assurances tat the New York Agreement which lifted the blockade will be maintained and that Berlin occupation officials will make efforts to "normalize" the life of the city so far as possible.

Burmese Bomb Rebels

RANGOON, June 20, (PTI-Reuter): Burmese Government bombers today scored direct hits on a Mon rebel stronghold in the Amherst district of the south coast of Burma, Burma Army Radio announced tonight.

Government troops killed fifteen rebels in a three-hour battle in the same area, the radio added

Wider Powers To Tax Investigation Commission

NEW DELHI, June 20, (P. T. I.): The Income Tax Investigation Commission's jurisdiction has recently been enlarged to a consideable extent and its powers increased by the Government of India to enable it to function more effectively.

To empower the Commission to call for information from any individual or banking or other company residing or carrying on business in any of the merged States, the Government of India recently promulgated an order called the Merged States (Income Tax Investigation Commission) Supplementary Powers Order, 1949.

Indian Appointed At Boston University

WASHINGTON, (By Air Mail): Dr. Uttam Chand from India has been appointed Assistant Professor in Mathematical Statistics at Boston University for the academic year 1949-50. He came to the United States in 1946 and completed course for the doctorate degree in the University of North Carolina this ye

"Cease-Fire First"

DUTCH INSISTENCE IN INDONESIA

BATAVIA, June 20, (U. P. A.).: Dr. J. H. Van Maarsevein, Netherlands Minister for Overseas Territories, insisted today that a cease—fire agreement must be reached before the Indonesian Republican Government could be restored to Jogjakarta. Speaking to the Press upon his arrival here from The Hague, Van Maarsevein dodged the question whether a Round Table Conference at The Hague would help if no cease—fire was reached. He said, "First there must be agreement upon a cease fire before the Republicans return to Jogjakarta."

The Republicans contend they cannot reach any concrete agreement with the Dutch until their Government has been restored.

IMPROVING LOT OF COLLIERY WORKERS

Proposed Amendment To Mines Act

NEW DELHI, June 20, (P. T. I.): The working conditions of Indian colliery workers, will considerably improve as a result of amendments which the Government of India propose to bring to the Indian Mines Act, it is learnt here.

The amendments are understood to relate to overtime, reduction of hours of work, provision of sanitary conveniences and increase of age limit for workers. They are based in general on the lines of the Factories Act of 1948 and are understood to have been approved by the Tripartite Industrial Committee on Coalmining.

One of the far reaching changes proposed to be made in the Act is prohibition of women from employment on the surface of mines between 7 and 6 The employment of women underground in coalmines is already prohibited under the Coal-Mines regulations.

KASHMIR YUVARAJ IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, June 20, (PTI): Yuvaraj Karan Singh of Kashmir arrived here today by a special plane to act in the place of his father, Maharaja Hari Singh, who has decided to be away from the State for reasons of health.

The Yuvaraj, it is learnt, has brought with him a letter of authority entitling him to assume the powers of his father.

On arrival the Yuvaraj was received by Sheikh Mohammed Abdull lah and members of his Cabinet.

UNCIP Studies India's Clarifications

SRINAGAR, June 20, (PTI): A full meeting of the Kashmir Commission, this morning, discuussed the Government of India's latest letter clarifying its earlier reply to the Commission's proposals.

The two-page letter was handed over to Dr. A. Lozano, who, on behalf of the Commission, asked the Government of India a series of questions eliciting certain clarification.

FORMOSA OFFERED TO U. S.

NEW YORK, June 19. (P.T.I.-Reuter): Drew Pearson, American Columnist and Radio Commentator said in a broadcast tinight that the Chinese Ambassador in Washington had offered the United States the island of Formosa as a permanent naval base.

The offer was conditional on payment to China of 1500,000,000 Dollars, the Commentator said.

THIRTIETH MOON OF SOLAR SYSTEM DISCOVERED

DISCOVERY of the solar system's thirtieth moon was confirmed today by a University of Chicago astronomer, Dr. Kuiper. Dr. Kuiper, who spotted it beside the planet Neptune, says the newly identified satellite is "pretty faint". .

In fact, when he first noted its impression on a photographic plate on May 1, Dr. Kuiper said he wasn't too sure it was there. More plates exposed on May 29 through the 82 inch reflecting telescope at McDonald Observatory in Texas confirmed the body's existance.

Dr. Kuiper said the new moon is 250,000 times fainter than the faintest star. It is about 200 miles in diameter, much smaller than Neptun's other moon, Triton, which was first seen in 1846. The tiny satellite completes its orbit in about two years, compared with our moon's one-month cycle.

No name has been chosen for moon No. G. 30.

Dr. Kuiper last year discovered Moon No. 29. The fifth in Uranus retinue, named as Miranda.

Mother To Die For Murder Of Children

RAJKOT, June 20, (PTI): The Saurashtra High Court upheld today a decision of a Lower Court sentencing to death a woman for murdering three children.

The Lower Court found her guilty of killing the children and dumping their bodies in a well after removing their ornaments.

OUR TABULATED

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax @ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Dyeing Master for a big Textile Unit, having complete dyeing, bleaching and finishing plants for both cloth and yarn. Please Apply with credentials to Box No. 4851 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted:—An Inspector in the Pay-scale of Rs. 650-50-650 (plus at present a Cost of Living allowance Rs. 85/- p.m.) to be posted, in the first instance, at Jaipur (Rajasthan) but liable to service anywhere in India. No provision for Provident Fund exists, but gratuity is paid at one month's salary for every year of service rendered, provided a minimum of three years' approved service is completed. Person selected shall be on probation for six months and subject to all other Staff Regulations which may be in force from time to time. Applicants should be Graduates of conspicuous ability and should have had managerial experience of at least five years in a Scheduled Bank. Applications supported by attested copies of testimonials, etc. should reach the Chief Administrator, Rehabilitation Finance Administration, Theatre Communication Building, Connaught Place, New Delhi, latest by the 5th July, 1949. (4852)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for News Session commenced 11th June for Specialised Professional Diploma Courses for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for enrolment and Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road. (838)

Homoeopathy—Best Correspond-ence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara Travancore.

Homoeopathy taught by postal les-sons. M.D.H. Diploma awarded afterwards. Apply Standard Homoeopathic Medical College, Post Box No. 75A, Delhi. 4834

BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

"Streamline" Scoop: 'Meet Madhu-bala' The New Screen-Discovery. 'Marx and Gandhi', Prizes for Reader's letters and Questions. Publishers: Streamline Agency, 195 Hornby Road. (Join Streamline Library and Read World's Finest Magazines). 847

RADIO & GRAMOPHONE

The Garrard R.C. 65 Mixed A.C. Record Changer is now available from your local radio dealer at Rs. 250/- Trade enquiries solicited—Morgan Milton Limited, 43, Park Mansions, Calcutta. 4772

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE COURT OF ADD. JT. CIVIL JUDGE AT POONA
CIVIL SUIT NO. 248 OF 1947
Exh No. 19

Owners and proprietors of Mrs. Chatrabhan Okaji and Co., (1) Bhikchand Chatrabhan (2) Chanmal Bhikamchand, (3) Dhanraj Bhikchand, Oswal, residing at 120, Solapur Bazar, Poona Camp.
....Plaintiff

against

K. K. A. Nambiar, Madrasi, age about 35 occupation service Supt. Civil Supply Finance Department, Textile Commissioner's Office, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay.
.... Defendant

To Defendant

WHEREAS Plaintiff has instituted a suit against you to recover Rs. 1,810 on a Pronote dated 28/1/42 of Rs. 1,200/- and interest at the rate of Rs. 15 p.c. and cost of the suit and future interest. You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person, or by a pleader instructed, and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions, on the 28th day of June, 1949, at 11 o'clock in the noon to answer the claim; and you are directed to produce on that day all the documents upon which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Also take notice that in default of your filing an address for service on or before the date mentioned you are liable to have your defence struck out.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this 17th day of June, 1948.

G. R. DESHPANDE
C.O.C.
(4847)

PUBLIC NOTICES

FOREST RANGERS' COURSE 1949-51
AT THE FORESTRY COLLEGE, DHARWAR

SELECTION of 4 candidates for the above course will be made by the Chief Conservator of Forests, Province of Bombay, Poona in July 1949. Intending candidates should apply through the nearest Divisional Forest Officer or the Principal, Forestry College, Dharwar before 30th June 1949 in the form prescribed in this office notification published in the Bombay Government Gazette, Part I dated 23rd June 1949, which gives all the particulars about the course. Preference will be given to graduates in Science or Agriculture.
Poona, 16th June 1949.
(4830)

G.I.P. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Lonavla, invites tenders upto 15-00 hrs. on 4th July '49, for supplying and stacking on Railway ground at the Depot at Tunnel No. 1, between Electric structures 75/28 and 31, North East, near Kasara Station stone ballast and stone chips to Railway Specification. Railway's Stone Crusher will be provided with staff and stores. The form of tender schedule and conditions of contract can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2 - each. This money will not be refunded.
4842

WANTED

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of an Overseer, Public Works Department in the scale of Rs. 80-5-130-E.B.-10-170 plus Rs. 5/- P.M. as cycle allowance and dearness allowance sanctioned by the Municipality from time to time. The candidate should be a Diploma Holder in Civil Engineering with knowledge of Gujarati and cycling. The post is permanent and pensionable.

Applications stating full particulars regarding age, caste qualifications, previous experience etc. along with the testimonials should reach the U/S on or before 4th July, 1949.

T. R. DESAI,
Chief Officer
Surat Borough Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Surat, 16-6-1949.
4841

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for a post of Professor of Philosophy in the Rajaram College, Kolhapur in the scale of Rs. 200-10-400. Minimum qualifications — M.A. I class or B.A. & M.A. II class with five years experience. The appointment will be made on a temporary basis for one year only in the first instance but is likely to be absorbed in the Bombay Educational Service Class II. The post will then be filled according to the usual procedure of the Education Department of the Government of Bombay.

Applications with full details should reach the undersigned on or before 24th June 1949.

G. B. DESHMUKH
for Chief Administrator.
Kolhapur.
(4849)

PUBLIC NOTICES

LABOUR WELFARE DEPARTMENT GOVT. OF BOMBAY

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts of male Inspectors and female Inspectors of Labour Welfare in Bombay:— Pay Rs. 46-3-76 plus House rent, Compensatory and Dearness allowances admissible under the rules.

AGE:— Between 18 and 25; relaxable in the case of candidates possessing exceptional qualifications or experience.

QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE:

MALE INSPECTORS:

Passed vernacular Final examination. Knowledge of Marathi essential. Proficiency in organising wrestling bouts and/or indoor and outdoor games, physical culture, scouting, Literacy classes, circulating libraries and charkha. Must have aptitude for social work and must be prepared to mix freely with workers, visit their chawls, ascertain their grievances and be of use to them. Matriculates or Secondary School Certificate holders preferred.

FEMALE INSPECTORS.

Passed vernacular Final examination. Candidates must possess diploma in sewing. Knowledge of indoor and outdoor games, girl guides, spinning on charkha, library and other welfare work. Must be prepared to mix with women workers, visit their chawls and attend to their needs. Knowledge of Marathi essential.

Applications should reach the Labour Welfare Officer, Delisle Road, Bombay on or before 28th June 1949.
(4850)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for a temporary post of Assistant Lecturer in Philosophy on Rs. 150-5-200 at the Rajaram College, Kolhapur. This scale of pay is likely to be upgraded shortly.

2/- Candidates should hold at least a Second Class M.A. Degree in Philosophy of a Statutory Indian University and be less than 25 years of age. The age requirement may be relaxed in deserving cases.

3/- Persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and non-Muslim displaced persons from Pakistan are eligible to apply.

4/- Applications stating qualifications, date of birth, domicile, previous experience, if any, etc., should reach the office of the Director of Public Instruction, Poona, by 30th June, at the latest.

D. C. PAVATE.
Director of Public Instruction.
Poona, 16th June, 1949.
(4848)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of 5 Bales Red Chhint, printed on No. 2027 Japanese Grey Sheeting, designs Pandadi and other mixed 32"/33" total 6100 yds. approx. on Wednesday 22nd inst. at 3 p.m. at Champa Gully, M. J. Market, near Firebrigade, under instructions from M/s R. Pravinchandra & Co., and on a/c and at risk of M/s. Vishwanath Biharilal, defaulting purchasers.

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit.
GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE of properties at Janjiker Street and Doctor Street, advertised to take place (to-day) 21st and 28th inst., respectively has been POSTPONED "sine die".

BENNETT & CO.

U. K. AGENCIES 2/16 Western India House, Sir, P. M. Rd., Fort, Bombay.

CASTOROL
Lovely lustrous hair
A woman's hair is her 'Crown of Beauty'. Castor Oil is reputed to be the ideal hair-grower. CASTOROL is a scientific preparation of cold-drawn refined Castor Oil with vitamin 'F'. It promotes luxuriant growth of hair, and is sweetly scented.
CASTOROL
Sweetly Scented hair oil
WITH VITAMIN 'F'
A CALCUTTA CHEMICAL product
BOMBAY OFFICE: Princess Street.

HEALTH CONDITIONS IN PROVINCE

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Dharwar district reported three cases and three deaths due to Plague during the week ending June 11; the rest of the Province was free, says the weekly health condition report of the Province of Bombay.

The total number of anti-plague inoculations performed in the Province during the week was 145 which brings the progressive total from January 1 to 207,920.

CHOLERA: Cholera figures were 44 cases and 24 deaths against 31-17 reported in the previous week and 93-39 revised. Figures by districts were: Nasik 22-10 against 8-8 reported and 56-26 revised, Thana 12-8 against 2-2 reported and 6-3 revised, Ahmednagar 7-6 against 9-4 reported and 18-7 revised, Belgaum 2-0 against 3-0 and Bombay City 1-0 against nil.

Fifteen vilage reported cholera cases in Nasik District. The district health staff consisting of two Epidemic Medical Officers, three Sanitary Inspectors and nine Inoculators is carrying out anti-cholera measures which included 4958 inoculations against cholera and disinfection of 221 wells during the week.

In Thana district, two villages from Mokhada taluka were affected by cholera. Two Epidemic Medical Officers and four Sanitary Inspectors are adopting anti-cholera measures in the area. 1369 anti-cholera inoculations have been performed and 138 wells were disinfected.

In Ahmednagar district, Kopargaon, Shrirampur, Rahuri and Karjat talukas had cholera infection. The district health staff performed 2390 anti-cholera inoculations and disinfected 387 wells in the district during the week. Measures in other affected district are also in progress.

The total number of anti-cholera inoculations performed in the Province was 11,993 which brings the progressive total from January to 125,808.

SMALLPOX: Smallpox figures were 127 cases and 38 deaths against 123-36 reported in the previous week and 243-64 revised. Figures by districts were: Bombay City 15-10, Ahmednagar 24-4, Kolaba 17-6; Thana 17-1, Ratnagiri 13-4, Satara 11-1, Poona 10-3, Nasik 7-0, Bijapur 5-3, Dharwar 3-1, Sholapur 2-0, Panchmahals 1-2, Ahmedabad and Broach 1-1 each and Surat death one.

The total figures of primary and revaccinations performed in the Province were 11,636 and 25,585 which bring the progressive total from January 1 336,020 and 760,030 respectively.

The Vaccine Institute, Belgaum, supplied 42,635 doses of lmyph to the different parts of the Province.

The number of samples analysed at the Public Health Laboratory, Poona, was 441 of which 123 were for bacteriological and 318 for chemical examination. The number of food samples analysed was 123 of which 64 were found to be non-genuine.

FOOD ADULTERATION ACT: One hundred and five cases were filed under the Food Adulteration Act. Of the 56 cases in which convictions were obtained, 50 were of milk, three of tea and one each of ghee, butter and coconut oil and a fine of Rs. 3,450 was recovered.

CEREBRO SPINAL FEVER: Bombay city reported one case due to Cerebro Spinal Fever.

Mahakosal Newsletter

BEARD BEHIND BURQA: OUTLAW CAUGHT

(From Our Correspondent).
JUBBULPORE, (By Air Mail).

RAMZANI, an alleged notorious outlaw of Jubbulpore, who had been released from jail after an incarceration of 20 years, has again been arrested under very dramatic circumstances and lodged behind the prison bars.

Soon after his release, Ramzani, it is alleged, committed a theft at village Katangi, and was granted bail by the court pending the decision of the case against him. Taking advantage of this short-lived freedom, Ramzani, it is alleged, committed another offence of house-breaking and theft in a Sindhi refugee's house in Jubbulpore on Thursday last. He was accompanied by his son.

After committing the theft, he is said to have engaged a cycle-rickshaw and was about to leave the place with the booty. He had covered himself with a 'buqa' to conceal his identity He had hardly moved a few feet when his flowing grey beard fell out and betrayed him. He was ultimately arrested and remanded to the jail custody. Ramzani will also be tried under the Goondas Act for violating the externment order.

The Sohagpur police have succeeded in tracing out and apprehending the suspects, who, it is alleged, were responsible for committing a dacoity in the house of a village malguzar of Tendukheda and removing property worth Rs. 35,000 from the place. The police are reported to have recovered a considerable portion of the booty from the possession of the suspects.

GOLDSMITH CHEATED

A goldsmith of Narsinghpur was made to part with a sum of Rs. 600 by some women who had come to his shop to sell a necklace. The goldsmith took the necklace in good faith, but when he tested it later, he discovered that it was spurious.

An under-trial prisoner, who was being escorted by the police to the jail, attempted to escape from the custody by freeing one of his hands from the handcuffs. Before he could release another hand, he was detected by passersby and they informed the escort.

The excise authorities have seized 530 tolas of contraband opium from the possession of four alleged opium smugglers at Khandwa.

While carrying some country-made bombs with him to kill wild boars, a cultivator was killed when one of the bombs accidentally exploded. The incident took place on Thursday last at Sagoni, a railway station on the Katni-Damoh section of the G.I.P. Rly.

A malguzar of a village in the Patan Tahsil, district Jubbulpore, committed suicide by shooting himself with a gun. The deceased had been ailing for a pretty long time and was tired of life.

A visitor to the Marble Rocks, near Jubbulpore, was done to death by some unknown persons when the former had been lying fast asleep in the rest house.

A 50-year-old man has married a nine-year-old girl at Garha, a ward of Jubbulpore, in spite of the public protest against this unequal match.

AUROBINDO'S MISSION

An interesting address, throwing light on the life, mission and teachings of Yogiraj Sri Aurobindo, was delivered here at the Rotary Club Jubbulpore, by Dr. V. R. Sen, a renowned philosopher and thinker of Mahakosal.

Dr. Sen said that Sri Aurobindo is the spiritual phenomenon of India receiving tributes both from East and West alike. Struck by his spiritual illumination, Tagore, when he visited Pondicherry in 1928, sang in silence, "Aurobindo, accept salutation from Rabindra". Sir S. Radhakrishnan considers him as a "most accomplished philosopher". Romain Rolland described him as the "completest synthesis of the genius of Asia and of the genius of Europe."

The fundamental idea, Dr. Sen stated, behind Sri Aurobindo's thoughts is harmony, which can be possible only by 'supramental vision' worked out in plain language—the harmony must express itself in social and world consciousness. The age that is dawning is more alluring and inviting than the glories of the setting sun. He gives us hope and stimulus to work for the coming change by mutual good-will, co-operation for developing enlarged consciousness.

No Support To Advertisement Tax

MADRAS, June 20 (PTI): The Executive of the Madras Legislature Congress Party this evening considered the draft bill of the Government to levy a ten per cent tax on all forms of advertisements, including newspaper advertisements, in the province.

Thirteen members out of total of 22 attended the party meeting.

It is understood several members strongly opposed the levy.

In view of the opposition to the measure, the Executive decided to refer the bill to the general body of the Party for its consideration before introduction in the Assembly.

The general body will meet on June 22 to consider the bill.

STATUS OF NAWAB OF BHOPAL

Demand For Detailed Clarifications

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, (By Mail): The question of non-publication of the covenant signed between the Government of India and the Nawab of Bhopal has brought adverse criticism from Congress circles in Bhopal and the Congressmen there demand that the covenant should be published at an early date.

The queston was also addressed to the Chef Commissioner at a news conference here. He expressed his inability to do so and said it is the sole concern of the Government of India.

The Chief Commissioner Mr. N. B. Bannerjee replying to another query said that the Nawab will not have any hand in the administration of the state and his status will be like that of an ordinary citizen. Mr. Bannerjee also contemplated some changes in the budget estimates as fixed before June 1 wwhich will be shortly published. He also expected the lifting of customs tax within an year. The Chief Commissioner expained that the period of land settlement has ended and a fresh settlement will decide whether to increase the land ravenue or not.

The Chief Commissioner has cancelled the previous Government's orders demanding securities from the Gandhi Press and Lalwani Press, and newspapers like 'Kamgar,' 'Congress' and 'Path Pradarshak.' The ban against the publication of Urdu 'Nai Rah' has also been lifted. He has aso wound up the Foreign Department of the Governmnet of Bhopal. Offices of the Public Service Commission and the State Legislative Council have also been closed.

A few Congressmen including Mr. Maksud Irfan and Mr. Asgar Ashfaq are still in Bhopal Jail.

Our Ahmedabad Newsletter:

HEATED CONTROVERSY OVER LANGUAGE OF THE DANG

AHMEDABAD (By Mail).

THE whole of Gujerat from Dwarka to Dahod and from Mount Abu to Bombay is seething with indignation at the recent announcement regarding the language of Dang. People are asking for the appointment of Commission of impartian persons and experts to decide once for all this question before it is too late.

What is this area of Dang which has evoked so much controversy? Dang has an area of 52 miles long and 28 miles wide in which rivers Ambica, Purna, Kapri and Gira flow towards Gujerat. According to the 1941 census its population consists of 43,498 aboriginals, out of which 14,134 are Bhils, 9,932 are Kanabis and 5,706 are Warlis.

The Gujerat Research Institution has prepared a memoradum and Sir Harisidhbhai Divetia now Chief Justice of Saurashtra has submitted it to the Linguistic Commission: and in this memorandum, it was stated, quoting the opinion of Sir George Greerson in his linguistic survey of India that the language spoken in this area is Kandeshi which is not part of the Marathi language. There may be certain Marathi words but its grammar and constitution are similar to that of Gujerati and Rajasthani. Konkani language is not same in all districts but the basis of even Konkani is Gujerati. Warlis of Dang speak different language from that of Thana. Dr. Greerson has definitely stated in his report that Warlis of Dang speak Bhil language based on Gujerathi.

The memorandum further states that Bhili, being sub-language of Gujarati, to try to detract the Bhil population from its natural cultural heritage is a breach of trust when Marathi speaking people are propagating and instigating the division on linguistic basis. Serious danger exists in deciding permanently the question of the new language. This decision is fundamentally undemocratic as it deprives the righ of this area to decide whether they should join with Gujrat or Maharashtra.

RECOMMENDATIONS

It was therefore recommended in the memorandum that (1) a Boundary Commission should decide whether the language of the Dang area is Marathi or Gujerati, (2) it should further be made clear that when reorganisation of provinces on linguistic basis takes place, the decision of Bombay Government should not be construed as obstruction or impediment, (3) until decision of the Boundary Commission is obtained, no official announcement shall be made about the official language of the Dang or any other controversial area. (4) In continuing the present schools of both language and court language in new schools that may be opened that language should be adopted which is easily understood. (5) In even primary schools there should be a joint school in which education is given in Gujarati or Marathi according to the preference of people.

Prof. Vishnukumar Trivedi of Surat declares in a statement that it seems the Bombay Government was not in a position to independently decide this question after impartial investigation and hence this decision is more of Maharashtrian than that of the Bombay Government.

INCIDENTS

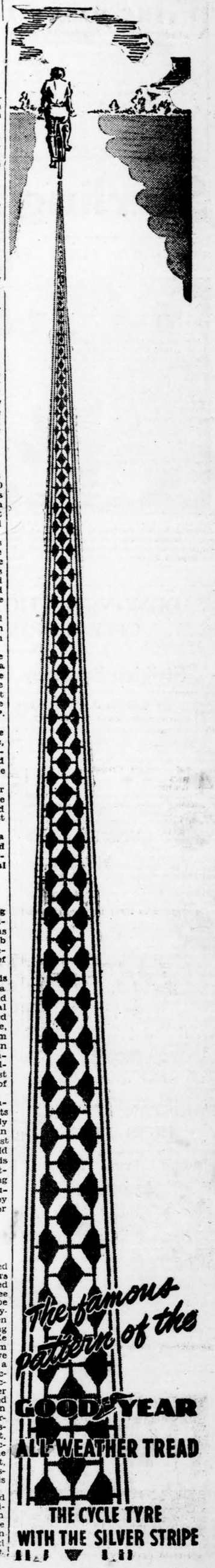
In Talukdari villages incidents are yet occurring of harassment of farmers by talukdars. They are being deprived of their lands and they are forced to work without any remuneration. All these complaints were submitted before Revenue Minister. Mr. Morarji Desai during his recent visit is reported to have given instructions to officers concerned to take strong measures against those who harass farmers. He also indicated that management will be imposed on such Talukdari villages. He advised farmers not to give up possession of land without due order of court and Mamlatdars. Congress workers should also be alert and give protection to ignorant farmers.

A scheme is under preparation to grow jute in Kaira district. It is stated that the climate and soil of Kaira is such in which experiment of growing jute on large scale can be taken on hand. For this purpose co-operative societies have already been formed with persons interested in this enterprise. It is likely the Government may acquire one thousand acres of land for the purpose. Preliminary experiments made in Surat in this connection have been hopeful and if these experiments succeed it is likely that low-lying lands not useful for food crop may be used for growing jute.

POGUS EMPLOYERS

Cases have recently being reported to the Police in which strangers arriving in Bombay are approached on Railway Platforms by two or three unknown persons who claim to be able to get the stranger quick employment. On this pretext he is taken out to an unknown building along with his bag and baggage and while one of the two culprits takes him out to interview his "Prospective employer" the other remains as a "Voluntary Custodian" of the victim's property. Meanwhile, the victims is taken to the premises Service Firms or Banks etc., and asked to wait outside while his companion goes inside to "make preliminary arrangements" and makes good his escape via some convenient exhit. After a long and futile wait, the victim returns, disappointed to the place where his belongings were left, only to discover that they have disappeared, along with all traces of his erstwhile companions.

New comers to Bombay are warned about the activities of these individuals and any unsolicited approach to by persons offering to provide employment should be viewed on with caution and suspicious persons should be handed over to the Police. —(Police News).



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on 21 April, 2017

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Jeth Vad 10, 2005.
Muslim: Shaban 23, 1368.
Parsi: Deh 22, 1318.
Sunrise: 6-2 a.m. Sunset 7-19 p.m.
Hightide: 08-36, 19-42 Lowtide 01-58, 14-04.

Today's Engagements

ROTARY CLUB OF BOMBAY. Weekly meeting at the Greens Hotel 1-45 p.m. today Professor Walter Langhammer will speak on "Design for Living the Current Exhibition sponsored by the International Service Committee".

MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE. Meeting at 3-40 p.m today.

INDIAN CONFERENCE OF SOCIAL WORK will hold a farewell party in honour of Dr. J. F Bulsara, who has been appointed Social Affairs Officer to the U N Secretariat, today at the Wodehouse Road Y.M.C.A., at 6-15 p.m.

AN EMERGENCY MEETING of the Governing Council of the Marhatta Mandir, Bombay, will be held today at 6-30 p.m. in the Mandir Office at 3-0, Thakurdwar

GENERAL BODY MEETING of the workers of Bombay Garage Ltd., will be held at the Union office at Vithal Sadan, Congress House, today at 6 p.m.

GATHA SOCIETY MEETING today at 6 p.m at the Cama Hall, Apollo Street Dastur Framroze A Bode will speak on Gatha Ushtavaiti Yasna.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Up-country Newspapers Representatives Association held in the Strand Hotel on June 17 elected the following office-bearers Mr S J Uttam Singh President Mr P Thumala Rao Secretary and a Committee of three Members

THE APPROXIMATE EARNINGS of the G I P Railway for the month and to end of the month of May 1949 amounted to Rs 3,55,93,000 and Rs 7,10,53,000 against the actuals of Rs 2,93,18,000 and Rs 5,88,67,000 respectively in the corresponding month of the last year

INDORE, June 20. (PTI — A six-man delegation of the Madhybharat Government led by Mr Mr G K Vijayawargiya, Premier left for Delhi by air this morning to meet the Fiscal Commission there and place their views it on the Union's finances

4TH BIG WEEK! IT'S UNIQUE!
New Theatres Newest Hit!
CHHOTA BHAI
MINERVA
2-30, 6-30 9-30
Sun. Holi. 12-30
Adv. Bkgs. 10 to 12

R. I. N. OFFICER ARRESTED

Two-Mile Race Between Police Lorry And R. I. N. Truck

BOMBAY, Monday

The officer in charge of the R.I.N. store house at Mankhurd, an engineer and commission-agent and a third whose occupation is not clear have been taken into custody by the Bombay city police in connection with a theft of spare parts of American stores.

The R.I.N. store houseman was taken into custody on Saturday after a spectacular chase of a navy truck bound for Bombay. An exciting two-mile race between a police lorry and a R.I.N. truck was witnessed on the Mankhurd-Bombay Road before the truck was halted and the first of the series of arrests was affected.

It is stated that the navy authorities had recently discovered that a lot of American spare parts were missing from the R.I.N. storehouse at Mankhurd. For long days the police posted a party which, hidden at a convenient spot kept vigil near the storehouse About 11 a.m. on Saturday, it is stated, a navy truck furtively emerged from the R.I.N Camp and sped towards the city.

The police party jumped into their own vehicle and gave the truck hot chase. It was halted two miles down the road, and it is alleged that riding in the truck was William P. Wilson, storehouse-man in charge of the spare parts distribution Centre. Wilson carried a leather bag which, when searched by the police, is alleged to have yielded American spare parts, Bosch Injectors which were later found to be of the type which had been missing from the storehouse. The police then searched the house where Wilson lived, and is stated to have recovered more spart parts.

Wilson's interrogation led the police to the house of N. S. Thete at Santa Cruz, and information given by Thete ended in the arrest of Harold D Penford.

Although the stores from Mankhurd are estimated at over 4,000, property so far recovered is only evaluated at Rs 650

While further investigations are in progress, Rao Saheb C. B. Velkar, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade, today ordered Wilson into custody, but allowed bail to Thete and Penford

BANK ACCOUNTANT ARRESTED

Alleged Forgery

BOMBAY, Monday.

Kashinath Sadashiv Raje, a former accountant of C.K.P. Co-operative Bank at Dadar, was arrested this morning on charge of committing forgery and cheating the Bank to the extent of Rs. 1,575.

He is alleged to have forged loan applications on behalf of members of the Bank and on the strength of these loan applications, he is further alleged to have received from the Bank Rs. 1,575. Those members on whose behalf he is alleged to have forged loan applications are stated to have denied the knowledge of having made any such loan applications to the Bank.

The accused was produced before Rao Saheb C. B Velkar, Presidency Magistrate at Esplanade Court today, who released him on bail.

CONSTABLE ON THEFT CHARGE

BOMBAY, Monday

A constable with 14 years service in the Excise Department and a passenger who arrived in the city by the Meerut Express this morning, have been taken into police custody and a total of 41 and half pounds of opium seized from them by the city police.

As Vikaraili Isuflali stepped out of his train this morning at the Bombay Central a surprise was in store for him. Inspector Hakim of the railway preventive police greeted him and started inspecting his luggage. Vikaraili who is alleged to have carried with him 21½ lbs of opium valued at Rs. 2,600 was taken into custody and later in the day was enlarged on bail by Mr Nimaze, Presidency Magistrate Esplanade.

But when Joseph Lazarus was put up before Mr. Velkar another Magistrate in the same court, he was remanded into custody. This was because he was an Excise constable with 17 years service and he is charged with theft. It was alleged that he had stolen 20 lbs. of opium from the office of the Excise Inspector at Old Customs House. He was arrested by the Palton Road police yesterday.

'SECURE BIRLA HOUSE FOR NATION'

Delhi Conference Demand

NEW DELHI, June 19 (PTI): The Delhi Provincial Political Conference by a resolution today urged the Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya and the Chairman of the Gandhi National Memorial Fund, Dr. Rajendra Prasad to take immediate steps to "secure the transfer of the Birla House in New Delhi, where the Father of the Nation was crucified, to the Nation with a view to converting it into a place of pilgrimage. The resolution added at this place the people of this country and the world might have "free access to pay their homage to the liberator and benefactor of humanity".

The Conference by another resolution demanded the establishment of a democratic Government in Delhi on the lines recommended by the 'Ad Hoc' Committee of the Constituent Assembly.

The 'Ad Hoc' Committee had suggested constitutional changes in the centrally administered areas. For Delhi, the Committee had suggested a status of self-governing unit with a Lieutenant Governor who would be assisted by a Council of Ministers, subject to certain limitations deemed to be necessary in view of the special position of the Delhi Province. The recommendations of the Committee were, however, not accepted by the Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly.

By another resolution the Conference demanded the immediate establishment of a Municipal Corporation in Delhi in accordance with the recommendations of the Municipal Reorganising Enquiry Committee.

TRIVANDRUM, June 20 (PTI): Mr. T. K. Narayana Pillai, Premier of Travancore will be the leader of the combined Cochin-Travancore Congress Parliamentary Party, according to indications in Trivandrum.

CONSTRUCTION OF BANDHARAS

Bombay Scheme To Help Agriculturists

BOMBAY, Monday.

In furtherance of the "Grow More Food" Campaign and with a view to developing the irrigational facilities for agricultural purposes, the Government of Bombay has sanctioned a scheme at an estimated expenditure of Rs. 11,00,000 during the current financial year, for the construction of small Pakka bandharas and katcha bandharas and for the repairs to small irrigation tanks. The scheme will be executed by the District Rural Development Boards. It will apply to the whole of the Bombay Province, except the four Konkan districts of Kolaba, Ratnagiri, Thana and Kanara, to which the scheme for the construction of pakka bandharas only will apply, since a separate katcha bandhara scheme is already in operation in those districts.

Agriculturists, desirous of asking for the subsidy, will submit applications to the Secretary of the District Rural Development Board of their district, stating therein, the location of the proposed work, its estimated cost and the area likely to be brought under irrigation.

An amount of Rs. 50,000 is placed at the disposal of each District Rural Development Board for granting subsidies up to June 30, 1950. The subsidies will be paid in cash.

WEATHER

The following is the daily weather summary for Monday, June 20, 1949.

The monsoon has revived in Malabar. It is strong in the south Bay of Bengal and is strengthening in the east Central Bay. It may also strengthen in the north Bay and revive in north-east India in a day or two.

Rainfall has been widespread in Malabar and occurred locally in the south Konkan, the Madras Deccan, Assam and Bihar. A few showers have occurred in West Bengal, Hyderabad, Mysore, Vindhya Pradesh, the Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan and south-east Madras.

Forecast valid until the evening of June 21.

Rainfall will be widespread and locally heavy in Malabar, the south Konkan and Assam and occur locally in Mysore, the south Deccan and west Bengal. Scattered thundershowers are likely in the Central Provinces and in the rest of the peninsula and north-east of India.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from June 1, 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 08-30 hours on 20th June, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 101 84 0 0.1 minus 2.1 Allahabad 91 0 0.4 minus 1.3 Baroda 103 83 0 1.3 minus 1.1 Belgaum 86 69 0.4 0.7 minus 4.7 BOMBAY 91 82 0 14.3 plus 2.8 Calcutta 97 77 0.9 4.5 minus 2.3 Darjiling 67 59 0.6 13.9 plus 0.5 Dehra Dun 102 83 0 1.5 minus 2.5 Delhi 106 90 0 0.2 minus 1.0 Hyderabad (Dn) 94 77 0 2.7 minus 0.3 Karachi 93 82 0 0 minus 0.1 Lahore 106 83 0 0.4 minus 0.3 Lucknow 110 89 0 1.5 minus 0.4 Madras 97 82 0 2.8 plus 1.5 Mahabaleshwar 75 68 T 8.5 minus 12.7 Nagpur 102 81 T 7.7 plus 2.5 Patna 96 77 0.9 8.3 minus 52 Peshawar 105 82 0 0.1 minus 0.1 Poona 92 75 0 0.3 minus 2.9 Rajkot 102 81 0 1.0 minus 1.0

CITY TO GET LIGHT SHOWERS

BOMBAY, Monday.

Fair weather with occasional light showers is forecast for the city and suburbs for the next 36 hours by the Santa Cruz Weather Forecasting Station this afternoon.

Though the sky was heavily overcast with clouds this morning and everybody expected a heavy downpour, it cleared by 1 p.m., and bright and sunny weather prevailed in the afternoon.

The Santa Cruz Observatory reported moderate monsoon in South Konkan and other parts of the province which recorded varying quantities of light showers. The break in the monsoon continues in North Konkan.

CENTRE ASKED TO GIVE MORE RICE TO BOMBAY

Food Minister's Assurance To Restore Cut Ration

BOMBAY, Monday.

If Bombay's demand for an additional allocation of two lakhs tons of foodgrains for the second half of this year materialises, it would be possible for the restoration of rice ration to 32 ounces per adult, said Mr. Dinkarrao N Desai, Minister for Food and Civil Supplies, Government of Bombay, in an interview to-day.

He has particularly pressed the Centre to supply as much rice as possible to enable the restoration of the cut in the rice quantum.

Government of India has allocated 875,000 tons of foodgrains to Bombay this year, besides an additional allocation 144,000 tons for Baroda.

Referring to the release of frozen cloth stock for free sale, the Minister estimated that the total quantity of such cloth would be about 300,000,000 yards. He was quite confident that the merchants would not be able to sell the cloth at black market prices, as people were already getting enough quantity of rationed cloth.

Kapurthala Ruler's Body Flown From Bombay

BOMBAY, Monday: The body of the Maharaja of Kapurthala, who died here last night, was taken by a special plane to Kapurthala at noon today.

All Government offices remained closed today as a mark of respect to the memory of the Maharaja of Kapurthala who died in Bombay last night. The union flags were flown half mast.

RADIO

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

244 metres and 31.41 metres 7-30 a.m. Shankar Das Gupta (Vocal) 7-45 K. V. Desai (Mirabai) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Pannalal Ghose Bansari recital (Colaba Pips. at 8-45 a.m.) 8-45 News (G) 9-0 Close down.

244 metres and 41.44 metres 12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude 12-50 D. R. Nimbargi Vocal music 1-0 News (G) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Grieg (Records) 2-30 Close down.

244 metres Short wave: 31.41 metres from 4-30 to 7-45 p.m. 41.44 metres from 8-0 to 11.0 p.m. 4-20 p.m. School Broadcast 5-0 Shalini Dhawle (Sham Kalyan) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 Anwar Khan (Vocal) -7-0 Topic of the day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 Pannalal Ghose Bansari recital 7-45 Madhur Sangit 8-0 K. V. Desai (Guj Geet) 8-15 News (G) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 10-0 Musical Quiz 10-30 "How 'M I Doing?" 10-45 Paul Green (Bass) 11-0 Close down.

353 metres and 41.44 metres 7-45 a.m. News (K) 8 0 Anwar Khan (Shivmali Bhairav) 8-30 News (M) 8-45 Shalini Dhawle (Deskar) 9-0 Close down.

353 metres and 31.41 metres 12-50 p.m. News (M) 1-0 Shakuntala Y. Keskar G. D. Madgulkar krut Bhavgeet Amirbai Karnataki 1-10 Sangit Mudrika 1-40 News (H) 1-50 "Akashwani Ne Chotare" Variety programme in Gujarati 2-30 Close down.

353 metres Short wave: 41.44 metres from 4-20 to 7-15 p.m. 61.48 metres from 7-30 to 11-0 p.m. 5-30 p.m. Jantar Mantar (Children's programme in Hindi, Urdu and Hindustani) 6-0 D. R. Nimbargi (Vocal music) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 Shakuntala Y Keskar (Puriadhanashree) 8-30 Talk (M) (Colaba Pips. at 8-45 p.m.) 8-45 Musical Journey. Programme presenting music of various provinces 9-0 Pannalal Ghosh Bansari Recital 9-30 Shankar Das Gupta Raikumar krut Hindustani Geet 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 What My Friends Think of Me Talk in English 10-0 Bombay Brains Trust 10-30 D R Nimbargi Vocal music 11-0 Close down.

BARODA: AHMEDABAD

250 metres (1200 kc/s) 7-30 a.m. Geet Manjari 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Harendra B. Dasaundi (Geeto) 8-30 Melabhai Bhagat and Party (Bhakti Geeto) 8-45 News (G) 9-0 Close down.

6-0 p.m. News (E) 6-10 Chandrakant Shetye Madhuvanti on Violin 6-25 Bipichandra Patel (Bhajan).

326.1 metres (921 kc/s) 6-35 Gramjano Mato 'Dugdhalayoni yojana (From Baroda only) 6-35 Majur (From Baroda) (From Ahmedabad) 7-0 Bhaiyo Mate (From Ahmedabad) 7-0 Pugree 7-15 Rasya Vrutti Kelavo Talk in Gujarati 7-30 Melabhai Bhagat and Party (Pracheen Bhajano) 7-45 Bipinchandra Patel (Kedara) 8-0 Music Lesson 8-10 Local Announcements 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Mukundrao Ghanekar (Kamod) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Story with Songs 9-45 Harendra B. Dasaundi (Geeto) 10-0 Mukundrao Ghanekar (Nayaki-Kannada) 10-30 Cloes down.

BALDEV SINGH LEAVES FOR POONA

BOMBAY, Monday: Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister, Government of India, who arrived in Bombay from Delhi yetserday accompanied by General K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief of the Indian army and Mr. H. M. Patel, Defence Secretary, left for Ambernath this morning, 'en route' to Poona. At Ambernath he will inspect the ordnance factory and then proceed to Poona reaching there at 1 P.M.

He will visit the site of the National War Academy at Khadakvasla. On June 21, he wil visit Dehu Road. The same day, he returns to Poona, where he will attend the meeting of the Supervisory Board of the National War Academy. Later in the day, he will visit the ammunition factory at Kirkee.

On June 22, he will leave Poona for Secunderabad, where he will stay until his departure to Delhi by air on June 24th.

ONE KILLED AND FEW INJURED IN WADALA

All Because Christian Woman Refused To Lend A Gramophone

BOMBAY, Monday.

Gramophone which is a source of entertainment in many a home became the cause of a free fight which raged between two parties at Wadala on Sunday evening resulting in the death of one person. Two more persons were grievously wounded while a young Christian woman received minor injuries.

It was stated that yesterday morning one of the residents of the Wadala hutments asked for a loan of gramophone from his neighbour Silva Maria. She, however declined to lend the gramophone as she herself wanted to play it.

Infuriated, he went back and collected his relatives and friends. At about 4 p.m. armed with lathis, hockey sticks and other lethal weapons, a party of 13 persons headed by Narayan Gangaram dashed towards Silva's house and swooped on her and other members of her family who were taking the afternoon tea, it was stated.

After a ten-minute fight, the Police arrived and quelled the trouble. Four persons who received injuries were removed to hospital. One of the injured, Shanker Govind succumbed to injuries, while two others, including the husband of Silva are hospitalised, while she was discharged.

Sub-Inspector Rajadiksha of the Bhoiwada Police Station is making investigations.

Body With Stab Wounds Washed Ashore

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mystery surrounds the death of a young Hindu whose body was washed on the rocks of the Napean Sea Road on Sunday evening. The body bore about a dozen stab wounds on the head and in the chest.

On receipt of the information of the gruesome find officers of the Gamdevi Police Station arrived on the scene and helped remove the body to the morgue, where it is still lying unidentified.

Police theory suggests that the deceased was assaulted with stones and knives by some unknown persons and his body was thrown into the sea. Investigations are being carried on, but so far no arrests are made.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

SALE OF AERO ENGINES

Tenders are invited for the purchase and removal of the following Aero Engines located at stations shown against each:—

S. No.	Description	Quantity	Location
1.	Scarab	36	Bangalore 7, Kanpur 4 and Avadi 25.
2.	Ranger 440-7	56	Jodhpur 7 and Avadi 49.
3	Merlin T-24-2	16	
4.	Hercules XVI & XVII	164	
5.	Cheetah	47	
6	Pratt & Whitney	151	Avadi
7	Bristol Hercules	70	
8	Mercury	1	
9	Wright Cyclone	102	
10	Merlin Rolls Royce	24	

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Tenders should be submitted in prescribed form which can be had from the Disposals Offices at New Delhi, Calcutta, Kanpur, Bombay and Madras at Rs 5 - per set in Cash Money Order. Tender form contains dimensions and particulars of the Aero Engines, instruction to tenderers condition of sale and inspection permit

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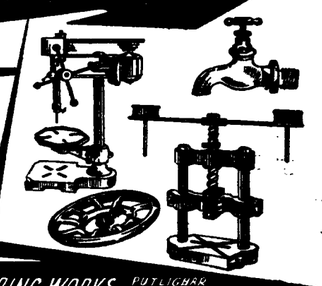

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Beauty In Chains

A dress with a bold chain motif and double brimmed hat trimmed with a bird formed this striking fashion picture at Ascot.

Pakistan To Buy Three Jute Mills

LONDON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): Pakistan will shortly buy three jute mills of one thousand looms each from Britain, according to a usually reliable source here today.

The machinery alone for the mills is likely to cost about £5,500,000.

Mr. Fazlur Rahman, Pakistan's Minister for Commerce, Industries and Education, is likely to discuss the purchase of these mills with Scottish jute interests when he visits Dundee this week.

Talks on the future of Britain's raw jute imports from Pakistan are continuing between Mr. Rahman and Mr Harold Wilson, President of the Board of Trade. These talks form a part of the broader aspect of their discussions on a possible Anglo-Pakistani tariff agreement.

Mr. Rahman is understood to have discussed the suggestion that the present 1939 trade agreement between the British Government and the Government of India be revised where it applies to Britain and Pakistan.

JUTE CULTIVATION IN TRAVANCORE

TRIVANDRUM, (UPA): Jute cultivation started as an experimental measure on nearly 400 and 140 acres in Travancore and Cochin respectively appears to have convinced the cultivators in this area about the possible high advantages of this seasonal crop if cultivated on a large-scale.

The period it is expected to take for its full growth here is less than that in Bengal by two weeks.

Efforts To Improve U.S-Soviet Relations

NEW YORK, June 20 (UPI): Fresh efforts are now being made to improve relations between America and Soviet Russia.

Mr. Gromyko, and other Russian officials, it is revealed today, have been approached by, and have had talks with, members of the American Society of Friends on prospects of bettering American-Soviet relations.

These talks according to "New York Times" have been going on quietly. The society has, it is stated, urged the need for "opening doors for cultural exchanges between the two countries" and for convincing both sides that the Soviet and American systems can avoid war and work in "peaceful competition."

Family Budget Enquiry Results

NUMBER OF PERSONS PER FAMILY—WAGE EARNERS DEPENDENTS— ADULT CONSUMPTION UNITS

The following table is published as an appendix to the report of the Committee on Fair wages. It gives a ready reference to the comparative sizes of the family, the number of wage earners and their relation to adult consumption units.

Statement showing the number of persons per family (with equivalent adult consumption units) and average number of wage earners and dependants per family as revealed by the Family Budget Enquiries conducted during 1943-46 under the all India Scheme of the Government of India

		Number of persons per family	EARNERS Adults Men	Women	Children Boys	Girls	Total	DEPENDANTS Adults Men	Children Women	Boys	Girls	Total	Average number of dependants living away from the family.	Total of Col: (2) and Col: (13)	Average equivalent consumption unit for family.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
I.	BENGAL														
	1. Calcutta	4.09	1.31	0.09	0.03	—	1.43	0.15	1.21	0.72	0.58	2.66	0.87	4.96	3.43
	2. Howrah (& Bally)	4.03	1.41	0.16	0.06	—	1.63	0.18	1.25	0.97	0.80	3.20	0.60	5.63	4.00
	3. Kharagpur	5.62	1.39	0.12	0.08	0.01	1.87	0.13	1.40	1.09	1.43	4.05	1.00	6.62	4.05
II	BIHAR.														
	1. Dehri-on-Sone	5.07	1.43	0.15	0.05	0.01	1.64	0.35	1.58	1.25	1.24	4.43	1.20	7.27	4.85
	2. Jamshedpur	4.42	1.22	0.09	0.02	—	1.33	0.10	1.18	0.98	0.86	3.09	2.94	7.36	3.58
	3. Jharia	3.62	1.15	0.73	0.07	0.07	2.02	0.03	0.38	0.67	0.82	1.60	1.75	5.37	2.95
	4. Monghyr (& Jamalpur)	6.80	1.46	0.06	0.05	—	1.57	0.25	1.89	1.60	1.49	5.23	0.11	6.91	5.45
III.	BOMBAY.														
	1. Ahmedabad.	4.38	1.30	0.16	0.02	—	1.88	0.14	1.15	0.78	0.70	2.77	0.48	4.81	3.43
	2. Bombay	3.96	1.28	0.24	0.01	—	1—53	0.09	1.06	0.68	0.60	2.43	0.69	4—65	3.15
	3. Jalgaon	5.55	1.35	0.28	0.03	—	1.66	0.00	1.49	1.02	1.11	3.92	0.07	5.65	4.51
	4. Sholapur	5.39	1.44	0.39	0.01	0.01	1.85	0.23	1.23	1.05	1.03	3.54	0.14	5.53	4.36
IV.	C. P. & BERAR.														
	1. Akola	5.06	1.32	0.44	0.07	0.01	1.84	0.13	1.08	1.05	0.98	3.24	0.06	5.14	4.10
	2. Jubbulpore	4.06	1.28	0.29	0.06	0.03	1.66	0.06	0.94	0.65	0.75	2.40	0.73	4.79	3.29
V.	ORISSA.														
	1. Berhampur	5.50	1.33	0.45	0.16	0.11	2.05	0.27	1.32	0.34	1.02	3.45	0.06	5.56	4.57
	2. Cuttack	5.54	1.32	0.01	0.06	—	1.45	0.29	1.77	0.98	1.05	4.09	—	5.54	4.60
VI.	EAST PUNJAB.														
	1. Ludhiana	4.56	1.21	0.07	0.05	0.01	1.34	0.19	1.20	0.95	0.88	3.22	0.02	4.64	3.60
VII.	ASSAM.														
	1. Gauhati	5.05	1.19	0.09	0.04	—	1.32	0.07	1.07	1.25	1.34	3.73	0.75	5.80	3.91
	2. Silchar	5.91	1.36	0.03	0.01	—	1.40	0.25	1.41	1.65	1.20	4.51	0.07	5.98	4.70
	3. Tinsukia	4.11	1.10	0.07	0.04	—	1.21	0.08	1.00	0.97	0.88	2.90	0.37	4.48	3.34
VIII.	DELHI.	3.80	1.17	0.11	0.06	—	1.34	0.07	1.06	0.78	0.55	2.46	0.68	4.48	3.12
IX.	AJMER.	5.12	1.09	0.01	0.06	—	1.16	0.24	1.45	1.14	1.19	4.02	0.03	5.21	3.99
	PLANTATIONS North India.														
	1. Burma Valley	4.57	1.11	0.81	0.22	0.15	2.29	0.15	0.42	0.85	0.86	2.28	—	4.57	3.59
	2. Assam Valley	4.15	1.17	0.96	0.16	0.15	2.44	0.05	0.24	0.73	0.69	1.71	0.06	4.21	3.28
	3. Bengal	4.16	1.06	0.93	0.21	0.32	2.52	0.09	0.29	0.61	0.65	1.64	0.02	4.18	3.34
	SOUTH INDIA.														
	1. Madras—Tea	3.80	1.10	1.02	0.14	0.15	2.41	0.01	0.17	0.57	0.64	1.39	0.11	3.91	2.99
	2. Madras & Coorg-Coffee	3.40	1.04	0.98	0.20	0.16	2.38	0.05	0.15	0.28	0.54	1.02	0.11	3.51	2.80
	3. Madras & Coorg-Rubber	2.86	1.00	0.27	0.13	—	1.40	—	0.67	0.33	0.46	1.46	0.33	3.19	2.23

Malayan Indian Congress Constitution

SINGAPORE, June 19 (PTI-Reuter): The Malayan Indian Congress is planning to change its name to Malayan National Indian Congress and to exclude from ordinary membership Indians who do not regard Malaya as "their real home and object of their loyalty".

These changes are contained in the Constitution for the reorganisation of the Congress released today.

FATHER KILLS CHILDREN, THEN COMMITS SUICIDE

Promotion Note Sent On Eve Of Tragedy

FARENHAM, NORFOLK, Saturday. On the evening that the manager of the Fakenham branch of a well-known chemists" firm chloroformed his two young daughters and then took his own life his empoyers wrote him a letter promoting him manager of their branch at Great Yarmouth.

This was stated here to-day at the inquest on the man John Hambleton Booth, aged 38, of the Market-place, Fakenham, and his two children, Susan Ann, aged four, and Jennifer Margaret, aged two.

They were found dead in their flat over the shop.

The jury returned a verdict that Booth murdered his two chidren and then took his own life, through prussic acid poisoning, while the balance of his mind was disturbed.

Mr. Ratcliffe Pope, who appeared for the firm of chemists, told the Coroner about the letter.

"Whether, if the letter had been posted before, it would have saved this tragedy it is impossible to say" pasuis pad ti usam we wish it had been posted before.

Booth's brother-in-law, Lione; Walter Scampion, said that on the night of the tragedy Mrs. Booth accompanied him and his wife to a cinema.

Mr. Booth, who was reserved and not easy to converse with, refused to go, saying he had a lot of work to do.

When they returned the shop was locked and the flat was in darkness. Mr. Scampion said he got in through a window and opened the door and Mrs. Booth dashed upstairs, where she found her husband and the two children dead.

"LOST HIS MEMORY"

Mrs. Margaret Scampion said that her brother lost his memory for a time when he was 18. He got on well with his wife and family, and as far as she knew he had never threatened to take his life.

It was stated that Booth's accounts were all in order, and the reason for his act remained a mystery.

Dr. R. A. Norman said there was an overpowering smell of chloroform in the bedroom, and the children had cotton wool adhering to their mouths. About a tablespoonful of hydrocyanic acid (a form of prussic acid) was missing from a bottle on the matelpiece.

After Insp. Bryer had stated that a note signed by Booth was found in the safe, the coroner, Mr. L. H. Allwood, said:

"I am not going to make the contents of this note public. A woman has had her life devastated by the act of a man, the state of whose mind it is impossible to guess.

"To publish something which has no bearing on the case would be an act of cruelty, and I do not consider it necessary." Copies of the note were handed to the jury, who returned them to the coroner.

POLICE RUSHED TO BARI

Italian Farm Strike Developments

ROME, June 19. (PTI-Reuter): Security police were rushed to Bari last night after farm workers on strike had killed one man and seriously wounded another.

This brought the death roll to seven in the strike of one and a half million farm workers which has now lasted a month.

At Oria near Brindisi strikers occupied the Mayor's parlour and were only ejected after a scuffle with the police.

Some thousands of seamen are also now on strike.

Repatriation Of Jap Prisoners

RUSSIA'S PROMISE

TOKYO, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): Russia has promised to begin the repatriation of 95,000 Japanese prisoners now held in Siberia on June 25 the Japanese Welfare Ministry announced today.

Thirty-two repatriation ships standing by in Japan will carry out the operation.

This is the first official communication to Japan of Russian plans, though nearly a month ago Russia announced that she would shortly repatriate "remaining" Japanese prisoners. A week ago, General Douglas MacArthur, Supreme Allied Commander, attacked Russia for "failing to maintain normal standards of human decency in the disposition of captives."

He then described Russia's announcement and continued silence about 400000 Japanese prisoners which the Japanese Government says are still in Soviet hands as a "mathematisophistry".

WELL OF ASHOKA'S TIME UNEARTHED

BIHAR SHARIF, June 19 (PTI):—An old well, believed to be of the time of King Ashoka, was unearthed a few days ago by the labourers digging a plot of land in a village, about three or four miles from Nalanda, the archaeological site of the ancient University of Nalanda.

While the well was being cleared the image of a Hindu deity with charka in one hand and gada in another was recovered.

The statue which is about 20 inches high has been kept in the custody of a villager where people have been coming to worship.

PAK-IRAN TRADE PACT

KARACHI, June 20 (UPI): Pakistan and Iran may sign a trade and friendship pact in the near future, it is reliably learnt.

It is likely that a Pakistan trade and goodwill mission may shortly visit Iran for the purpose of negotiating such a pact.

TRUMAN PLAN FOR ASIA

LONDON, June 19 (UPI).—Within the next ten days the U.S.A. will publish its initial programme for developing world's undeveloped areas in pursuance to point four of Truman's inaugural address. Prof. Ranga, who just arrived here from America gave this information to United Press in an exclusive interview yesterday.

Prof Ranga's interview with Truman received good popularity but it is not generally known, he said, that he had also detailed discussions with Mr. Martin, Asst. Secretary to the U.S. Treasury, and Mr. Brennan, Secretary of Agriculture, on implementation of this plan as far as India was concerned. Stabilisation of agricultural prices was also discussed with Mr. Brennan, he said.

Prof. Ranga will meet here Mr. Noel-Baker, also possibly Mr. Bevin on the question of American help for undeveloped areas. He will discuss with Major Healey of Transport House and Mr. Carol Johnson, Secretary of the Parliamentary Labour Party, the relationship that exists between Labour Party and its parliamentary body. Prof. Ranga is flying to India towards this week-end.

CYCLONE APPROACHING DEVASTATED AREA

MELBOURNE, June 20. (PTI-Reuter): Thousands of people were to-day still marooned, homeless, and without food in new South Wales where week-end floods are feared to have drowned seven.

Damage is estimated at £4,000,000.

Airmen were to-day standing by ready for mercy flights to supply homeless people over thousands of square miles of the stricken central coastal area of the state.

River floods were reported subsiding, but the weather bureau has issued a warning that a cyclone is approaching the devastated area.

NORMAL RLY. TRAFFIC IN LONDON

LONDON, June 19 (PTI-Reuter): Normal Sunday railway traffic was reported today after five successive unofficial Sunday strikes had created chaos on the east coast route between London and Edinburgh.

The State Railway executive announced that with this return to normal, negotiations on the railwaymen's claim for increased wages would be resumed tomorrow.

Delegates representing 80,000 Lancashire railwaymen today declared for "go slow tactics" if their demands were not granted by June 28.

INDIA'S ROLE IN WORLD POLITICS

Working For New Amity Between East And West

NEW YORK, June 20. (PTI): India's re-emergence has one constructive purpose, to broaden freedom and establish a new relationship between east and west, according to the July issue of the American quarterly "foreign affairs".

Written by an "Indian official" under the heading "India as a world power", the article outlines the policy India has followed since the attainment of independence and her future attitude to international affairs.

The article said that the abolition of racial discrimination and the liberation of subject peoples were two specific objectives of immediate concern to India.

"Her own liberation struggle was conceived, in one essential aspect, as contribution to the freedom of all nations. In dealing with these problems, India is not actuated merely by emotion.

"Race discrimination and the colonial system, offending as they do the dignity of men and nations (and not only because they so offend) are essentially a part of the malaise of the world, and until they are removed. There can be no health or strength in the world order".

India's leadership of the cause in South Africa and Indonesia, the writer said, does not spring from "any feeling of antagonism to the Dutch or to the Europeans as such in South Africa".

The global initiative, he added, lies in the hands of the west. "It is of paramount importance to her (India) to avert a rupture between the closst of the west, to mitigate the severity of the existing tensions and to promote, as opportunity comes, a reconciliation that can only be of benefit to the whole world".

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan

KARACHI, July 19 (UPI): Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Prime Minister of Pakistan and Begum Liaquat Ali are likely to leave for Moscow towards the middle of July next, it is learnt. The visit is being undertaken by the Pakistan Prime Minister at the invitation of the Soviet Government, it may be added.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR NEW PROFESSION

To meet the increasing demand of qualified Farm Machinery Operators, arrangements have been made to start the regular course of three months duration from 1st of every month. Next course starting from 1st July 1949—apply for particulars to:—OFFICER IN-CHARGE, TRACTOR DRIVERS TRAINING SCHOOL, Post Box No. 115, Lucknow.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

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AUCTION SALE

OF AMERICAN SURPLUS VEHICLES

[(In Small and Big Lots)]

AUCTIONEERS:	M/s. B. Lall Bros., Birla Mansions, 54, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.
PLACE OF SALE:	Alipore Air Strip ground—near New Mint, Behala, Calcutta.
DATE AND TIME:	At 9 A.M. on 7-7-1949.
DESCRIPTION OF STORES:	2-1/2-ton G.M.C. and Studebaker trucks.

Full details regarding the vehicles can be had from the Auctioneers.

Permits for inspection of the vehicles will be issued by the Director (UST), 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.

All or any of the vehicles may be withdrawn from the Auction, if required.

Full details and conditions of the sale will be announced at the time of the Auction.

Office of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals)
6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.

A.C 45

DAVINDER MOHAN AND GEORGE LEWIS AMONG WORLD'S TEN

Badminton Gazette's Ranking List

(SPECIAL TO THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE)

FOR the first time in the history of the "shuttle" game a ranking list has been published in The Badminton Gazette the official organ of the Badminton Association of England which is edited by H. A. E. Scheele, the Secretary of the International Badminton Federation as well as the Thomas Cup Tournament Committee.

In the absence of any other ranking this serves the purpose as that of an official ranking list.

Two of India's players, Davinder Mohan and George Lewis find place among the ten leading players in the world. While Davinder is ranked seventh, India's captain has found the tenth place.

Obviously the form displayed by our players in the Thomas Cup has been taken as the criterion to their form, or else George Lewis, who very nearly beat Ooi Teik Hock, would surely have found a higher place specially after his performance in the All-England Championships. Even J Samis of Canada finds a place ahead of Davinder Mohan. Samis was beaten by Davinder in the English Championships.

In the doubles the Indian pair, George Lewis and Davinder Mohan have been ranked eighth in the world.

Tony Ahm who delighted Bombay fans by her fine game at the Bombay Gymkhana courts beating Mumtaz Chinoy in the final of the Western India

GEORGE LEWIS
World's No. 10

Badminton Championships after three strenuous games has been ranked the world's number one woman player. This gives us an idea as to the standing of Mumtaz Chinoy, India's "queen of the courts.

The following are the rankings as per the Badminton Gazette

MEN'S SINGLES

1. D. G. Freeman (U.S.A.).
2. Ooi Teik Hock (Malaya).
3. Wong Peng Soon (Malaya).
4. Martin Mendez (U.S.A.).
5. Carl Loveday (U.S.A.).
6. J. Samis (Canada).
7. Davinder Mohan (India).
8. Jorn Skaarup (Denmark).
9. R. E. Birch (Canada).
10. George Lewis (India).

LADIE'S SINGLES

1. Fru Tony Ahm (Denmark).
2. Frk Aase Schiott Jacobsen (Denmark).
3. Frk Aase Svendsen (Denmark).
4. Frk Kirsten Thorndal (Denmark).
5. Miss F. McKenzie (South Africa).
6. Mrs. H. S. Uber (England).
7. Mrs. J. R. Wheating (South Africa).
8. Miss Q. M. Allen (England).

MEN'S DOUBLES

1. Ooi Teik Hock and Teoh Seng Khoon (Malaya).
2. Teoh Teck Chye and Chan Kon Leong (Malaya).
3. D. G. Freeman and Wynn Rogers (U.S.A.).
4. Lim Kee Fong and Ong Poh Lim (Malaya).
5. R. E. Birch and Gordon Simpson (Canada).
6. Clinton Stephens and R. Williams (U.S.A.).
7. Tage Madsen and Borge Frederiksen (Denmark).
8. George Lewis and Davinder Mohan (India).
9. John Skaarup and Preben Dabelsteen (Denmark).
10. Ib Olesen and John Nygaard (Denmark).

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

6-45 p.m. Trades vs. G. I. P. (Senior Division Harwood League).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel

4-40 p.m. Riders S. C. vs. Kohinoor Mills (Harwood League Second Division).

5-40 p.m. B. E. S. T. vs. General Motors (Indian Football League).

AIRCRAFT RETAIN M.U.C. GOLD CUP

MADRAS, June 19. (PTI):— The Hindustan Aircraft from Bangalore retained the trophy in the M. U. C. gold cup hockey tournament here today defeating the South Indian Railway Athletic Association, the inter-railway champions, by three goals to two in the final.

The game began at a rattling pace and both halves were visited in turn. The Railway opened the account through centre forward Ramsbotham in the tenth minute when he scored off a melee in the Aircraft semi-circle. But the advantage proved only short-lived as five minutes later left-back Archer of the Aircraft converted a penalty corner to equalise. Ten minutes before the interval Raja Rao gave the lead to the Aircraft team. The move was initiated by left-inner Rajagopal and centre-forward Fitzgerald passed the ball on to Raja Rao, who cut in to shoot rather feebly but the goal-keeper left it in the confusion. In the twentieth minute after the interval, the Railway were on level terms again when Rae netted from close in after the Aircraft goal-keeper had saved from Ramspotham. The Aircraft began to exert pressure and eight minutes before the end a fine centre from the right flank was banged in first time from close range by inside left Rajagopal. The S.I.R. goalie was left standing.

The Railway then tried their best to save the match in the remaining few minutes by raiding the Aircraft goal area time and again but Aircraft captain and full back McBride held them at bay till the final whistle.

Mr A. Ramaswamy Iyer, assistant manager of the Indian football team to the 1948 London Olympics, who presided on the occasion said that the several games witnessed in the tournament had reassured the sport-loving public that the standard of the game had not at all deteriorated as some seemed to think.

HINDUSTAN AIRCRAFT: Desamuthu, McBride, Archer, Padavat, Unnikrishnan, Veeraraghavan, Natesh, Raja Rao, R. Fitzgerald, Rajagopal and Somu.

SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAY:— Dawson, P. Almeida, Paris, Marcari, Henderson, N. Almeida, Noronha, Carr, Ramsbotham, Rae and Cleun.

CITY PAPER OPENS AMARNATH FORUM

BOMBAY, June 20.

The "Navabharat", a Marathi daily of Bombay has opened a forum "for ganging public opinion on the Amarnath—De Mello controversy".

The paper says it believes that cricket-lovers of this country should alone shape the destiny of Indian cricket.

With this end in view, it has issued circulars to different schools and colleges of Bombay City and various Universities and Cricket Associations of the country inviting them to record their views on this controversy. —P. T. I.

DAVINDER MOHAN
World's No. 7

E. I. R. BEAT ARYANS

Calcutta Football

CALCUTTA, June 20 (PTI). The following are the results of to-day's matches played in the first division of the Calcutta Football League:—

Sporting Union nil, Rajasthan nil.
Dalhousie nil, Bhowanipore nil.
E.I. Railway five, Aryans nil.

E. I Railway playing with the wind in their favour opened their account in the third minute through B. Sen, their left out, who beat the custodian with an angular shot. The next two goals were netted by K. Bannerjee, the right inner. The first one was from a good header. Newalal who scored the last two goals was unlucky to miss his third hat-trick of the season. The Aryans could make little headway. Midway in the second half the Railway goalie came to the rescue of his team by saving a stinging shot at the expense of a corner.

Rajasthan had the better of the game upto midway in the second half but seldom made any good opening to clinch the issue.

Sporting Union also made the same blunder.

Bhowanipore tried some new players in their match against Dalhousie but to no effect. Bhowanipore had the territorial advantage all through the match but Dalhousie defended well and shared the points.

GOLVALA WATERPOLO LEAGUE

The following entries have been received for the Golvala Water Polo League for the Vijayadevji Cup Tournament and the Water Polo Matches will be played from Sunday, 26th June, at the Golvala Baths, Back Bay on every Sunday, at 9-30 a.m.

1ST DIVISION: Golvala A., Maccabi A. Young Swimmers Union A.
2ND DIVISION: Golvala B., Golvala C., Maccabi B., Dharampur Boat Club, Back Bay Baths, Young Swimmers Union B., Young Swimmers Union C. Curraw Baug United Sports and Welfare League.

All the matches in the first division will be played seven minutes actual time and in the second division 15 minutes each way. The South American Water Polo Rules will be tried out during the whole tournament as the same is now being adopted in the Water Polo Matches in England and continent.

TURPIN AND FINCH FIGHT FOR TITLES

LONDON, June 20 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Dick Turpin, British and Empire Middleweight champion defends his titles tonight against Albert Finch, of London, on the Birmingham City Football Club's ground.

At the weight-in this afternoon, Turpin scaled eleven stone two pounds six ounces and Finch eleven stones five pounds.

Lifeless Encounter At Cooperage

ST. FRANCIS GOANS' NARROW VICTORY

BOMBAY, Monday.

PLAY which was never of a standard higher than mediocre ended in a very narrow victory for the St Francis Goans over the Goan Sports when the two sides met this evening in the Harwood League tie.

There was nothing to notice in this match except the aimless manner of its progress and nothing to look back upon save the lack of cohesion and accuracy amongst both the Harwood League sides. It is difficult to recall a single instance of constructive football on the part of any one of the twenty-two players involved. The ball was being kicked about almost in desperation and the direction in which it travelled left the attackers as much surprised as the defenders.

Outside right Felix who got the only goal of the mach early in the second half was perhaps the only players who at least attempted not to forget the game he was playing and follow its traditions. But the lone effort of this player, inadequate as it was in itself, could do nothing to enliven the proceedings of the game. It would be useless to recount the number of chances and near chances which went astray for almost everything that was in the nature of a chance was lost either due to hesitation, poor direction or insufficient force and often by all three of these.

A novice unused to the different sides entering the Cooperage enclosure would have been astounded to see two sides with similar colours playing against each other. From a distance it became exceedingly difficult to ascribe any player to his proper side by the colours he was wearing. No doubt refreee Desai found no difficulty in recognising the fouls for he allowed both sides to play in such a confusing jumble of colours. And perhaps this confusion was also typical of the trend of the game which was equally confusing and even more difficult to follow.

The teams:

St. Francis Goans: Christopher; St. Anne and Walter D'Souza; D'Sa, Agre and D'Costa; Felix, V. D'Souza, Gama, M. Delgado and A. Fernandes.
St. Anne and Walter D'Souza; D'Sa,

Goan Sports: Walter D'Souza; P Vaidya and A. Vaidya; G D'Costa, J D'Souza and R. Tavares; E. Mendes, Penelon Almeida, F D'Souza, M. Fernandes and L. Mendonca.

Referee: Desai.

That All-England Badminton Semifinal....

HOW LEWIS BEAT HIMSELF AGAINST OOI TEIK HOCK

(SPECIAL TO THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE)

How very near George Lewis, India's Captain of the Thomas Cup Badminton team came to reaching the final of All-England Badminton Championships has never been known to badminton enthusiasts in this country.

The news-agencies had failed to give publicity to the fact that Lewis led 14—6 with Malaya's Ooi Teik Hock in the deciding set of the semi-final round. Lewis had actually scored the winning point, but the linesman's decision proved his undoing and Ooi Teik Hock was given the service after which the Malayan rallied splendidly to bring the score to 14 all and win the match.

The following extract from the "Badminton Gazette", the official organ of the Badminton Association of England, regarding this historic match will give Indian readers a correct idea of how India narrowly missed figuring in the final against Americal wizard Dr. Dave Freeman the world's undisputed badminton champion.

"At the commencement of play the title of champion seemed to lay between Malaya's two leaders Ooi Teik Hock and Wong Peng Soon and Dave Freeman. The two Malayans each lost a game in reaching the semi-final stage and Ooi was extremely lucky to get that round. In his quarter-final he had India's number two George Lewis, who at 39 years of age was the giant killer of the event. He advanced comfortably on the first day over the bodies of the Scottish and the Danish Thomas Cup players and then beat in two games Lim Kee Fong of Malaya who had already put out Martin Mendez the second American rather surprisingly. Against Ooi Teik Hock, Lewis played remarkably clever game in which he did everything but win the final point. He led 16—6 in the final game and had the Malayan dancing completely to his tune. Twice he made the final and winning stroke with Ooi right out of the picture —indeed, once Ooi began to walk to the net to congratulate his conqueror—only to have his stroke called "out". It must have been mortifying for him. He had all the sympathy of the onlookers but the gods of fortune were all against him.

GOLD CUP RACE AT ASCOT WAS WONDERFUL

Magnificent Black Tarquin Met His Match In Alycidon

LONDON, June 19 (PTI-Reuter): Royal Ascot is now but a memory after four days of glorious racing under perfect conditions. All that is left is the happy remembrance of some brilliant finishes and a truly wonderful race for the Gold Cup, the premier race of the meeting.

Some will receive a happy souvenier in the shape of a handsome cheque from their bookmakers but there will be others who will not like to open the envelopes which they will recognise only too well on their breakfast table on Monday or Tuesday morning of next week.

The Gold Cup was a real triumph for England even though some of the glory had to be shared with Italy whose stallion, Donatello, sired the gallant winner, Alycidon. Still, Lord Derby's colt was bred and trained in England and victory was gained over the American owned and bred, though British trained, Black Tarquin.

DIVIDED OPINIONS

Both horses were trained at New Market and before the race experts at Britain's headquarters of racing were equally, and sharply, divided as to the merits of the two colts.

Many normally heavy backers did not wager, as they reckoned it was like tossing a coin. Others took their courage in both hands and plunged according to their fancy.

The fact that Black Tarquin started at 11 to 10 and Alycidon at five to four was evidence of the conflicting opinions.

The English camp planned their bid to capture not only the prize, which being £11,000 was well worth having, but also the honour of beating off the foreign competition, with the greatest thoroughness. It paid handsomely.

It cost Lord Derby something like £250 to run his two pacemakers Stockbridge and Benny Lynch in the race but they did their job so well that the pace was always a cracker, giving Black Tarquin, the taster of the two horses, no chance to take a breather and make his speed tell over the last few furlongs.

'BEST SINCE BAYARDO'

When the American challenger did make his effort he had not the strength left to overhaul Alycidon, who won like a true stayer.

Black Tarquin is a magnificent horse but he met his match. May be at even two miles he would have won, but over this testing two and a half miles stretch he was clearly outpointed and his jockey Edgar Britt was the first to say that he was beaten by a better stayer.

It is not easy to say just how good Alycidon is, but an experienced horseman like Michael Beary, who has ridden the best horses in Britain for two decades, described him as "The best since Bayardo."

There is a prospect of another clash this year between these fine colts in the Queen Elizabeth Stakes at the Ascot July meeting. This race is over one and a half miles which should be in favour of Black Tarquin.

CUP HISTORY

Few racegoers watching the Gold Cup were probably aware that this race now worth £11,000 and one of the "plums" of the season was worth only £100 when it was instituted in 1807 or that the title of it was once "The Emperors' Plate."

In 1830 the race, which had hitherto been open, was confined to nominations of the members of the Jockey Club and the upper and lower rooms at New Market. After two years the race was again thrown open to all comers.

It was in 1845 that the name of the event was changed to "The Emperors' Plate" in honour of the reigning Russian Czar who had contributed £500 towards the prize.

Eight years later when no such donation was received the title was dropped and it once again became the Ascot Gold Cup.

JUVENILES SHOW UP

The prize money this year amounted to nearly £100,000 with the Ascot executive providing over 40,000 of this sum.

One of the most interesting aspects of Ascot is the form shown by the juveniles. The potential classic and Gold Cup winners of the future.

This year there were three outstanding colts and one outstanding filly. The colts were:

Palestine, a grey colt by Fair Trial out of Una by Tetratema; Master Gunner, a bay colt by Nasrullah out of Arsenal by Aschtoi and Tabriz. A grey colt by Tehran out of La Li by Blenheim.

The filly Diableretta, a chestnut filly by Dante out of Dodoma by Dastur.

SOCCER AT PAREL

Dockyard Apprentices Win By Odd Goal In Three

BOMBAY, Monday.

Playing their Musry Cup fixture against Little Pioners' second string, the Dockyard Apprentices recorded a two goal-to-one victory over their rivals. Sequeira and Benzes scored for the Dockyard side, while Pakrasi was responsible for the only goal scored by the losing side.

In the only other football match played at Parel, the India Culture League got the better of the Little Pioneers "A" in the second Division of the Harwood League by the only goal scored in the game. Jacob had the honour of recording the all-important goal.

SCHROEDER SURVIVES AGAINST MULLOY

Wimbledon Championships Commence Before A Crowd Of 25,000

WIMBLEDON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter).

TED SCHROEDER, American favourite for singles honours, his right hand affected by cramp, survived by the narrowest of margins in beating his compatriot, the unseeded Gardner Mulloy, 3-6, 9-11, 6-1, 6-0, 7-5 when the sixty-third lawn tennis championships were begun today.

The centre court, crammed to its capacity of 12,000 people, saw these two American stars engage in a dynamic two-hour battle before the number one seed proved successful. Schroeder making his odebut at Wimbledon may not have a tougher fight than he had with his friend and doubles partner this afternoon.

Brilliant warm sunshine streamed down on fans and players as the title-holder, American Bob Falkenburg, opened the meeting on the famed center court by defeating his first-round opponent, Yugoslavia's Dragotin Mitic 6-2, 2-6, 8-6, 6-4.

The Falkenburg-Mitic match was even closer to an upset than the American's winning score indicates. Falkenburg appeared to be rusty on court tactics and Mitic almost monotonously passed his rushes to the net with a sharp backhand. Falkenburg showed the form that won him the title last year only in flashes.

Bleachers around the court were jammed with nearly 3,000 five-shilling customers in the standing space. Most of the seats in the covered stands were occupied. The traditional Wimbledon fashion parade with women in gorgeous gowns was in full swing around the outer courts.

Other results in first-round men's singles: Frankie Parker (United States beat Heraldo Weiss (Argentina), 6-0, 6-1, 6-2. Jack Bromwich (Australia) beat J J. McArdle (Ireland), 6-1, 6-1, 6-0. Fango Puncee (Yugoslavia) beat W. C. Choy (China), 6-4, 6-2, 6-0. Giovanni Cuecelli (Italy) beat A. Huber (Austria) 6-3, 6-1, 6-4. Philipe Washer (Belgium) beat Denis Coombe (New Zealand), 6-3, 6-1, 6-0.

A. C van Swol (Holland) beat H. F Walton (Britain) 4-6, 7-5, 6-1, 6-3. Vladimir Cernik (Czechoslovakia) beat Geoffrey Paish (Britain) 8-6, 6-2, 3-6, 1-6, 6-2. Philip Hanna (United States) beat R. F. Egan (Ireland), 6-3, 6-4, 3-6 6-3. Rolando del Bello (Italy) beat S. Salo (Finland), 6-3, 6-4, 4-6, 6-1. Milan Matous (Czechoslovakia) beat Eddie Ford (Britain) 6-3, 4-6, 6-3, 6-3.

Marcel Coen (Egyptian Davis Cupper) beat Nils Eric Hessen (Norway), 6-4garbled), 6-3, 6-4. Felicissimo Ampon (Philippines) beat Roy Mansell (Britain) 6-0, 6-2, 6-0. Dezso Vad (Hungary) beat Max Ellmer (Switzerland), 6-2, 6-2, 0-6, 8-6. Lord Ronaldshay (Britain) beat Bill Royds (Britain), 2-6, 6-4, 6-1, 7-5. Fer Bernink (Holland) beat A. T. England (Britain), 0-6, 7-5, 4-6, 7-5, 6-0.

HUTTON'S CENTURY IN COUNTY CRICKET

LONDON, June 20. (P.T.I.-Reuter): Cricket close of play scores:

At Hove: Sussex vs. Hampshire

Hampshire 272 and 21 for two.

Sussex 314 for seven declared (John Langridge 59, C. Dakes 90, James Langridge 60).

At Lords: Middlesex vs. Yorkshire

Middlesex 316.

Yorkshire 322 for eight (Hutton 113, Lester 75).

At Bath: Somerset vs. Essex

Somerset 152 and 211 for eight (Castle 52)

Essex 307 (Vigar 119, Bailey 85, Buse five for 88)

German Olympic Committee In The Offing

trich, Duke of Mecklenourg was prerich, Duke of Mecklenough wws present yesterday in Dortmund at a preparatory committee for the formation of a German Olympic Committee. —P.T.I. Reuter.

PARKER UNBEATEN WITH 105

Surrey 334 For 5 In Reply To Tourists' 465

LONDON, June 20. (P.T.I.-Reuter): An excellent fourth wicket stand between Whittaker and Parker helped Surrey to knock up 334 for the loss of half their side after dismissing the New Zealand tourists for 465 runs.

Brilliant weather and a good wicket favoured a continuation of Surrey's match with the New Zealenders at Kennington Oval today.

New Zealanders continued their first innings with Rabone and Burtt, the former hitting ten runs in the first ten minutes.

Laker soon added to his Saturday successes against the New Zealanders by dismissing Burtt and Hayes in successive overs although the return catch which dismissed Hayes appeared to be a bump ball and an appeal to the umpire was necessary. Laker smartly took the ball onehanded over his head.

Rabone revealed a good range of stylish strokes but just after passing fifty, which took seventy-five minutes and included seven boundaries, he was snapped at the wicket for the innings to close at 465. This was their highest score of tour.

Bowling to four slips Hayes looked more dangerous than Cave, who however made the ball rise, when play resumed. The New Zealanders were alert in the field and they met with two successes at 73 and 77. First Cave induced Squires to turn an inswinger into short leg's hands, then Fishlock fell to a splendid return catch to Rabone.

He batted an hour and three-quarters and hit seven fours.

Whittaker with some hard driving revived Surrey's fortunes and with Parker had added 93 for the unbroken fourth wicket when tea was taken. Whittaker was then not out 60 and Parker not out 34.

NEW ZEALAND.
(1st Innings.)

Suteliffe b Laker	187
Scott c Barton b Alec Bedser	96
Hadlee c Barton b Alec Bedser	7
Wallace c Alec Bedser b Eric Bedser	47
Donnely l.b.w. b Laker	15
Smith c McIntyre b Laker	19
Reid b Laker	8
Rabone c McIntyre b Bedser	51
T. B. Burtt b Laker	1
J. A. Hyes c and b Laker	2
H. Cace not out	13
Extras	19
Total	465

Bowling Analysis:

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Alec Bedser	38.5	10	94	3
Parker	18	1	73	0
Laker	45	11	112	6
McMohan	11	0	45	0
Eric Bedser	18	2	76	1
Squires	10	0	46	0

SURREY (First Innings)

L. B. Fishlock c and b Rabone	41
D. G. Fletcher b Cave	4
H. S. Squires c Sutcaliffe b Cave	28
Whittaker l.b.w. b Rabone	22
Parker not out	105
Barton c and b Donnelly	22
McIntyre not out	12
Extras	15
Total (for 5 wickets)	334

ROYAL RACEGOERS AT ASCOT

(Above) King and Queen and other members of the Royal family at Ascot; (left) The finish of Ascot Stakes, showing Hilali winning (on outside) from Cedar Apple (centre).

The Bombay Chronicle

All ambitions are lawful except those which climb upward on the miseries or credulities of mankind.

—JOSEPH CONRAD.

CONGRESS AND PUBLIC OPINION

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's speech at the Delhi Political Conference was an outspoken review of the political situation. He frankly accepted the election success of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose as an indication of the "indignation and wrath of the people of South Calcutta" with the Congress and he asked Congressmen all over the country to take energetic measures to remove the causes of this discontent. He himself expressed a desire for renewed contacts with the people and he called on party members to close their ranks and cease bickering. The analysis is one that has been accepted in the Congress Party for some time but it has been difficult to act upon this knowledge. Congress Ministries and Congress Legislators, Congress leaders and party members, Congressmen and the public—in all these relations there has been difference and lack of understanding. In his autobiography, Philip Snowden commented on the deterioration that had set in in the British Labour Party on its assuming office. The idealism which had inspired the party in its opposition, failed to sustain it in its years of office. Crusaders gave place to office-seekers and, where the aim had been to render service and educate the public, the desire for rewards had come up. There has been an analogous rot in the Congress Party as Congress leaders themselves have pointed out. The fact that there is no other political organisation which can replace or displace it, gives an opportunity for correcting its defects It would be wrong to derive any complacency from this fact because, as Mr. Sarat Bose has demonstrated, there are political forces trying to take advantage of the internal defects of the Congress.

The Congress withdrawal from contact with the people was rendered necessary by the number of problems which faced the Government of India after the Congress assumed charge and which needed negotiation with the Governments of other countries. Questions like the partition and the place of India in the Commonwealth could not obviously be widely canvassed. Most of these matters have now been settled but not enough propaganda has been undertaken by the Congress Party to explain the decisions to the people. Partly this was due to the confidence of those responsible for the decisions that they were right; partly to preoccupations with the problems of day-to-day administration in which the Congress Government were caught up. The integration of Indian States and the problems arising out of them, the food situation, the settlement of "refugees", the political and economic aspects of foreign policy—these claimed prior attention. Internally, the Congress Governments concentrated on eradicating communalism and on social reforms like Prohibition which involve an attitude of paternalism that is always irritating to the people. It must be conceded that in many provinces the Congress Ministry did not have that measure of support from the party organisation which it was entitled to expect and which in any country where political parties and issues are clearly defined would have been forthcoming. The Government of India has had to move forward in several directions, particularly where failure to act promptly would have brought chaos, without consolidating gains which it has made. So far the men in administrative positions have been struck by the magnitude of achievement whilst those outside have been concerned about the great deal that remains to be done. The party can for obvious reasons do the work of propaganda better than Government Publicity Departments but it has not been doing this so far.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's wish to establish closer contact with the people calls for a closer knit party organisation. Otherwise, it would only add to the confusion if different Congress leaders spoke with discordant voices. The time has come for effective organisation so that, when the approach to the public is made, there will be no confusion of thought. If the trumpet blow an uncertain blast who will gird himself for the battle?

The Film Censorship

The Cinematograph (Amendment) Bill, which was passed by Parliament in its last session, has received the assent of the Governor-General. It aims at restricting exhibition to children of films which are considered to be unhealthy for them, and, thereby, it brings a commendable change in the system of film-censorship in this country. The features, which were defined as unsuitable for children, by Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting, while introducing the Bill in Parliament, will be horrific, sexy and crime films. In order to achieve the objective of the amendment, provision is made in the Bill for the issue of two kinds of certificates—one for exhibition to adults only and the other for unrestricted exhibition. Besides imposing a special responsibility upon the Boards of Film Censors, the amendment will be a test of the abilities of censors to discriminate between various types of films with a view to classifying them into two categories. We hope that the Provincial Governments will lay emphasis upon the necessary intelligence and not merely upon social status or association with institutions engaged in educational or social activities while making appointments in future to the Boards of Film Censors.

The enforcement of the amended legislation involves certain adjustments particularly uniformity in the system of censorship. At present censorship is not governed by a concerted policy. Films rejected by one Board are passed by another; cuts ordered by different Boards in the same films also vary; and inconsistency noticed at times in the judgment of one and the same Board creates an impression that censorship is exercised rather capriciously. Such anomalies should not occur at all. The formuulation of a concerted policy is indispensable at least for the achievement of the aims of restricted certification of films required by the amended legislation. There will also be the difficulty of classifying films which would be partly unsuitable for exhibition to children. This is a point which needs clarification. The Central Government should issue to the Provincial Governments directives as regards the actual scope of the classification of films.

The amendment is obviously prompted by the anxiety of the Central and Provincial Governments to safeguard the educational interests of children against the unhealthy influence of entertainment features which are mainly designed for adults, but the Central Government should proceed further in this direction. It is reported that songs which are at times deleted by censors from films are recorded and such records are widely circulated. Even if children will be kept aloof from the films certified for exhibition to adults, their ears will continue to catch the songs which might have been banned or may be otherwise unhealthy to them though retained in the films not intended for them. The Central Government should inquire whether the film-fare provided by the All-India Radio includes songs deleted by censors from films and whether it is selected with an eye on the educational interests of children.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

MOSCOW, June 19 (PTI-Reuter): "Izvestia", official organ of the Supreme Soviet, today accused the three Western Foreign Ministers of "barring the way to any possible agreement" at the Big Four Paris conference.

* * *

The defeat of the Congress in South Calcutta, said Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in a speech, showed that people in that constituency were angry either against the Provincial Congress in West Bengal or the Provincial Government. And, he added, it behoved Congressmen to find out what this was due to and whether people felt similarly in other parts of Bengal.

And elsewhere too, please.

* * *

In the opinion of Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, the industrial unrest and the general confusion in many spheres of life that had followed India's independence were "merely the growing pains of democracy."

And even more so the growing pains of the new democrats.

* * *

A special meeting of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly is, according to a Lahore report, expected shortly to be requisitioned to provide for immediate adult franchise which, as PTI-Reuter describes it, is "an innovation which is expected radically to change the present political set-up in the country."

In which obvious case, the special meeting cannot and must not be requisitioned.

* * *

The British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, is reported to have told a miners' demonstration that "some progress" had been made in the Foreign Ministers' talks in Paris, but that final conclusions had, not been reached.

In other words, the Foreign Ministers are probably striking a new path towards the same final goal, failure.

* * *

Governor Thomas Dewey just back in New York from a tour of Western Europe says apropos of the "Red" problem, "We have lost much in Asia and Central Europe and if we are not alert, we may risk a grave problem in Africa."

And how, does Mr. Dewey think, "we have lost much" in Asia?

Communism In France

SOCIALIST BREAK-AWAY SAVES THE COUNTRY

Second of a five-article survey of French Communism by the famed analyst of French affairs, Pertinax, whose sources of information are probably more highly placed in official French life than those of any other newspaperman, French or American.

The development and strength of Communism in France, key link in the Kremlin fifth-column network, is of vital concern to every peace loving man in the world.

PERTINAX

PARIS, (By Air Mail).

The positions held by French Communists in the Government, in the administrative services and in the French economy were very impressive after the war and through to 1947. But, in order to get them and to keep them, the party had been compelled to pay a very high price. And it went on pondering whether it did or did not lose in the bargain.

In the National Council of resistance and in the Maquis which fought the German occupants, the Communists had had to shed their skins, to lay aside their distinctive doctrine and their distinctive tactics. Invested with ministerial responsibilities by Gen. Charles de Gaulle, they spoke the language of the great national leader and they conformed to his attitude.

OUTSPOKEN EXPONENT

The most outspoken exponent of the national interests whenever it conflicted with the sectional interests of the working classes was undoubtedly Ambroise Croizat, the Communist Minister of Labour. Time after time, in a trenchant manner even Sir Stafford Cripps might well have recognized as his own, he proclaimed that the rebirth of France ought to be the main consideration in everybody's mind, that increases of salaries were out of season and that to enlarge the volume of industrial output was the only thing that mattered.

General de Gaulle—who in his relations with Communists at that time showed a suppleness which he has lacked ever since—could not but express appreciation of those Marxist colleagues of his who seemed to have such an innate sense of the majesty of the state. Once, after he had been away from Paris for a few days and on his return reviewed in Cabinet Council the faults of ommission and commission that could be laid at the door of the Government, he pointed out that his criticisms did not apply to Maurice Thorez. The latter was so pleased with the compliment implicit in de Gaulles words that he blushed! Indeed, it looked as though French Communists were being turned into efficient British-style Labourite ministers.

This could not last. Communists were afraid of losing face and soul. They had emerged from the elections to the Second Constituent Assembly on November 10, 1946, as the strongest single party. They asked for the supreme reward in the gift of the Republic, the premiership, coupled besides, with one or more of the key ministerial departments. The cabinet which Georges Bidault had led since June 1946 was at the end of its rope.

For a few wekes, the Communists could feel reasonably sure that the Government was about to pass into their control.

SOCIALISTS BREAK

Since 1945, a working committee composed of Communists and Socialists had been in existence. It did its best to bring both parties together, to prepare their fusion. On December 4, Maurice Thorez failed to win the premiership by the narrow margin of 31 votes. We owe it to Vincent Auriol, to Paul Ramadier, to Jules Moch, to Leon Blum that, at last, the Socialists broke with the Communists and, once and for all, took the stand that common devotion to the socialist ideal could still not make them forget or forgive the Communists' deadly hostility or callous indifference to political and civil freedom.

But, for a while, the Socialist-Communist Committee of so-called harmonization performed its task very well and the French nation escaped Communist ascendency by a hair's breadth.

THE REVOLT

The Communists leaders revolted on May 4, 1947 against the Ramadier Cabinet. They held not less than five ministerial portfolios. One of their number, Francois Billoux, was Minister of National Defence and Maurice Thorez was Vice-President of the Council. Nevertheless, they felt more and more overwhelmingly that they were playing second fiddle to the other two majority parties: The Socialists of Leon Blum and the Popu-

(Continued on Page 7)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Welcome

The overwhelming success of the referendum in Chandernagore—though not officially announced yet—was a foregone conclusion. In fact, even the French overseas authorities had had to concede it in advance. But the fact that the success represents the realisation of what was expected, does not make it any the less welcome. It is as great an event in the history of Chandernagore as was the dawn of independence in India. For 300 years that little town and its people were subject to a foreign imperialism and, morever, they were separated from the motherland. Today they have returned to the fold and, in freedom too, Chandernagore has become Indian again and thereby it has regained its birthright and to quote Dr. Rajkumar of the A.I.C.C. office "has found her lost soul." India welcomes Chandernagore and its people to share the joys and sorrows, trials and achievements and rights and duties common to every unit and every child of the motherland. The patriotic response of Chandernagore to the call of the country and the nation will, we hope, serve as a lead to those children of India too who are later to be called upon to choose between the motherland and a foreign France.

Wrong Approach

It is not surprising that, as the 'UPA' reports, the British Foreign Office is greatly concerned over the worsening of the relations between Afghanistan and Pakistan because it sees in it "a threat to the strategic oil centre in the Persian Gulf." The general area does mark "the overlapping of three main theatres of power —the Mediterranean and Middle East, the Soviet Republic land mass and the Indian Ocean theatres—at a point not far from the head of the Persian Gulf and coinciding almost exactly with the great oil wells." This is true. And, of course, in that strategic area collide the Soviet Union and the Western Democracies. The threat to world peace which the conflict between Afghanistan and Pakistan portends can, therefore, be easily imagined. And it is of vital importance, for that reason, that the conflict should be resolved. But that does not justify an entirely wrong and utterly unjust approach to it The trouble is due to what is called the "Pathan problem." But to describe the Pathans as "the chief trouble-makers between Afghanistan and Pakistan" and thus to seek to damn them is a piece of malicious propaganda, whether it is deliberate or unconscious. Pathans are not the proverbial "villains of the piece," but a people, who have rights and justifiable aspirations, which both are being denied to them. That denial constitutes the problem and gives rise to the conflict. And the threat to peace can be averted—whoever is instrumental in doing it—only by solving that problem in the right ways

States' Contitutions

The question of the constitutions of the States that have acceded to the Indian Union, has not yet received the attention it deserves. There is obviously no difficulty about the States merged in the provinces nor about the States to be centrally administered. The constitution now being framed by the Constituent Assembly will cover these territories. The constitutions of the acceding States, however, are expected to be framed by their respective Constituent Assemblies or their Legislatures, but these bodies are not equal to the difficult task of framing new constitutions. The States people, duly represented in the All-India Constituent Assembly, wish that their constitutions should be framed by this Assembly and should as far as possible be the same as that for the provinces. In view of these constituencies the Assembly recently appointed a committee to draft a model constitution for the States, and this Committee has now submitted its report to the States' ministry. If the Committee's constitution, modified if necessary in the light of the ministry's suggestions is approved by the States generally, it will be finally approved by the Constituent Assembly and embodied in the constitution for the whole country. Saurashtra has already authorised the Assembly to frame a constitution for it and other States are sure to follow this lead.

Temporary Differences

The Committee's model constitution is said to be similar in most respects to that of the provinces. A few differences naturally arise in view of the covenants with the hereditory rulers of the acceding States or Unions of States. Thus though the Ruler is the constitutional head of the State as the Governor is of the province, the former is permitted to exercise his executive power either himself or through officers subordinate to him. Again, as the States are voluntarily acceding units of the Union and are ordinarily expected to frame their whole constitutions in their respective Constituent Assemblies, their Legislatives are given the power to initiate any amendments to their constitutions, while the Provinces have very limited powers in initiating amendments to the national constitution. These and some other special provisions in the States' constitutions are anomalies which need not be objected to as they are destined to be temporary. The process of integration which has so far been incredibly fast and irresistible cannot be expected to stop suddenly after the present constitutions are inaugurated. It is bound to continue in an all-India democratic regime till all the State units of the Union shed every vestige of their old autocracy and separativeness.

Birla House

The Delhi Provincial Political Conference has adopted a resolution urging the Congress President and Dr Rajendra Prasad to take immediate steps to secure the transfer of Birla House in New Delhi, where Gandhiji was assassinated to the nation with a view to converting it into a place of pilgrimage. Mr. Pyarelal revealed a few weeks ago that in May 1948 Mr. G. D. Birla himself had offered to place the whole of his palatial residence at the disposal of the Prime Minister to make such use of it as he chose but that the latter, in consultation with the colleagues had decided that the house should remain in the possession of the owner and only the portion where Gandhiji used to hold his prayers and where he fell should be thrown open to the public. That decision was soon given effect to. But the country continues to wish that the whole house should be acquired for the nation and be converted into a model centre of the many beneficent activities associated with Gandhiji. Mr. Pyarelal himself has pointed out how this house has become "a rich store house of sacred memories and a perennial source of inspiration." It may also be remembered that a Committee has been appointed to collect and preserve all available relics of Gandhiji. Birla House will be the fittest place for the proposed Gandhi museum. In view of all these circumstances and the resolution of the Delhi Conference, Mr. Birla may well renew his offer and make a gift of the whole house to the nation.

Checking Discrimination

The memorandum prepared by the United Nations' secretariat for the sub-commission on the prevention of discrimination and the protection of minorities now in session at Lake Success deals exclusively with the prevention of discrimination and brings together the findings, on the subject, of the world's foremost thinkers—scientists including sociologists, anthropologists, historians, economists and jurists. According to this memorandum discrimination usually originates from prtjudice of which the causes are mainly three—cultural conflicts, irrational emotional reactions (such as complexes, resentment, etc.) and conflicts of interests. The evil of racial discrimination which is fostered by certain countries today is more or less the result of irrational emotional reactions or conflicts of interests. In any form it is a challenge to the concepts of true democracy and should therefore, be completely eradicated if the world is to live in peace and happiness. The remedy indicated by the memorandum is the enforcement of legislation abrogating all laws that permit or entail discrimination and penalising discrimination by official or private persons. The memorandum, however, suggests that individual freedom should not be unduly interfered with. Even individual freedom is likely to be abused if it is deliberately exercised to the detriment of the legal rights of any person. While the eradication of racial discrimination is strongly advocated by the U. N. memorandum at Lake Success, something opposite to it is taking place in Australia, and South Africa is pursuing its old policy with increased vigour. It will be interesting to see how the United Nations' Organisation proceeds to influence recalcitrant countries.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Indian Muslims

A Muslim Leaguer from Madras has issued a circular asking Muslim League India to join the Muslim League again and bring this dead body into life.

The unbearable heavy loss which the Muslims suffered by belonging to this organisation is known to all and there is no parallel to this in history. It will be a suicide for the Muslims of India to revive the communal policy of the League. No sort of Communal organisation should exist in India. The Muslims who have remained in India are Indians and they will stay in India as Indians. It should be the duty of the Government of India to recognize this community, without any distinction in this Secular State, where communal prejudice should exist.

—HABIBUR REHMAN.

Telephone Subscribers To Meet

The message Rate System for Telephones, which has recently been introduced in Bombay is the burning topic. Since its introduction there has been a remarkable ease of load on the exchanges and the general opinion seems to be that the system is a blessing in disguise.

No doubt, an honest and efficient Message Rate System is a blessing, but not the system which is existing in Bombay at present. It lacks in a great deal of provisions necessary to protect the interests of the common subscribers.

For example the flat rate system fixed the liability of a subscriber to a certain amount, whereas in the Message Rate System it is uncertain. It is not infrequent that subscribers receive bills for too many number of calls which are actually not made Those subscribers to whom connections were given on the message rate oasis before it was introduced 'en masse' have better experience about this. Complaints about excess charge made by individuals had no effect, and even genuine grievances were not looked into by the authorities.

Majority of the subscribers have not yet received the telephone bills since the introduction of Message Rate System, but no sooner they receive it they will realise the truth of the above statements. The subscribers have no voice at all and complaints and grievances of individuals are callously answered and ignored. Since the introduction of message rate system there is heavy fall of calls per line and this is bound to reflect on the revenue of the Department. The Telephone Department may under the circumstances increase the rate in the near future, without any regard to subscribers' interests. There are over 26,000 telephone subscribers and it is high time that they formed an association to present an united front whenever the grievances of the subscribers are not properly attended to. No doubt if the Government choose to co-operate with the association the association can also serve the subscribers in many other respects.

With this point in a view meeting of Telephone subscribers in Bombay will be held on 24th June 1949 at 5-45 p.m. sharp at TAJ MAHAL HOTEL. Mr. Purshotam Tricumdas will preside.

Subscribers are, invited to attend. Those subscribers who cannot attend personally, may kindly send their suggestions in writing to the undersigned, which will be much appreciated.

—N. S. BHATHENA.

Smoke Nuisance

Hundreds of Parsees and Hindus, living in the area adjoinnig Powalla and Jalbhai's streets are suffering from the smoke nuisance created by the Jai Hind Rubber Works Ltd. situated in the nearby buffalo-stables The factory chimney exudes unpleasant smell of burning rubber. When the wind is blowing, all the surrounding houses get filled up with this objectionable smoke, which makes people cough. This is dangerous for old perons and asthma patients. It is surprising that the authorities have granted permission for starting a nuisance creating factory in such a crowded locality But, the woeful tale of this locality does not end here. The buiffalo stables, which were vacated recently, have become a source of nuisance. They are used as urinals and lavatories and have become a dumping-ground for kachra. Loose cattle, prowling about, add to the nuisance. It is high time the Health Department of the Municipality paid some attention to these nuisances and relieved the grievances of the people in this locality.

J. F. BANKWALLA

University For Madhya Bharat

Except Rajasthan, Madhya Bharat is the biggest Union of 22 Indian States. It has an area of 50,000 square miles, a population of 7.5 millions and a revenue of about rupees eight crores. The demand for a University in Madhya Bharat is, threfore most legitimate and reasonable. The intellectuals of Madhya Bharat especially of Indore have been trying for the last three decades to establish an University. As early as 1917 the world famous sociologist Sir Patrick Geddes wrote in his report "I had heard of the growing discussion of a University for Central India to be located at Indore. I am convinced that the idea is both a reasonable and realisable one." It had also a unique privilege of being blessed by Mahatmaji in the year 1935. Again in 1943 it was supported by Dr. Tarachand and other eminent educationists. This created a fresh enthusiasm and a Bill was accordingly moved and passed in the Indore Legislature in 1944. But the times were not propitious enough for its implementation. After the War the Bill was again taken up and was duly passed and proclaimed on 25th May, 1948. Maharaja of Indore was appointed the first Chancellor of the University. Legally, therefore, the Madhya Bharat University has already come into existence but an embargo was put on its working by the Madhya Bharat Government.

On the creation of Madhya Bharat great hopes were created and cherished but alas even after one full year they remain unfulfilled. It is extremely difficult to explain this postponing of the issue by the Government except on the basis of the now two well-known rivalry between Indore and Gwalior groups. It is painful to note that politics is checking the progress of education in a comparatively backward area like the Madhya Bharat. The fact becomes still more painful when we note that comparatively recent University of Shrinagar has started to function. What of that a month old University of Baroda has been duly authorised to function.

It is a grave injustice done to the populace and the whole blame of it lies on the door of the popular leaders. It is, therefore, earnestly pleaded that the embargo put on the functioning of the University should be lifted without further delay and the sacred cause of education be supported.

—N. C. ZAMINDAR

Higher Burden And Less Efficient Service

Postal rates have been raised this year. Public protested against the imposition of this higher burden. But the public voice was silenced. They were told that soon arrangements will be made to introduce postal air service practically throughout India and that 20 per cent of the mail will immediately be carried by air.

It appears that this was only a device to divert the attention of the Public. Today the postal service has become decidedly less efficient. A post-card posted at Bombay on the 12th May got at Abu on the 17th when it should have reached its destination on the 13th. Similarly two post-cards posted at the same place were delivered at Ahmedabad not on the next day but four days after. An envelope posted at Ahmedabad on the 19th May reached Bombay on the 23rd.

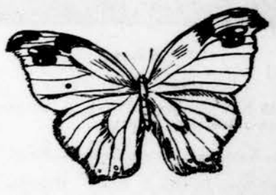
The new system has also deprived us of one method of sending our letters quickly. Formerly by making a little higher payment, we could send our urgent communications at quicker pace and feel sure that they will reach their destination in proper time. Today all is uncertainty, all confusion. Will the Department redeem its pledge and improve the present state of affairs.

—TARACHAND D. GAJRA.

OPEN AIR

Only a few days ago, before the first showers of rain, I mentioned that there were very few butterflies to be seen in our gardens. A week of showers has made a great difference to the situation and during the past few days I have seen a great number of different varieties once more. Particularly conspicuous was the return of the Evening Browns, which, as their name implies, are the exception to the general rule of day-flying butterflies, since they hide away during the day and appear only as the sun is setting. These rather dingy butterflies, with their dull brown colouring, are particularly difficult to see until they fly, and then we distinguish them from moths in the dusk only by their lighter and daintier flight. When they come into the house, (and one evening recently no less than a dozen came into my drawing room,) we have a better opportunity of examining them as they sit on the light-coloured walls Then we are able to notice the grey undersurface of the wings with their wavering stripes of brown, and, when the wings are out-spread the "eyes" of black and white and the orange smudge on the front wings. Many an Evening Brown, when it comes into the house, falls into the clutches of the watchful little lizard, and we hear the rustle of wings as it tries vainly to escape from its captor, but even if it does succeed in escaping, its wings are generally so badly damaged that it has little chance of escaping from its next enemy.

D.R.



EVENING BROWN BUTTERFLY

SCRUTINY OF FINAL COUNTING

Official Committee To Meet In Chandernagore Today

CHANDERNAGORE, June 20. (P.T.I).

THE Scrutiny Committee on the Chandernagore referendum met this morning to receive complaints of any irregularities that might have occurred during the referendum. The time limit for such complaints ended at 6 p.m. today.

The Committee will meet again tomorrow morning when the final counting will be scrutinised and any complaints will be judged.

The people of Chandernagore had nothing to worry about the future of the city as part of the Indian Union, Dr. N. V. Rajkumar, Secretary, Foreign Department of the All-India Congress Committee, said in a statement today.

Dr. Rajkumar said: "India has not the least desire to take away anything from the people of Chandernagore. On the other hand, she wishes to give them more, if possible, including the benefit that would accrue from the great privilege of being citizens of the Indian Republic"

JUBILATION IN PONDICHERRY

PONDICHERRY Pondicherry, the capital of French India, received the news of the decision of Chandernagore to merge with the Indian Union with great joy Although this news was not unexpected here, all throughout yesterday and this morning a large number of people thronged public places to hear up-to-date news of the referendum on the radio

MADRAS: "Chandernagore only shows that blood is thicker than water and that real good Indian blood is flowing in the veins of friends in Chandernagore", declared Dr Pattaoni Sitaramayya, Congress President, commenting on the unofficial result of the referendum in Chandernagore

PARIS. French Government officials said today they were "not surprised" by unofficial figures for the referendum held yesterday at Chandernagore near Calcutta, showing a 90 per cent vote for the French City's union with India

COMMUNIST THREAT TO INDIA

Patiala Rajpramukh's Warning

AMBALA, June 20, (PTI) — The Rajpramukh of the Patiala and East Punjab States Union warned the Sikhs against "the red menace and other anti-social elements in the country" who in order to promote their selfish interests were creating confusion in the land.

The Rajapramukh, who was addressing a gathering of Labana Sikhs of Begowal in Kapurthala district yesterday, called the Patiala and East Punjab States Union as the "home land of the Sikhs".

He referred to the moves in certain quarters to merge the Patiala and the East Punjab States with the East Punjab and said that it was for the people "to preserve the present unity or destroy it." He said the present union preserved the unity of different State, and represented the best interests of both the country and the Panth

NAGPUR, June 20 (PTI): The Working Committee of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha after a two-day session here today decided to depute three delegates on its behalf to the preparatory conference of International Trade Union meeting at Geneva on June 25 and 26

ALLEGED 'IRREGULARITIES' IN CHANDERNAGORE REFERENDUM

PARIS, June 19 (PTI-Reuter).—A heavy majority in favour of union with India was indicated in first results of today's referendum in the French India possession of Chandernagore, Agence France Presse reported here tonight.

"Certain irregularities" occurred in the voting, Agence France Presse quoted with official Neutral Observers as saying tonight in Chandernagore The observers were appointed by Vice-President Guerrero of the International Court of Justice at the request of French Foreign Minister Robert Schuman.

According to the Agency they said that in general voting conditions were "normal" but a report would "doubtless" be submitted on the irregularities

NOVIKOV IN PESHAWAR

PESHAWAR, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): M Khril Novikov Soviet Ambassador to India, who arrived here on Saturday capital of the North West Frontier province left today for Kabul capital of Afghanistan. He will travel through Afghanistan to Moscow

Mr Novikov said he expected to return to India soon.

Pakistan Consulate In Kashgar

KARACHI, June 19 (PTI-Reuter) Pakistan has established a Consulate General at Kashgar (Sinkiang, China) with effect from May 19, 1949, it was officially announced here.

Hungarian Arrests

BUDAPEST, June 19, (PTI-Reuter). The Hungarian Ministry of the Interior announced last night that Laszlo Rajk, recently Foreign Minister, and Dr. Tibor Szonyi have been arrested

BARODA, June 20, (PTI)— Gujerat will soon have an All-Gujerat Agriculturists Association to protect the interests of agriculturists. According to a decision taken by a conference at Jalalpur near Navasari yesterday.

Stop Press

BIG FOUR MEETING

PARIS, June 20, (UPA): The Council of Foreign Ministers were meeting again today at 19-45 hours G.M.T. at the French Foreign Office at Russia's request.

LONDON ORDER ON EXCHANGE BANK

LONDON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter) Mr. Justice Wynn Parry made an order in the High Court today for the compulsory winding-up of the Exchange Bank of India and Africa Ltd. The petition was brought by Abu Tahir Mohammed Siddique, Textile Traders and Creditors of the Company, on the ground that the parent Bank in India was in liquidation.

Presidential Elections In Syria

DAMASCUS, June 19 (PTI-Reuter) Colonel Husni Zaim, Syrian Prime Minister, who seized power in a coup d'etat last March is the only candidate for the presidential elections next Sunday

Colonel Zaim filed his candidature in the Mayor's office 15 minutes before the list closed tonight.

In a statement addressed to the Syrian nation Colonel Zaim declared he had waited until the deadline before presenting himself for the presidential election in order to free the way for any qualified person who might have wished to stand.

8193 Tons Of Burma Rice For Malaya

MADRAS, June 20, (PTI): The steamer "Ormara", carrying 8,193 tons of rice from Burma, arrived at Cochin on June 15, 1949. This quantity will be distributed to Travancore (4,000 tons), Cochin (690 tons), and Central Storage Depot Cochin (3,503 tons).

BACK HOME

Sir Sahib Singh Sokhey, Director of the Haffkine Institute, Bombay, snapped at Santa Cruz on his arrival from London on Monday.

Bishop Of Tuy Entertained

HOMAGE TO SACRED RELIC

BOMBAY, Monday

The Right Rev. Jose Lopez Ortiz, Bishop of Tuy and the leader of the group of 34 Spanish Roman Catholic dignitaries who have come to Bombay after attending the 400th anniversary of St. Francis Xavier at Japan and other members of the mission were entertained by Don Juan Francisco Cuadron, Consul for Spain in Bombay, today at Taj.

A select gathering of nationals of Spain in Bombay and important members of the Catholic community, including the Right Rev. V. Gracious, Bishop Auxiliary of Bombay Rev. Fr. H. Heras of the St. Xavier's College, Rev Fr. Cusaayas, Rev. Fr. Sanapau, Rev. Fr. Benac, Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas, former Mayor of Bombay, Mr Joachim Alva, Sheriff of Bombay and Mrs. Alva attended the function. The Consul for Portugal, the Consul for Italy and Don Encique Domimguez Lassier, Commercial Attache of Spain were also present.

Steams of Catholics and other devotees of St. Francis Xavier from Bombay and outside thronged the Church of Holy Name, Bombay since yesterday morning till late at night to venerate the crucifix.

The crucifix, which was brought to Bombay on Saturday by the Right Rev. Jose Lopez Ortiz, Bishop of Tuy and leader of the official representation of the Spanish Government to Japan which consisted of Sgr. Zudiaur, Sgr. Fanchez Nuniain and Marquis of Vivel, will be taken to Karachi by air on Wednesday.

From Karachi the party will proceed to Damascus, Istanbul and thence to Barcelona from where it started.

PROTEST STRIKE CANCELLED

Bank Employees' Wise Step

BOMBAY, Monday.

The proposed protest strike of bank employees in the city which was to take place tomorrow was cancelled this evening at a meeting of the Federation of Bank Employees. A resolution to this effect was passed unanimously.

While endorsing the decision of the bank employees to go on strike, the resolution stated that at the present juncture and under the present circumstances when a tribunal had been set up by the Central Government to go into the case of the bank employees, the protest strike should be deferred for the time being. The resolution requested Government to grant an interim award within a month, at least with regard to the demand for dearness allowance which the employees demand with retrospective effect from January 1, 1948.

The meeting decided that should this interim award not to be forthcoming within a month the general body will decide its course of action and will make all preparations for a strike if necessary.

Mr. G. G. Mehta, President of the Federation, presided

MERGER OF P E P S U WITH E. PUNJAB

Kaka Bhagwat Rai Criticises Demand

NEW DELHI, June 20. (PTI): Kaka Bhagwat Rai, member of the Constituent Assembly from the Patiala and East Punjab States Union, to-day criticised the demand made by "some people" for immediate merger of the union with the East Punjab.

He explained that by "some people" he meant "a section of Akalis"

Kaka Bhagwant Rai said that the Patiala and East Punjab States Union, inaugurated in July 1948. Had to face problems which would exhaust the resources of many an older administration. On the whole it had not done badly but it would be idle to deny that "we are not a happy family" The union was subjected to stresses and strains which were peculiar to politically undeveloped and ethnologically ill-assorted areas.

As elsewhere, he said, the people of P.E.P.S.U. expected the setting up of a representative Government as a guarantee against the reappearance of autocratic rule by petty chieftains These expectations suffered a setback because of conflicting claims put up by local politicians.

TRANSITIONAL SET UP.

A transitional set up became absolutely necessary and the present Government was the answer to the complex situation. He said, "since the members of old rivalries are still alive", he added, "some people whose ambitions suffered a setback by Sardar Patel's handling of the situation in the only practical way possible, raise the cry of merger. As believers in a unified administration for the whole of this country. We all desire to be always guided by the Centre, but we fell that merger is not only way to ensure the maximum guidance by the centre. At any rate for the next few years the P.E.P.S.U. requires the assistance of such local patriotic talents as can work unitedly for the uplift and strength of the border region.

Before a largely attended meeting held at Bathwala's Agiari, Tardeo, on Sunday, a portrait of the late Dr. Nusserwanji F. Mogrelia, L.M. & S. co-founder and Chairman of the Executive of the Tardeo Zarthoshti Mandal, was unveiled, when speakers eulogised the work done by the doctor for over 18 years since the inception of the Mandal in 1930, in running its cheap store and sewing and cutting classes for girls.

PERSONAL TROUBLES OF CHARACTER ARTISTS

Every Act Of Stars Subjected To Intense Scrutiny

(By Harold Heffernan)

PERSONAL troubles of an expert movie character artist are numberless. Leaving the sound stage after a tough day of mimicking, his woes have only begun. If he goes out in public they pick him to pieces. So, most of the time he remains at home.

Dan Duryea, who socks innocent girls and once pushed an old lady around in a movie, was attacked recently in a Hollywood night club by a group of ruffians who take their celluloid fare to seriously. Dan explained to the morons he was paid to do all that and got off with a light roughing up. Eddie Robinson has had many a bout with some of the more vulgar fections of his public. They sneer, "tough guy, eh?" and order him to "put up dem dukes".

George Raft once averaged a fight a week and twice was reported killed in some pan, athletic prowess and bouncesome pan, athletic prowess and bouncing acrobatics pictured in the "Don Juan" series often induce curled lips and mutterings from jealous young rounders who come face to face with him. Flynn blames that recent jail visit back east to the fact that one of New York's finest, stopping his taxicab, just saw red when he recognized Flynn.

INTENSE SCRUTINY

Everything a film personality does, on or off the screen, is subject to intense scrutiny and criticism from loyal fandom. It may be what they wear, eat or how they hold a knife and fork at meal time.

Quite a little hubbub was raised the other day because Fred Astaire wore a bright canary sweater to the M.G.M. Sales luncheon. Katharine Hepburn was taken to task for attending the same event in wrinkled slacks. You and you can do as you please, but not the Stellar Denizens of the Hollywood Goldfish Bowl

Now, we hear from the 70-year-old victim himself, they're picking on poor old Charlie Coburn. And, of all things, because he wears a monocle! some say it's a phony and that Charlie dons it just for effect.

"They even write me letters about it", grieved the veteran actor. "Somehow people don't believe I wear the glass because I can't see without it. But that's true. My eyes don't focus and I see two things instead of one.

Presently Coburn is going on record as probably the only football coach in the country to wear a monocle. He's playing such a role and actually appearing on the gridiron with that glass in his eye, for universal's "Yes Sir, That's My Baby" in which he is supporting Donald O'Connor.

Coburn says he's been wearing his famous prop since 1923 when necessity forced it if he were to continue his stage career. He found himself knocking cups of tea into the laps of astonished lady colleagues and stumbling over furniture.

COLLECTION OF MONOCLES

Since then Charlie has built up a collection of more than 50 monocles. He has one, for instance, that was used in ancient Greece. This is simply, a magnifying glass on a handle similar to those used by stamp collectors. Then there's one on a stick, like a lorgnette, the vogue during the revolutionary period and a black-rimmed one popular in mid-nineteenth century. Charlie has used some of his collection to help his characterizations in period plays.

Coburn actually has changed a liability—bad eyesight—into an asset becauuse he puts over many a telling scene with a lift or a tug at the monocle. The glasspiece and his ever-present cigar are not only trade marks but important acting weapons.

It required a lot of discussion before Coburn was finally allowed to wear the monocle for his football-coach role. Drector George Sherman was against the idea, so Coburn bravely stuck it in a pocket and prepared for the worst. It came very seen, Footballs began flying around the field and Charlie was smacked in the head by a couple he never saw coming. Right there the director decided the new style is for football coaches to wear glasses. Maybe it will catch on. Stranger fads have sprungs from movie patterns.

SOCIALIST BREAK

(Continued from Page 6)

lar Republicans (Catholiques Democrates) of Georges Bidault.

Already the fine arrangements put in force by Marcel Paul in the nationalized industries were assailed in cabinet meetings and, at the hand of the new Minister of Industrial Production, Robert Locoste, submitted to destructive corrections which the Communist ministers of the day couldn't forestall or check. The Communist leaders were afraid of being stripped of their control over French economy as they had been stripped in 1945, of their influence over the army of liberation.

ANOTHER ESCAPE

They came to the conclusion (or, most likely, Moscow reached the conclusion for them) that they had better demonstrate by brutal deeds that, without their active co-operation and a fortiori, in the teeth of their opposition, the productivity of French labour could not be maintained. The Communist ministers failed to support properly the Government in the action that had to be taken to quell the disturbances in Madagascar. Ramadier dismissed the whole lot. A few days later, it was with the greatest difficulty that Ramadier induced the National Congress of the Socialist Party to endorse the rupture. A few hundred votes only, out of four or five thousand, turned the scale in his favour. Again, the escape was very close. But it was to prove very real.

TOMORROW: How French Communists were dislodged from key positions in the economy of France and were defeated in the "insurrectionary strikes."

TERRORISTS TRY TO DERAIL TRAIN

SINGAPORE, June 20, (P. T. I.-Reuter): Terrorists today made an unsuccessful attempt to derail a mail train near Tanjong Rambutan, 80 miles south-east of Penang.

Explosives laid under the track blew up as the pilot engine approached. A sleeper was dislodged but the mail train carried on over the damaged line.

Shots were fired at the mail train at the same spot on Saturday.

CANADIAN TOURIST INDUSTRY

OTTAWA,—Using all her charm and skill, Canada is hoping to attract a record number of United States tourists,

Canadians estimated that these holiday-makers will leave some 300,000,000 dollars (about £75,000,000) of U.S. cash in Canadian tills.

That will make it the biggest year yet for what has become one of the Dominion's major industries—an industry which has paved Canada's highways, built huge hotels and pleasure resorts, and become the chief source of livelihood for large areas of the Dominion.

"Charm" is the keynote of Canadian tourist literature distributed copiously throughout the United States during the late winter and early spring months, when work-weary Americans feel the first stirrings of their annual urge to "go somewnere."

These pamphlets stress the "wide open sea spaces" type of appeal, and the fact that Canada is the world's best place to get away from it all.

The fact that most American tourists, when they do come to Canada, stick close to the cities and cluttered highways, and get no closer to the "last frontier" than they can get on paved roads, is beside the point.

Canada has plenty of hinterland and some of it looks good in coloured travel folders.

At the same time, the Tourist Bureau exploits such institutions as the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, a very efficient but largely colourless police force, whose dress uniform happens to include a scarlet tunic.

Czechs Put "Secret" Watch On Foreigners

PRAGUE— Foreign diplomats and journalists in Prague complain that the Czech security authorities have extended their surveillance over contacts made with local citizens.

A diplomat's wife complained that she was roughly handled by plain clothes men, "tough looking characters" as she left a Western Embassy.

Czechs report having to show identity cards and explain themselves to secret police as they leave British and American reading rooms in Prague.

One Western journalist and his wife reports that they are being followed about the city and that a watch has set on their home.

Others confirm a fairly general experience that servants are questioned about their movements and their visitors. Those living in blocks of flats say that agents are appointed to report their movements and keep a record of callers.

Some Western Embassies, Legations and agencies declare that they have discovered that attempts have been made to "plant" police agents among their locally-recruited staff.

The diplomat's wife who complained of being molested said that she was evidently mistake for a Czech citizen.

A man dressed in plain clothes, "except that they were untidy and not clean", pushed up against her as she left her Embassy. He tried to shoulder her into a dark doorway, wehre she saw that another man was waiting.

CLOSER CULTURAL TIES WITH INDIA

Society Formed In Brazil

NEW DELHI, June 20 (PTI): A society to foster closer cultural relations between Brazil and India has been formed at Rio de Janeiro, capital of Brazil, according to report reaching here.

Dr. Elmano Cardim, President of the Brazilian Society of English culture, was the Chairman of the inaugural meeting of the Society which has been named Sociedade Brasileira de Amigos da India (Brazilian Society of Friends of India), the report said.

Senora Cecillia Meireles, Brazilian poetess, speaking at the inaugural meeting referred to India's traditional "cultural and mystical traditions" which she said were greatly appreciat- in Brazil.

Stalin Suffers Heart Attack

NEW YORK, June 19 (PTI-Reuter): Drew Pearson, American columnist and radio commentator, said in a broadcast tonight that the United States Embassy in Moscow had told the State Department that Generalissimo Stalin had suffered a heart attack—his third in two years.

FORTHCOMING STERLING TALKS

(Continued from Page 1)

Informed circles here point out that India will be justified in asking the United Kingdom to honour the release of the additional £42 million, because, they maintain this overdraft is due to Britain's request for India's help in her export drive. A release of £122 million will be needed for 1948-49 and a substantial increase in the annnual allotment of £40 million in the next two years will also be sought.

A COMPLEX PROBLEM

More than the release of sterling for use in sterling areas, the question of release of multilateral convertible sterling is said to present a complex problem It is stated that this will figure prominently in the London talks. India's dollar deficit in 1948-49 exceeded 200 million dollars, which was sought to be covered by a loan from the International Monetary Fund to the extent of 100 million dollars, the release of convertible sterling to a value of 60 million dollars and a saving of 20 million dollars by other ways There was still a net deficit of about 46 million dollars.

The dollar deficit next year, in spite of a fall in the prices of foodgrains is estimated to be not less than 150 million dollars.

Further loans from the International Monetary Fund, informed circles feel, are problematical and India will, therefore, be justified in demanding of Britain the release of more dollars because when a huge balance is locked up with Britain, it is undesirable, according to them, that India should be driven to other quarters for loans. Otherwise, it is held that the dollar deficit cannot be bridged.

The present economic conditions in India, according to them, was the direct result of the way in which Britain accumulated the balance. It was built up by the sacrifice of the entire community in India by way of service and supply of goods to Britain. The present inflation was due to this policy and the machineries and plants in factories were worn out because of the pressure of production.

The country is unlikely to recover from the economic difficulties for some time to come. The cost of living has gone up by 3-1/2 times and food and cloth and other necessities of life are in short supply. India's trade balance has become adverse for the first time.

FLASH FLOOD IN TURKEY

20 Drowned: 500 Houses Swept Away

ANKARA, June 20, (UPA): Twenty persons were drowned and several hundred buildings destroyed in a flash flood following heavy rains last night in Tokata in north Central Anatolia, Ministry of the Interior reported today.

Correspondents on the scene for Ankara newspapers said that casualties numbered hundreds. A pilot who flew over the city today said that 400 or 500 buildings, including the entire main business district, appeared to have been swept away.

Tokata, a city of 25,000 population, was the scene of a disastrous earthquake in 1938.

MADHUBANI (Bihar), June 20, (P.T.I):— The rivers Kosi and Bian are in spate inundating a number of villages in the Madhubani subdivision of Darbhanga district. Madhutor and Phalparas areas as also some adjoining villages of the subdivision have so far been affected by the flood.

ANGLO-PAKISTAN TARIFF TALKS

LONDON, June 19 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Harold Wilson, President of the British Board of Trade, and Mr. Fazlur Rahman, Pakistan's Minister for Industry and Education, are believed to have discussed a possible Anglo-Pakistan tariff agreement in their present trade talks here.

Mr. Rahman is understood to have agreed to a suggested revision of Britain's 1939 trade agreement with the then agreement of India in its application to Pakistan, but only on the basis of a joint agreement on both tariffs and the exchange of commodities.

Pakistan considers that, since the transfer of power to the new Dominions of India and Pakistan on August 15, 1947, the present agreement's tariff concessions chiefly favour British Commodities and that the agreement is disadvantageous to Pakistan.

The Pakistan Minister is believed to have explained that the apparent advantage which Pakistan enjoys from its duty-free export of raw jute to Britain is not a concession to the dominion but merely conforms to the policy of all countries, of admitting raw materials free of duty to keep down the production costs of manufactured goods.

It was learned that Mr. Rahman told Mr. Wilson that Pakistan was unwilling to increase jute and cotton allocations to Britain under the the 1939 agreement, but would do so under a new agreement covering both tariff preferences and the exchange of commodities.

People IN THE NEWS

BOMBAY GOVERNOR.

BOMBAY, Monday.

His Excellency Raja Maharaj Singh, Governor of Bombay, will arrive in Bombay on Monday, July 4, and return to Ganeshkhind on Sunday, July 10.

*

SARDAR BALDEV SINGH.

BOMBAY, Monday.

Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister, Government of India, accompanied by General K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief, and Mr. H. M. Patel, Defence Secretary, called on the Premier of Bombay, Mr. B. G Kher, at the latter's bungalow, at Ambernath, this morning.

The visit lasted half an hour during which Mr. and Mrs. Kher entertained the visitors to light refreshment.

*

SIR MIRZA ISMAIL.

BOMBAY, June 20 (P. T. I.): Sir Mirza Ismail, former Dewan of Mysore, arrived here this afternoon by an Air-India International plane from London, where he had gone for reasons of health.

*

DR. LAL C. VERMAN.

NEW DELHI, June 20, (P. T. I.): Dr. Lal C. Verman, Director of the Indian Standards Institution, will represent India at the conferences of the International Organisation for Standardisation in Paris from June 25 to July 11.

He is leaving Delhi on June 23 for Bombay from where he will leave for Paris the next day. He is expected back in Delhi by July 15.

Fifty four of 60 members attending an in camera meeting of the Travancore Congress Parliamentary Party on Saturday evening are reported to have voted in favour of Mr. Narayana Pillai being the leader of the Parliamentary Party of the United States of Cochin and Travancore.

R

POSSESSION OF CHARCOAL AND FIREWOOD.

According to the provisions of the Bombay Charcoal and Firewood Trade Licensing Order, 1949, consumers of Charcoal and Firewood in Greater Bombay and certain villages of the Thana District cannot purchase and stock more than 5 Bengal Maunds of Charcoal and 15 Bengal Maunds of firewood in any one month. To enable consumers to purchase and store their requirements of charcoal and firewood for four months of the rainy season Government have issued an Order permitting consumers to acquire charcoal upto 20 Bengal Maunds and firewood upto 60 Bengal Maunds during the period from 1st June to 30th September 1949.

R

For selling bread unauthorisedly and at a higher than the controlled price, WALLI MOHOMED NANJI was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 400 or in default to undergo four months rigorous imprisonment. For similar offence, MOHOMED SAYAD was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs 100 or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment.

For unauthorised possession of foodgrains ration card, T. MOHANDAS was was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 400 or in default to undergo three months' rigorous imprisonment.

For possessing cotton cloth without a permit, J.J. KISHRO was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 200 or in default to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment.

R

FIREWOOD

Retailers in firewood in Greater Bombay and the Scheduled Villages of Thana District are at present required to make delivery at the consumer's place free of charge irrespective of the quantity purchased. Government have now decided to exempt retailers from making such free delivery when the quantity purchased at a time is less than 70 lbs. The Firewood Price Order No. 455/IV-D dated 19th February, 1949, has been amended accordingly.

BOMBAY Stock Exchange

FURTHER DECLINE IN TATA STEEL SHARE ON PERSISTENT SELLING PRESSURE

BOMBAY, June 20

The local Share Bazar opened quiet and Saturday's decline was carried further during the early part of the session under further tired liquidation Later on there appeared moderate short covering but investment support was absent owing to lack of confidence At present the market influenced by disquieting advices from Calcutta & general absence of investment support. The steady decline in steel shares discouraging buyers At present some traders are inclined to believe that the rates of dividend as paid last year may be maintained but the market is unable to hold owing persistent selling pressure Cotton mill shares rule relatively steady but some dealers believe that there will be reduction in the prices of finer varieties It is understood that Bombay Dyeings are firmly held by some operators but outside support is lacking

Tata Steel Defd shares opened today at R. 12 against Saturday close at Rs 1240/-. There was scattered selling which declined Defds. to a new low level of Rs 1215/- but in subsequent short covering the market advanced at Rs 1232 8 Ordinary shares opened at Rs 252 - and after declining at Rs. 251 improved at R. 253 -.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 935 - and under professional support advanced at Rs. 946/- Kohinoors opened at Rs. 298 - and improved at Rs 251 - while Swadeshi shares opened at Rs. 275 - and improved at Rs. 177 - Scindia shares opened at Rs 13 3 and rallied at Rs. 13/8 on moderate covering

Later on there was renewed selling and Tata Steel Defds declined at Rs. 1222 8 while Ordinary Shares were quoted at Rs. 250 - Indian Irons were done at Rs. 19/6 and Bengal Steels changed hands at Rs. 15 9. Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 940 - Central India's were done at Rs. 216 4 Gokaks at Rs. 237/8 and Simplex at Rs. 163/8 Kohinoors changed hands at Rs. 247/8 and Swadeshi shares were placed at Rs. 273 12 Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 130 10 while Belapurs were done at Rs. 166 4 Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs 263 12 and Scindia shares were placed at Rs. 13/5.

At the close Tata Steel Defds. quoted at Rs. 1222/- and Ordinary shares at Rs. 251/- Bombay Dyeings stood at Rs. 945/- Central Banks were placed at Rs 80 - Closing tone of the market was quiet.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	946 4
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	248 12
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	275 0
Central India Mills (4)	219 8
Simplex Mill (3)	164 0
New Great Eastern (8)	132 0
Indore (9 plus 3)	125 0
Gokak Mills (12) XD	243 0
Century Spinning (15)	248 12
Colaba (12)	126 8
India Bleaching (6)	142 0
Swan Mills (20)	291 0
Finlay Mills (15)	238 8
Morarji Gokuldas	403 12
Edward Sassoon (30)	196 4
Mayer (12)	111 14
Apollo Mills (As 4)	2 8 6
India United Ordinary (0-13-9)	10 10 6
India United Defd (0-2-6	1 9 3
Madhusudan Mill (15)	180 0
Podar (S)	137 8
Khatau Makanji (5)	189 0

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. (14)	251 0
Tata Steel Defd (64-13)	1222 8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7-3)	139 0

CEMENT

Associated Cement (6)	131 8

INDUSTRIES

Burma (12-8)	266 4
Belapur Sugar (9)	168 8
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	21 4
Scindia Steam (0-8)	13 8
Premier Construction	84 12
Tata Chemical	8 11
Tata Oil (2)	46 12
India Iron (0-12)	19 11
Bengal Steel (0-8-0)	15 12
British India Corp (0-9)	7 5
I. Copper	1 12 6
Wimco	155 0
Alcock	215 0

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tata Power (25)	1457 8
Andhra Valley (30)	1390 0
Tata Hydro (3)	147 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS

Elphinstone Mills (5)	57 0
Phoenix	150 0
Indian Mfg.	4150 0
Kurla	117 8
New City (4)	155 0
Minerva (12)	113 12
Bradbury	313 2
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 13
Bharat Mills (2)	26 8
Mysore Spg. Mills (8)	172 8
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14 8
Model Mills (12-8)	168 12
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	635 0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	2000 0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	200 12
Western India (40)	4070 0
Standard (15)	205 0
Sholapur Mills (200)	2400 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	15 0
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	46 4
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	271 4
Ahmedabad Advance New	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	29 8
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 4
Madhusudan B (2-8)	35 0
Srinivas Mills (8)	153 12
Raja Bahadur Poona (6)	78 12
Berar Mills	281 4
Victoria Mills	225 0
New Great New	156 0

ELECTRICS & ASH

Ahmedabad Electric (4-8)	119 6
Ahmedabad New	44 12
Surat Electric (2-8)	140 0
Karachi Electric (2)	131 4
Broach (0-5)	7 8
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 6 6
Amalgamated (0-12)	12-8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26 8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	146 4
Bombay Suburban (3) XR	132 8

BANK SHARES

Imperial Bank of India (35)	1782 8
Imperial Bank of India P.P (8-12)	443 12
Central Bank	79 8
Central Bank New (1-8)	79 8
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	116 0
Union	7 6
Bank of India (4)	181 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40 8
United Commercial (8)	42 8
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35 8
Hindustan Commercial	26 12
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	105 0

INSURANCE

Oriental (125)	4500 0
Empire (10)	628 9
New India (7)	55 12
Jupiter (1-4)	14 4
Vulcan (0-10)	11 6
Indian Mercantile (2)	32 8
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B. I. G (1)	19 0
Industrial and Prudential	29 8
Neptune	7 0
New Great	35 0
All India General	15 10

RAILWAY SHARES

C P (1-14)	115 0

MISCELLANEOUS SHARES

Steamer (10)	223 12
Bombay Burma New (5)	101 4
Burma Petrol	4
Mackenzie (6)	65 0
Port Canning (3)	67 12
Kemp and Co (30)	403 12
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	150 0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	91 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	37 0
Mukund Iron	10 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16 8
Alembic (15)	160 0
Supreme India X.R	
Jam Wire (6)	67 4
Bombay Uganda	60 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	30 0
Indian Cement (1937)	20 0
Walchand Nagar Industries (B. S.)	126 4
United Motor	32 0
Associated Cement New (3)	127 8
Bombay Safe Deposit '27)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Mahmadi Steam	96 0
Gujarat Motor	20 0
Sardar Carbolic X.D	700 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrela Batteries	61 0
Manmad Press	120 0

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st (6)	132 12
Andhra Valley (7)	1235 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1302 8
Hydro Electric (7)	127 8
Bombay Steamer (6)	248 12
Central India (5)	635 0
Swadeshi Mills	126 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	646 4
Lakshmi Mills	275 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 0
Podar Mills (4)	105 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	107 8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	305 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	140 10
Pre. Construction First	102 8
Pre Construction 2nd Pref.	101 12
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	116 4
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	121 4
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2nd)	80 0
Standard	101 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mill	50 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 8

DEBENTURES

Ananra 1952	103 8
Gula Kalamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	96 8
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 0

OUTSIDE SHARES

Burma Corporation	2 7
New Victoria Mill	1 12
New Victoria (Pref.)	4 4
Paitan (8)	105 0
Gold Mohoor	312 8
New Kaiser Hind	360 0
Sajjan Mi. (20)	160 0
Osmanshahi (10)	205 0
Azamshahi	255 0
Air Services	4 8
Air India Tata	86 0
Hind Motor	3 9
India Steam	5 6

ART SILK YARN.

BOMBAY, June 20.

120	Ready Japan	3 5	9
150	Ready Japan	3 4	9
120	Ready Italy	3 0	6
150	Ready Italy	3 4	9
150	D. Box June	663 0	0
150	D. Box July	673 0	0

CHEQUES CLEARED

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 17th June were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 204584.

Amount of Cheques: Rs. 61,48,57,-217-11-6.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, June 20

The Local Bullion market was quietly steady with restricted business. The daily turnover has dwindled down considerably and there is utter absence of short selling in view of heavy losses sustained by them in feth settlement.

In the mean time professional operators are making plans to push up silver prices in Rajkot market. It remains to be seen whether the Rajkot Board will allow manipulation by local professional operators.

Forward Silver opened today at Rs. 183/- and improved at Rs. 183.4 under scattered buying. At this level the demand was satisfied and the market declined at Rs. 182/12 on moderate selling

Thereafter there was small support in the market and silver was quoted at Rs. 182/14. Ready Silver was placed at Rs. 183/6.

Forward Gold for Ashad delivery opened at Rs 116 11 and after improving at Rs. 116 12 declined at Rs 116/6 and steadied at Rs. 116/8. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 118/- and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 75 -.

Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Forward Silver	183	8	6
Ready Silver	183	10	0
Forward Gold	116	10	0
Ready Gold	117	12	0
Sovereigns	75	8	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, June 20.

The produce market was quiet today with increased selling in both groundnuts and linseed. It is said that professional operators were unloading a portion of their holdings while buyers were reluctant owing to undue high level of prices.

Quotations were as under:

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	39	0	0
Coromandal ready	39	0	0
Bold Ready	38	0	0
June-July	37	15	0
August-September	37	5	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Ready	29	14	0
LINSEED—			
Ready	29	6	0
June-July	28	15	0
August-September	28	10	0
GROUNDNUT OIL—			
Local Mills	27	2	0
Ready Mills	20	14	0
June	20	14	0
July	20	12	0
August	20	10	0
Linseed Oil	17	0	0
CASTORSEED OIL—			
First pressing quality	17	0	0
Castorseed oil Commercial quality	18	8	0

AMERICAN COTTON CROP PROSPECTS

Despite Large Acreage Weather Remains Unfavourable

NEW YORK, June 17.

The market was highlighted by an urgen covering movement in nearby July contracts prior to the first notice day on june 24th and a broadening speculative demand for new crop months Spot delivery crossed the 33 cent mark to establish a new seasonal high with a prominant spot firm containing to supply the bulk of offerings. The demand for new crops was based on a number of factors including the possibilities of heavy weevil damage due to frequent heavy rains, belief that they are selling under the prospective loan rate indications of good export business during the third quarter as a result of the recent Economic Co-operation Administration authorisations for that period and opposition among the cotton state Senators to any drastic cut in cotton finds for the agency.

According to the New York Cotton Exchange Service, exports thus far this season not including linters during the week crossed the 4,000,000 mark with some shippers of the opinion that U S exports will reach 4,300,000 to 4,400,000 bales for the full season ending July 31st as compared with only 1,968,000 in he previous season. With the crucial growing month of July approaching cotton traders are paying greater attention to daily weather reports. Private advices indicate that boll weevil menace this year will be greater than last year and that considerable damage may result. Despite prospects of a large acreage these developments have tempered the out-look for a record crop this season as had previously been anticipated.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, June 20.

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 15/16 Ready.
B. C. Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/5 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs 332 1/4.
Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329

Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs 8100
Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 8320
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79.
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D Gldn 79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 82 1/4
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs 157
Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 165 1/4

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52, 57-53, 43 London/Alexandra Cross Rate Pts. 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl 40; London-Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4, London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19-32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 15/16 1/2 25/32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 128-130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10.68-70; London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02; London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs 1096-1098; London-Prague Cross Rate K 201-203; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16; London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50; London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 17.34-36.

London Discts 3 Mos 5/8 p.c.
London Discts 6 Mos 3/4 p c
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c.; Bank of England Rate 2 p c.
Money:—Call 3/4 pc; 3 Mos 1 p c; 6 Mos 1-1/4 p c; 12 Mos 1-1/2 p c.
Tone:—Easy.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, June 20.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	8	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	10	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	8	0
2 3/4 per cent 1960	99	7	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	3	0
2 3/4 per cent 1976	95	12	0
3 per cent non-terminable	98	8	0
3 per cent 1966 Con.	98	9	0
3 per cent 1949-52	100	3	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	9	0
3 per cent 1953-55	101	12	0
3 per cent 1957	101	4	0
3 per cent 1959-61	100	14	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	4	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	2	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	12	0
4 per cent 1960-70	110	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	102	8	6
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	110	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114	4	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2 3/4 per cent U.P. 1961	97	6	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1956	100	12	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	10	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	99	12	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	4	0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100	4	0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100	4	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98	0	0
3 per cent U P. 1961-66	99	14	0
4 per cent B.P.T.	110	12	0
4 per cent B. Municipality	110	8	0
5 per cent B. Municipality 1959	114	0	0
6 per cent B Municipal 1954	115	0	0
3 per cent B Municipal 1950-60	107	0	0

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, June 20

MILLS

Apollo 2-8 2-8-6
Bharat 26-4 26-8
B. Dyeing 940 37 8 45 42-8 50 46/4
C. India 216 20'8 19/8
Finlay 237 38/8
Gokak 237 45 43
I. U. Defd. 1-9 1-9-6 1-9-3
I. U. Ord. 10-10 10-11 10-9 10-10-6
Indore 125
Kohinoor 247 53 48-12
Laxmi 635
Meyer 111-14
Morarji 402-8 3-12
New City 155
New Great 132
New Union 15 15-8 15-4
Sassoon Cotton 15
Simplex 163-8 66 64
Swadeshi 273 78-8 75
Tata Mills 46-8 46-4
Vishnu 206-4 200 (Ex Div)
C. P. Rly. 115

STEAMER

B. Steam 223-12 26-4 23-12
Scindia 13-5 13-3 13-6 13-12 13-8

BANKS

Baroda 120 16
Central 80 79-8 80 79-8 79-12
Cetral New 79 78-8 78-8
Imperial Old 1782-8
Imperial New 442-8 43-12
India 181 80-8 81
U. Commercial 42-4 40-8

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 120 19-6
Hydro 146-8 47
Power 1450 47-8

INSURANCE

New India 55-4 55-12
Vulcan 11-6

STEEL

B. Steel 15-9 15-12 15-10 15-14 15-12
I. Iron 19-6 19-10 -9-9 19-12 19-10 19-11
Tata Defd. 1222-8 15 33-12 26-4 37-8 30 40 22-8
Tata Ord. 250 53-4 52-8 53-4 52-8 53-12 41
Tata IInd Pref. 139

MISCELANEOUS

Alcock 212-8 15
A. C. C. Old 130-4 32-8 31-8
A. C. C. New 128 28-8
Belpaur 166 65 68 67 71-4 68-8
B. B. Old 263-12 68-12 67-8 68-12 66-4
B. B. New 101-4
B. B. Petrol 1-4-3 1-4
B. I. C. 7-5 7-6 7-5
I. Copper 1-12-3 1-12-6
I. I. Trust 91
P. Const. 84 83-12 85-12 85-4 86 84-12
Tata Chem. 8-12 8-10 8-12 8-11
Tata Oil 47 46-12
Wimco 154-6 55

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 45-8 44-12
Estrela Batteries Pref 31
Laxmi Pref. 258-12 (Ex Div)

DECISION TO REMAIN IN COMMONWEALTH WELCOMED

Mysore Congress Resolution

BANGALORE, June 20 (PTI): India's decision to remain within the Commonwealth is welcomed by the All Mysore Congress Committee. The Committee resuming its session in Tumkur in an official resolution unanimously passed yesterday said "the AMCC welcomes the stand taken by the Prime Minister of India in London in regard to India's position vis-a-vis the Commonwealth which, while ensuring the completely independent status of the Indian Republic enhancing the prestige of the country, at the same time will help realisation of the ideals of one-world Government in the ushering of which India has a notable part to play."

The All Mysore Congress Committee by another official resolution expressed gratification at the recent process of democratisation introduced in the state and called upon Congressmen in the state to lend fullest support to the Ministry in all its measures for the progress and development of the country.

The resolution said that the Congress had been consistently urging for this reform and noted with pleasure that it had been implemented.

ROME, June 19 (PTI-Reuter): The Italian Socialist Workers Congress closed tonight after adopting a resolution endorsing the policy of its leaders, Vice-Premier Giuseppe Saragat, and approving his decision to remain in Signor Alcide de Gasperi's Coalition Government.

Our Hubli Newsletter

CONGRESSMEN SHOULD MEND THEIR PRESENT WAYS

Get Ready To Face Future: Karnatak Leader's Call

(From Our Correspondent)

HUBLI, (By Mail):

CONGRESSMEN if they are really very serious in winning the coming general elections will have to mend their ways from now on and be strong to face all obstacles thrown in their way by their political opponents, says Dr. N. S. Hardikar, Karnatak Congress Leader and Organiser of All India Congress Seva Dal, commenting on the defeat of the official Congress Candidate in the Calcutta by-election.

"Let Congressmen give deep thought to this all important happening in Bengal. Let them correct their mistakes and unite their forces by throwing away all malice, selffishness and greed for power and like united men get ready to face the future" he adds.

The following is the full text of his statement:—

Election of Sarat Babu to the vacancy caused by the death of his brother Babu Satis Bose in the Bengal Assembly ought to serve as eye-opener to all Congressmen in this country. It shows the way in which the wind is blowing; and how we will have to face the situation in the General Election based on Adult Franchise.

Congressmen if they are really serious, in winning coming elections, will have to mend their methods from now on, and be strong to face all obstacles, that will be thrown in their way by their political opponents, who are being considered as enemies.

HUNT FOR POWER

Let them remember that due to their own making they have lost all their strength and today it seems from the elections that have taken place in Bombay and Bengal, and from what is happening in Punjab, Madras, and some states, that they are loosing fast all the strength still left in them The hunt for powwer, has crushed our very soul and e do not know where it will lead us.

All the ministerial changes in some Provinces, indicate, the length to which, we have gone in our power-hunt, by removing those, who have equally served the country in the past. What does it matter, if a becomes Premier, in place of Y, so long as X looks to the country's development, and follows principles and policies, outlined by the Centre. But the "I" in Man, makes nim work against another man, who is equally capable as himself.

ENEMIES FROM WITHOUT

This ego in man, has crushed Congressmen, and I am afraid, if some thing is allowed to continuue. Congress is doomed to failure in every work it undertakes. Let Congressmen remember that besides Political parties in the country which are opposing them tooth and nail, there are enemies, who are knocking at the Eastern Door.

The enemies from within are bound to be pushed forward, by the enemies from without. Thus they become friends. Our enemies' friend is our enemy also. And he too, without waiting for his ulterior motive, will take advantage of the present situation in the country, and the divisions amongst us. Thus we will be facing greater danger, if we do not awake now and immediately.

NO EXPLAINING AWAY

Let no body try to explain away the election of Sarat Bose, as against this one individual there was the whole force of Congress organisation. All the might of fthe Congress was behind the Congress candidate.

Prime Minister Pandit Nehru, and Deputy Prime Minister Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, threw their weight in favour of the Congress candidate. These two stalwarts are no mean men. They are the most popular men in the country. Their word has practically become, law. Such being the case, why should the Congress candidate loose and that too by majority of 13000 votes?

What does this show? If it is not a clear indication of the Congress loosing popularity and nold in the country, what else is it? And why is it so? Let Congressmen give deep thought to this all important happening in Bengal. Let them correct their mistakes and unite their forces by throwing away all malice, and selfishness, and greed for power and united get themselves ready to face the future. Otherwise the coming generation is bound to curse them, for having thrown them into the ditch.

SIGN OF DEMOCRACY

The Samyukta Karnataka leading by Congressmen in general has been stressed by local dailies of Hubli commenting on the results of the recent Calcutta by-election.

The Samyukta Karnatak a leading paper founded by Shri. R. R. Diwawar, Minister of State for Information, Government of India observes that no one need regret the result. In democracy successes and failures in elections were natural to any party. The paper suggests that instead of cursing the electorate Congressmen should commence searching their hearts as the recent Congress reverses served as an indicator that Congress was losing its popularity.

'Vishala Karnatak' and 'Navayug' two other dailies have also expressed similar opinions.

HUBLI BY-ELECTION

Mr. Gururao Desai was declared elected to the Bombay Legislative Council from the Dharwar-Karwar Constituency in the by-election held on Monday last. The by-election was caused by the death of Mr. Gururao's father, the late Narasinga Rao Desai of Kolhapur.

M. Desai polled 449 votes as against 34 secured by the only other candidate Mr. Nemachandappa Desai who later withdrew from the contest as per the award of the arbitration Board whose decision was binding on boh the candidates. As the time for withdrawal of candidature had already expired the formal procedure of election had to be conducted as usual.

Mr. Patil Puttappa, editor of 'Vishala Karnatak' a Kannada Daily of Hubli published by the Karnatak Publicity Company Ltd, has resigned with effect from June 16. Consequently today's issue of the paper does not bear the editor's name.

In a signed statement published in June 16 issue Mr. Puttappa has bid good-bye to the readers of the paper. Giving the reasons for his resignation Mr. Puttappa says that he could not achieve his object of uniting progressive elements of Karnatak thrugh the paper. At a time when agitation had to be carried on a large scale for the formation of United Karnatak he could not tolerate a position of being asked to keep mum on this vital issue, he observes.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, June 10.

S. S. MARJATA

From London: 1,119 cases toilet creams,, 80 packags dry colour, 200 cases aluminium circles, 58 bundles preserves, 1,960 ctns writing ink, 50 cases flat white tiles, 190 cases medicine harmless, 30 drums alcove, 80 cases cellulose lacqquer, 90 drums varnish, 110 drums paint, 857 bundles galvanized tiles, 100 cases calcium carbonate, 40 cases pressed glassware

From Middlesborough: 64 cases perspex.

From Antwerp: 736 bundles steel tubes, 133 bags ground chalk writing, 364 drums breuthals, 178 casks dry aniline, 169 cases common window glass, 60 drums hosiery.

From Rotterdam: 85 boxes lamps, 30 cases iron bootnails, 25 cases heel tips, 63 bundles paper, 300 bags barley, 100 bales corrugated boards, 314 drums aniline dyes, 63 drums coal tar, dyes. 100 cases full cream sweetened milk 250 rolls corrugated paper, 500 cases bottled beer.

From Genoa: 284 cases artificial silk yarn, 62 cases cotton yarn, 65 cases rayon yarn, 65 bales rayon of staple fibre yarn, 200 cases ox and cow chains.

S. S. TREVELLARD

From Hongkong: 92 cases Eveready flash light, 547 cases fire crackers, 89 cases wet preserves, 15,030 bundles cassia, 967 bundles fire crackers, 89 cases sandalwood, 46 rolls walling.

From Kobe: 130 cases iron pipe fittings, 350 cases glassware, 48 cases lamp shades, 305 cases aluminium circle, 75 cases diesel engines, 196 cases engine and accessory parts, 55 cases galvanized pipes, 65 cases crockery, 93 cases empty glass, 285 cases porcelainware, 47 cases glass tumblers, 200 cases brass round rods, 102 cases maidan shell.

Rrom Singapore: 450 bags groves. 150 bundles cassia, 29,838 bags sago flour, 2,472 bundles rattan, 423 bags betel nuts, 50 bags damar battu, 261 bags baking powder, 826 cases cloves, 1,448 bundles rattan.

S. S. KHANDALA

From Singapore: 450 zags groves, wood.

From Mombasa: 53 pieces tusk ivory, 190 bags green gram, 1,168 bags wattle extract, 200 brass scrap, 5,754 bales cotton.

From Dar-es-Salaam: 3,445 bales cotton.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S. S. KHANDALA

To Dar-es-Salaam: 52 bales cotton waste blankets—Bombay Dyeing & Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

To Mombasa: 16 bales blankets and 5 bales piecegoods—Bombay Dyeing & Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

S. S. WARLA

To Rangoon: 20 bags black pepper—Bombay Dyeing & Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

S. S. MANOERAN

To Colombo: 5 bags dilseed—E. Waljee & Co.

To Penang: 5 bags ginger—Shantilal & Co.

S. S. DWARKA

To Bahrain: 6 bags coriander—V. Dhaji & Co. 33 bags cardamoms—K. B. Mukundrao Ltd.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, June 20.

ARRIVALS

M.S. "DWARKA" from Basrah with 2,526 tons of barley and dates on 20-6-49

Agents: Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co.

S.S. "INDIAN PIONEER" from Calcutta with 6,000 tons of general cargo on 19-6-49.

Agents: Lionel Edwards Ltd.

"NAYADIS" from Fremantle in ballast on 19-6-49.

Agents: M/s. Burmah Shell.

"SAINT BERNARD" from Melbourne with 8,000 tons of flour on 18-6-49.

Agents: Graham Trading Co

M.S "BANTAM" from Rotterdam with 2,028 tons of general cargo on 18-6-49

Agents: Volkart Bros.

"TIMIAVO" from Trieste with 1,431 tons of general cargo and 50 tons of safety matches on 19-6-49.

Agents: Lloyd Triestino.

"STAMOS" from Odessa wi th 100 tons of grain on 19-6-49.

Agents: Graham Trading Co.

S.S. "FULTALA" from Bhavnagar with 250 tons of bone meal on 19-6-49.

Agents: Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co.

"CANTON" from London with 2,564 tons of general cargo on 19-6-49.

Agents: Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co

"DUINO" from Genoa with 7,542 tons of general cargo on 19-6-49.

Agents: Lloyd Triestino.

DEPARTURES

S.S. "EXHIBITOR" for Calcutta with 2,275 tons of general cargo on 20-6-49.

"CAZALERTONE" for Persian Gulf with 3,000 tons of general cargo on 19-6-49.

"BELAPUR" for Basrah with 2,500 tons of general cargo on 18-6-49.

M.S. "DUMRA" for Basrah with 1,603 tons of general cargo on 18-6-49

"INDIAN MERCHANT" for Calcutta with 6,000 tons of general cargo on 19-6-49

S.S. "BHARATJAL" for Bhavuagar in ballast on 19-6-49.

S.S. "FAKIRA" for Chittagong with 1,600 tons of general cargo on 19-6-49

S.S. "BHRATJAL" for Bhavnagar with 919 tons of general cargo and timber on 18-6-49.

"CANTON" for Hong Kong with 3,030 tons of general cargo on 19-6-49

"TILE MACHOS" for Aden in ballast on 19-6-49.

We give below the latest information regarding vessels due to arrive at and sail from Bombay under Agency:: of Messrs. Volkart Brothers:—

DUE TO ARRIVE AT BOMBAY:—

FROM U. S. ATLANTIC COAST.

s.s "Hoegh Merchant" Due 30th June.

l.s. "Riouw" Due 31st July.

FSOM U. S. ATLANTIC COAST:

s.s "Rondo" Due 14th July.

s.s. "Hoegh Silverwave" Due 25th July.

FROM ROTTERDAM-ANTWERP;

s.s. "Lieve Vrouwekerk" Due 21st June.

s.s. "Leopoldskerk" Due 5th July.

FROM PERSIAN GULF VIA KARACHI:

s.s. "Lutterkerk" Due 25th June.

s.s. "Hoegh Silvermoon" Due 4th July.

s.s. "John Bakke" Due 6th July.

FROM AUSTRALIA.

s.s. "Hoegh Silverstream" Due 21st June.

DUE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY:—

FOR CALCUTTA VIA COLOMBO:

s.s. "Streefkerk" Sails 23rd June.

s.s. "Silverash" Sails 24th June.

s.s. "Lieve Vrouwekerk" Sails 5th July.

s.s. "Leopoldskerk" Sails 19th July.

FOR U. S. PACIFIC COAST:

s.s. "Manoeran" Sails 29th June.

FOR PERSIAN GULF VIA KARACHI:

s.s. "Hoegh Merchant" Sails 8th July.

s.s. "Riouw" Sails 12th Aug.

FOR AUSTRALIA:

s.s. "Hoegh Silvermoon" Sails 12th July.

FOR U. S. ATLANTIC COAST:

s.s. "Hoegh Siverstream" Sails 29th June.

s.s. "John Bakke" Sails 10th July.

FOR MEDITERRANEAN & NORTH CONTINENTAL PORTS:

s.s. "Aludra" Sails 24th June.

s.s. "Lutterkerk" Sails 29th June.

FOR INDONESIA:

s.s. "Bantam" Sails 30th June.

Japan Needs Leaders

TOKYO—(UPA) Although Allied officials do not meddle openly in Japanese politicts, a great many prominent men in General MacArthur's Headquarters feel that one of Japan's biggest needs is a crop of new leaders.

Thus far in the occupation, no really new faces have come to the front. Even the Communists now permitted political freedom are led by a few timers who were jailed in prewar days and turned loose at the end of hostilities.

The fear, as expressed privately by Allied Headquarters officials working directly with the Japanese is that the failure to develop new men to take over the reins of the Government will leave Japan in a vacuum if the old leaders die or the occupation ends. Also, they are afraid that unless new leaders take over from the veterans there might be a tendency for Japan to swing old ways.

The present Prime Minister of Japan is an old work horse who has long been a prominent political figure. He is Shigeru Yoshida head of the ultra-conservative Democratic-Liberal Party which has a majority in the National Diet.

Yoshida had a long pre-war diplomatic career having been Ambassador to Italy in 1930 and ambassador to Great Britain from 1936 to 1939—along with other assignments.

The men coming up below him in his party—and fighting for position as his successo. are veteran political figures whose records tie them to the past rather than the future and new Japan.

Totsu Katayama is another of the old faces appearing on the post-war scene as Premier Head of the Social Democratic Party, he has long been identified with the Socialist movement in Japan.

Another example of an old timer on the stage today is Kyuchi Tokuda Number One Communist, who has a long public record here—including 18 years imprisonment.

Out of all the political groups, probably the Communists have the only potential second team in sight.

There are many signs that the Japanese masses themselves are becoming more and more aware of this condition and many indications that they are looking and long for a really good leader to fall behind in this period of post-war adjustment. More than that, there are suggestions that the Japanese people would like to see somebody rise out of the crowd to lead them past the adjustment period into the new era they dream about.

BREACH OF RATION REGULATIONS

Police Raid At Kalyan Marriage Party

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, June 20: Twenty Police Constables headed by Inspector Naivade of Thana Police surprised a marriage party yesterday evening at Kalyan. It is understood that the police had information to the effect that the party had stored much rice and cereals for feeding more than 25 people and thus attempted to break the Rationing Rules.

The Police immediately on their arrival raided the rooms and seized about 30 payelees of rice and other dals. A charge sheet would be filed for breaking the rules without any permit.

This is the first case since the beginning of the ration in this city and it has created a great stir amongst the people.

CHANGE IN LABOUR POLICY NEEDED

Mr. N. M. Joshi's Demand

NAGPUR June 20 (P T I) The Labour leader Mr N M Joshi addressing a meeting here last night, pleaded for a change in the Labour policy of the Central and Provincial Governments. Mr R S Ruikar presided over the meeting which was held under the auspices of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha.

Compared to the economic conditions of labour in any other country in the world Labour in India was in distressing plight Mr Joshi said. This explained the present wave of discontent among Labour in this country and the need of developing Trade Union organisation on sound and healthy lines. Wages in India, he said were still at a low level even after the post-war increases in dearness allowances.

Mr Joshi urged the Central Government and Provincial Ministries to "embark on a programme of implementing Labour welfare schemes instead of mere holding out promises of a better deal for workers in the distant future."

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON JULY.

NEW YORK, June 20

Previous Closing	33 00
Today's Opening	33 04
Difference	+3
Today's Closing	33 07
Difference	+7

LAST QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, June 20

	Rs	As.
Silver Ashad	184	0
Gold Ashad	116	12
Silver Bullion	184	4
Silver Mint	184	8
Gold Ready	118	0
Sovereign	75	4

NEW YORK STOCKS.

NEW YORK, June 20

Stock Exchange opening prices—

Anaconda Copper Mining dol 25-1/8.

General Motors dol 54-1/8.

United States Steel Common dol 21-3/8.

United States Steel Preference dol 130-1/2.—(P.T.I.-Reuter).

WHITE HOUSE ON THE VERGE OF COLLAPSE

Battle Between Traditionalists And Economists

WASHINGTON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter)

THE White House, traditional home of American Presidents has become the centre of a congressional battle between traditionalists and economists—because it is on the verge of collapse.

The "money" Committees of Congress have reached a deadlock over the cost of repairs, estimated at 5 40 000 dollars (£1,350,000 sterling).

The Appropriations Committee of the Senate voted this sum to cover renovations.

But when the bill went before the Appropriations Committee of the House of Representatives which must agree before it can go to both Houses of Congress for their approval, opposition developed.

The House Committee, headed by Mr Clarence Cannon of Missouri objected to the expensive repair programme. They maintained that the best part of a million dollars could be saved if the present White House were demolished and replaced by a modern marble and steel mansion.

Mr Cannon's idea is that the new building should be a replica of the old one—but he argues that it would last for many generations. He made it clear that while he did not want to destroy the traditions of the White House, he did not see why more money than necessary should be spent on keeping the ancient one from falling apart.

On the question of cost, he had the support of the Commissioner of Public Buildings, Mr. W. E. Reynolds, who gave evidence that the White House could be completely rebuilt for about 4,725,000 dollars (£1,181,250 sterling).

The Commissioner, however, did not recommend tearing down the thick sandstone outer walls which he thought could last idefinitely, under certain conditions. These walls rest on a spread foundation about eight feet wide. But he pointed out that they are of rather poor stone and there is "a little bit of cracking."

Leading the traditionalists is Senator Kenneth M'Kellar of Tennessee, Chairman of the Senate Appropriations Committee, who has the backing of a considerable weight of sentimental opinion, as well as of some newspaper columnists.

Senator M'Kellar does want the White House to be completely modernised if that means razing the outer walls.

He would like to retain the walls with a steel frame while workmen build new interior walls, lay new floors of concrete and steel, deepen the foundations and fireproof the whole building.

The fireproofing is regarded as particularly necessary since architects have condemned the White House as a "firetrap".

One reason why the traditionalists demand the retention of the old outer walls that they still show marks of the fire of 1814 when British troops burned the Presidential mansion.

The fire destroyed the interior and left only sections of the outer walls. Work of rebuilding was round the original walls was begun in the spring of 1815 and the building was painted white.

It was then that it became known as the White House.

Little structural steel was used in the building and engineers and architects who inspected it before pronouncing it dangerous, found that the interior walls had been seriously weakened by holes cut for modern plumbing and electricity circuits.

Millions of tourists and official guests had added to the strain on floors and stairways.

President Truman remained in the White House until his bath was in danger of falling through the floor and a great chandelier in the reception room began to sway threateningly with the creaking of the ceiling over the heads of his guests. His daughter Margaret found that the leg of a grand piano which she used had gone through the floor as the creakings and groanings of walls, ceilings and floors increased.

The Presidential family then became evacuees—to Blair House the guest house across the street usually reserved by the United States Government for important foreign visitors.

To prove that the creaks and groans were not imaginary a supersensitive noise detector which magnifies sound a thousand times was taken into the White House recently.

Reporters who listened to the recordings said that the noises were "pretty gruesome".

A six-member White House Commission to supervise the building is being set up as the Congressional Committees seek a solution to the problem of whether to renovate and repair or simply to rebuild.

It has been estimated that it will take several weeks before the Senate Committee can introduce a new bill to the Senate and after that the Senate and House Committees will confer together to seek a compromise acceptable to both Houses.

FINNISH NEWSPRINT FOR INDIA

HELSINKI— Finland will send India 12,000 tons of newsprint under a new trade agreement between the two countries, the Board of Trade has announced.

Other Finnish exports include: 15,000 tons of printing and writing paper; 100 tons of cigarette paper, 500 tons of wallboard, 6 000 tons of cellulose and 10,000 standards of sawn timber.

India will send Finland 1,000 tons of flax seed, 500 tons of jute, 100 tons of jute thread, 130 tons of vegetable oil, 200 tons of tobacco shellac, tea spices, cocoanut thread, sacks and chemicals.

Payments will be made insterling.

Six New Gliders For Poona

MORE PURCHASES LIKELY, SAYS IRANI

LONDON, June 20 (PTI): The Indian Glider Association, Poona, has acquired six new gliders from England, it was learnt here today.

S H Irani, Chief Inspector of the Association, who has been on a tour of U K and Europe studying the latest technical developments in gliders and the working of Gliding Associations in these countries, said that India had still a long way to go before she could reach the level of western countries in the matter of glider training.

The new purchases include three primary types, two secondary and one double-seater glider for instructional purposes. Irani expected that he would be able to place orders for some more double-seater high performance gliders on returning home.

Irani also attended the Conference of Federation Aeronautique Internationale (Ostive) held recently in Paris.

Irani said that India was admirably suited for gliding both in the matter of weather and geographical conditions. He said that with all the necessary raw materials available in plenty India should be able to build her own gliders very soon. He mentioned that the Himalayan pine would be admirably suited for the manufacture of gliders in India.

Jute Prices At Reasonable Level

CALCUTTA, (UPA): The need for the maintenance of jute prices at an economic level is stressed by East Bengal's Commerce Minister, Mr. Hamidul Huq Chowdhury.

The extensive use of jute in the past, he points out, has been due to its comparative cheapness, and as the gap between the price of jute and that of other fibres diminishes the danger of the demand for jute falling increases.

The Minister warns that it is therefore necessary to be cautious and not to hug the delusion that jute prices can continually be pushed up without inviting the danger of jute being replaced by substitute fibres.

It is also of importance, he says, that there should be no scarcity of the commodity, another reason which might lead other countries to search for substitutes.

This year's increase of 6 1 4 per cent in East Bengal's jute acreage over that of last year was intended mainly, according to Chowdhury, to increase the province's ability to meet world demands. This aim, however, has been frustrated by the destruction of crops due to heavy and early rains.

The Minister discloses that jute brought East Bengal some Rs. 80 crores last year.

KARWAR, June 19 (PTI-Reuter): A public meeting held here on Friday decided to float a thermal electric company in Karwar with indigenous capital to provide electricity to town.

"GET ME NEWS FROM INDIA, THEY WILL KILL ME"

Mysterious Note From Muslim Who Committed Suicide

SINGAPORE, June 20, (PTI-Reuter):— "Please come and have a look at me here. Also please get me news from India by wire. They will kil me."

This mystery note apparently written by Indian Seaman Nazir Ali who was found hanging in the immigration depot at Tanjong Pagar on June 1, was produced at the coroner's inquest into Nazir's death.

Police told the court that they had made exhaustive inquiries but were satisfied that there had been no foul play.

A finding of suicide was returned. Controller of Immigration, Mr J Haxworth, said Nazir Ali was one of six Indian seamen who had been deported from America, the men arrived in Singapore on May 26.

Five men went on to India and Nazir Ali who applied for permission to remain in Malaya on the grounds that he was a former resident, was detained by the immigration authorities pending a decision on his application.

Mr. M. A Majid, President of the Indo Pakistan Seamen's Union, said he had written to the immigration department regarding Nazir's desire to stay in Malaya.

In the course of conversation with Nazir shortly after his arrival from New York, Nazir told him that he had about 3,000 dollars when he left America.

Mr. Majid added that he had been told that Nazir was very upset about his detention.

Inspector Osman Bin Omar said he found 58 dollars in Nazir's trunk. The note left by Nazir was addressed to a man named Abdul Rahman living in Singapore. This man had been unable to throw any light on the tragedy.

FREE FIGHT BREAKS OUT IN LEAGUE MEETING

DACCA, June 19 (PTI-Reuter):— Chairs and flower vases were broken and some persons roughly handled in the confusion which prevailed at a meeting of the Council of the East Pakistan Provincial Muslim League here yesterday. Maulana Abdullah el Baqui, Vice-President of the Provincial Muslim League, was in the chair.

The meeting broke up in disorder, some members apparently belonging to the opposing sections in the council nearly coming to blows in the meeting hall.

As Chaudhuri Khaliquzzaman, President of the All Pakistan Muslim League, was asked to address the meeting. A section of the meeting demanded that the question of the resignation of Maulana Akram Khan, President of the Provincial Muslim League, be discussed first. This was followed by uproarious scenes, when several members rushed to the dias and removed the presidents microphone. In the melee, some chairs and flower vases were broken and some members roughly handled.

When the Council met again today, Choudhury Khaliquzzaman is understood to have appealed to the members to postpone for one month the consideration of Maulana Akram Khan's resignation.

To U.N.

Dr. J. F. Bulsara, Deputy Municipal Commissioner, who has been appointed Social Affairs Officer to the United Nations Secretariat in the Social Affairs division. He will leave for New York on June 24.

CITY RECEPTION TO DR. BALSARA

BOMBAY, Monday.

Bombay's Deputy Municipal Commissioner Dr. Jal F. Balsara who will shortly be proceeding to Bangkok to take up his new appointment as United Nations' Social Affairs Officer was entertained at a reception given in his honour by Sir Rustam Masani and Mr. C. Shah at the Grand Hotel, Ballard Pier, this evening.

Wishing "bon voyage" to the guest of the day Sir Rustam Masani paid warm tributes to the services rendered by Dr. Balsara in the field of social welfare of the city.

Sir Rustam said that the UNO which followed in the footsteps of the defunct League of Nations had attached great importance to social welfare. It aimed at creating in the citizens of the world a civic sense and a sense of social justice. In this connection he was happy to find that Dr. Balsara was entrusted with such an important work by an organisation of world repute.

In a brief but fitting reply Dr. Balsara thanked all present for the honour done to him. He said he had accepted his new post in the spirit of an internationalist, because he was interested in the social welfare work. He did not know the exact nature of his new duties, but he was sure that it would be interesting. He was supposed to keep himself in touch with various Far-Eastern countries and arrange for the exchange of scholars and technical advisers between the East and the West.

"The Far-Eastern countries", continued Dr. Balsara, "are undergoing a great political upheaval and are assuming greater political importance". As a sociologist believing in the gradual evolution of society he was confident that his new post would afford him an opportunity to study the latest interesting developments in these countries.

Concluding Dr. Balsara pleaded for a greater emphasis on international brotherhood than on "patriotism". That way alone, he said, lay the salvation of the world.

KANPUR, June 20, (PTI):— The general strike by bank employees in the United Provinces, which was to commence from June 21, has been postponed for the time being. Announces Mr. K E. Mehrotra, General Secretary of the U.P. Bank Employees Union.

OUR LONDON LETTER

Gap Between Labour And State Widens

REDS ARE NOT AT THE ROOT OF PRESENT DISCONTENT

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON (By Mail).

ONLY superfluous critics would blame the Communists for the Labour unrest we are witnessing in this country today. The unrest might suit the purposes of the Communists—they may even attempt to exploit it—but they are not the authors of it. It is largely due to the factors inherent in the present situation. Wherever leaders show a tendency to get remote from their followers as the Labour leaders in this country are showing today—many of them having become closely identified with their colleagues in the Government, an unhappy gap grows up, a gap that splits the leaders and men in separate categories.

This unhappy phenomenon is slowly manifesting itself and unless controlled with prudence and imagination might threaten the very existence of the mighty trade union movement which has in the past rendered meritorious services to the cause of Labour. At present the unrest is confined to railways but it might easily affect other industries.

QUARREL OVER WAGES

The quarrel on the surface is about the wages. The rail workers say that they cannot live on the present wages (ranging from £4 to £7 per week). The Railway Executive point of view is that fares are already high and that any further addition to wages would inevitably mean increase added to present intolerable burden being borne by the travelling public. Quite logical, but the difficulties of men also could not be ignored. It is true that wages have gone up recently, but the increase has been nullified by the rise in prices. In actuality the worker with his higher wages today is no better off than when he was getting lower wages for the purchasing power of the pound then was much higher that it it today.

Sir Stafford Cripps might be justified in insisting on the freezing of wages, but there would always be claim for rise while prices continue to soar. The root cause is the higher cost of living which hits the poor hardest. Important as the question of wages is, below the surface there are other questions equally important. First, the constitution of the Trade Union Council tends to concentrate initiative in the hands of those already in power, giving little scope for new comers for expression of their views. Secondly, those at the top, being identified with the Government, and knowing the Government's difficulties are prone to attach little importance to the difficulties of the rank and file. Thirdly, the failure of th nationalised industry to give the workers voice in management. There are of course, consultative committees, but what the workers want is real share in the control. This demand has increased since it was felt that public ownership makes little difference to workers state in industry or to his relation with managerial officers who are set over him.

WORKERS' UNITED FRONT

No solution, not based on this psychological background to the wave of unofficial strikes sweeping over the country, can be a permanent solution. But the question of the worker's share in the control of nationalised industries would not be seriously taken up till after the General election. The workers at the Blackpool Conference decided to bury their differences and present a united front to the Tories at the election. But if the present unrest is allowed to mount up, this front may be threatened. Undoubtedly the Labour in office has got to take in view not merely the sectional interests of the workers, but the interests of the entire country. But this does not mean that the views of the employers should have priority over those of the workers. Hitherto there has been a tendency to take the support of the workers for granted and devote efforts to winning the support of the employers in the task of increasing the production in national interest.

AFGHAN-PAKISTAN DISPUTE

The Afghan Pakistan dispute has not received much attention in the British press. But it is believed Whitehall is a bit concerned at the latest development. Exchanges on the subject have passed between the Afghan Government and the British Foreign Office. In the columns of the "Spectator", Sir Mirza Ismail gives expression to the suspicion that "Russia is behind the activities of the Afghan authorities. In his view if Afghanistan attacked Pakistan, supported by the fighting men of the great tribal from Russia, Pakistan would not be able to repel such an onslaught. In the debacle that would follow both India and Pakistan might go down in ruin, he says. This is quite true. But how can there be co-operation between the two Dominions when frustrated men are engaged in fanning inter-Dominion hatreds. Some Pakistan elements in this country are not entirely blind to the weakness of their position, but find comfort in the thought that if they have to go down they would take India with them. Thus if Pakistan must perish, India must not be allowed to survive. What a foolish creed. Why not combine and live in peace and prosperity. In any case the Afghan-Pakistan dispute can not but be viewed with the gravest concern in New Delhi. Indeed the dispute is not such that should not be amenable to the ordinary method of negotiation.

ANGLO-PAKISTAN RELATION

Certain Pakistan circles in London are expressing growing disappointment at Britain's attitude towards Pakistan. Their main grievance is that in the matter of Kashmir Britain failed to extend support to them. Another grievance is that in the matter of sterling balances India received a better deal. They also have a grievance against British trade and commerce for not attaching sufficient importance to the markets of Pakistan. Indeed, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, the Prime Minister, himself has expressed disappointment that the British businessmen are not adding to their investments in Pakistan and warned that Pakistan could not afford to wait. "She must take her friends where she finds them." This warning has so far produced no reaction here. The Prime Minister of Pakistan could not have seriously expected that his words, which sounded like a declaration to go over to the other side, would influence anyone. An industrialist can be expected to dispense with the test which he usually applies to his investments simply because it relates to Pakistan. The authorities in Pakistan might be right in believing that theirs is a going concern. But an industrialist has got his own standards. Nor is it fair for Pakistan to expect Britain to take sides in the Kashmir affair. Will not extending support to Pakistan be an act of unfriendliness towards India?

GOODWILL TOWARDS INDIA

Undoubtedly since India's decision to remain in the Commonwealth there is greater goodwill towards India. But this does not mean there is any the less goodwill towards Pakistan. Instead of seeking favour at the hands of Britain or any other country, the leaders of Pakistan should concentrate on cementing friendship with India. That will bring them very valuable rewards. The policy of twisting the tail of India by raising the ghost of Hyderabad at the Security Council cannot be very helpful in promoting friendship. A little self-examination would do the authorities in Pakistan great good and the time is indeed come when they subjected themselves to this hygienic operation.

RAJKUMARI AMRIT KAUR

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, who spent a week in London, before leaving for Rome to attend the World Health Assembly, had the opportunity to meet many English friends of India, some of whom have viewed recent developments with concern. One of these friendly critics is Mr. Kingsley Martin. The luncheon at India House, where Mr. Kingsley Martin met Rajkumari, could not afford him an opportunity to acquaint her with doubts that were assailing his mind. But everybody knows that he is grieved that the Congress should have forgotten Gandhiji's injunction about austerity and "flung itself on the sweets of office". "He is not blind to the great achievements of Nehru's Government. They are indeed marvellous achievements of which any country would be proud. This very fact adds to the sorrow at the failure of these great men to root out corruption or run the administration on more austere lines. Every day V.I.P.s come from India bound for this or that corner. These world contacts are necessary.

NEW SOVEREIGNS

Since 1917 no gold sovereigns have been issued to the public and it is doubtful if they will be issued in the near future. But the Government has decided to strike 100,000 sovereigns this year so that "inherited knowledge and craftsmanship of gold coining" might not be lost. In 1925 we had a similar practice—only single. The die made in that year will be used on the present occasion and therefore the new sovereigns, though produced in 1949, will bear the date 1 dated 1945. It is said this procedure is not without precedent. Coins are often minted in one year and issued in another.

GENERAL ELECTION

Speculation about the date of General Election is now rife and, will perhaps remain so till the date is actually announced. It is now recognised that forecasts of General Election this autumn, in which Conservatives recently indulged, are without foundation. May now is the favourite tip. It is argued that the Labour Government will like to introduce a budget which will tempt the electorate to vote for the Labour Party. But the economic factors do not warrant a favourable budget. Sir Stafford Cripps is not likely to depart from his conviction that the Budget must remain severe until the close of Marshall aid period in 1952. For this reason it is quite likely that the Labour Party may decide to go to the country before another stiff budget is presented. By February the Government's programme of legislation would have been completed and there may be General Election in March though winter elections cannot be popular.

PLEA FOR RELEASE OF C. J. MANE

Hebeas Corpus Application

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bavdekar & Mr. Justice Chinani)

D. B. C. Kamble ..... Applicant.
vs.
The Commissioner of Police ..... Respondent

This was a "habeas corpus" application for the release of C. J. Mane, General Secretary of the Bombay Municipal Kamgar Sangh, who had been arrested on May 14 and detained under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act on the ground that he was likely to act in a manner rejudicial to the public safety and tranquility of Greater Bombay. Among the grounds of his detention was stated that Mane was "instigating and likely to instigate persons engaged in the employment of street cleaning services of the Bombay Municipality.

The petitioner contended that it was wrong to keep Mane in custody and that the Commissioner of Police not having applied his mind to the case, the detention order was bad in law.

Their lordships admitted the petition and issued a Rule which will come up for hearing in due course.

Mr K. H. Mangle, instructed by Messrs. Kothare and Co. appeared for the petitioner.

ECHO OF ARSON IN SATARA

Villagers' Appeal Against Conviction

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bavdekar & Mr. Justice Chainani).

D. M. Fadtare & four others ..... Appellants (Accused).
vs.
Imperator.

Convicted of the offences of looting and arson by the Special Judge of Satara and sentenced to 3 years' R. I. and a fine of Rs. 100, the accused, villagers of Kuroli appealed to the High Court.

The accused accompanied by 25 others were alleged to have set fire to the houses of two Brahmin families on the night of 5th February, 1948, following the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi.

Mr. E. B. Ghaswalla with Mr. V. T. Gambhirvala appeared the appellants.

High Court Re-opens

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bombay High Court re-opened on Monday after the summer vacation.

Food Rationing In More Baroda Towns

BOMBAY, Monday.

More towns in Baroda State are to come under food rationing very shortly. They are Mehsana, Patan ,Sidhpur Kalol, Amreli, Navsari, Billimora, Dabhoi and Petlad This was revealed by Mr. V. T. Dehejia, Special Commissioner for Baroda, at a press conference this morning. Already food rationing exists in Baroda city and Okhha.

Mr. Dehejia stated that a new system of rationing would be introduced in Baroda city from August 1 and in the other towns from September 1. The remaining areas of the State, he said, would be served by fair price shops.

The Special Commissioner stated that in May last 27 new fair price shops had been opened in the State, bringing the total number of such shops to 504.

MR. SHAH ELECTED TO ASSEMBLY

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr Shantilal H. Shah has been declared elected to the Contituent Assembly of the Indian Union. He was the only candidate duly nominated for the vacancy caused by the resignation of His Excellency Mr. H. P. Mody.

Bombay Recognises Burma S. L. C. Examination

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Government of Bombay has recognized a pass in the Anglo-Vernacular School Leaving Certificate (Burma) examination and the Burma High School Final examination, both with eligibility for the University Course, as equivalent to a pass in the Matriculation examination of the Bombay University for the purposes of recruitment to the Government service.

Telegrams For Palestine

BOMBAY, Monday.

All classes of telegrams including NLT or DLT are now admitted for Palestine offices of Hebrew, Jenin, Jericho, Jerusalem Old City, Nablus, Tulkarm and Ramallal for disposal via Jordan services through Amman.

They are also acceptable for Bethlehem but in this case delivery will be effected by post from Amman.

Code telegrams to Shanghai and Provinces of Anwei, Chekiang, Kiangsu and Hupeh (Hankow, Wucheng, Hangyang only) must be written in one of following codes—ABC telegraph sixth and seventh, Acme Commodity and Phrase, Bentley complete phrase, Bentleys second phrase with name of code to appear in the preamble.

HUBLI, June 20 (PTI): Prominent artists of Karnataka met here yesterday under the Presidentship of Mr. M. V. Minajgi, and unanimously resolved that a regional school of art for Karnataka should be established by the Government in the immediate future.

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Regd. No. B. 1065

FOOD PROCUREMENT DRIVE IN U. P.

During the last two months the U.P. Government have paid a sum of Rs. 7,00,00,000 as price of the foodgrains procured from over a crore of cultivators in 33 procurement districts of the province.

For safe storage of the grains pucca store-godowns are under constructions in the KABAL towns at an estimated cost of Rs. 40 lacs, besides construction of 3,600 khattles at a cost of Rs. 30 lacs.

Twenty thousand wagons and 2,000 public carriers are engaged in transporting grains from the purchasing centres to store-godowns, while 75 vehicles, including pick-ups and land Rovers, are employed for the supervision of the scheme.

Hundreds of public meetings addressed by the Hon'ble Ministers, Parliamentary Secretaries, Officials and public workers have been organised in every corner of the procurement districts to explain to the cultivators the necessity of grain procurement.

Fleets of bullock-carts loaded with grains have arrived at the purchasing centres daily.

The cultivators have fully availed of the opportunity of purchasing cloth, kerosene, cement, salt etc. at cheaper rates from the co-operative shops opened at each centre.

Officers of the Food Department have inspected the purchasing centres at regular intervals to see that no coercion of any kind is exercised on the cultivators and to ensure that procurement is carried on smoothly.

Hon'ble Shri C. B. Gupta, Minister for Food and Civil Supplies, U. P. Government, addressing a gathering of cultivators explaining to them the necessity of grain procurement.

Officers of the Food Department inspecting co-operative shop where cultiv cultivators assemble.

Bags of grains being weighed.

Fleet of bullock-carts arrive at a purchasing centre.

U. P.'s Food Commissioner, Shri Bhagwan Sahai, I.C.S., paying a surprise inspection visit to see that no wrong is done to the cultivators.

Bags of grains being unloaded and taken to newly constructed godowns.

Foodgrains are loaded on public carriers to be despatched to the store-godowns in one of the Kabal towns.

MIXED GRILL

By Grumbler

As you walk along the road or stand in the corridor of a crowded train, someone suddenly addresses you. Often he offers nothing more than a passing comment, some pointless banality. If you present a stern countenance and show no sign of having heard him, that may be the end of it. But if so much as a faint smile flickers on your lips or a gentle crease of understanding shows on your face, you may get a long and perfectly irrelevant story of weal or woe. You may be bored, even annoyed; but somehow the teller is pleased. Everyone wants to tell his story to the world.

Perhaps it is this itch to tell it to the world that is responsible for the curious stream of visitors—the aggrieved, the frustrated, the angry, people of various degrees of mental unbalance from spiritual ecstacy to downright lunacy—who haunt a newspaper office.

Here is one—a mild face, a glib tongue and an altogether suave personality. He is a great fighter against the black markets. He is constantly making applications in law courts and telling it to the newspapers.

Here is a second—he is always starting new organisations and always wants a little publicity for the 'good cause'.

Here is a third—he has begun a fast unto death. He tells you that he has taken this ordeal upon himself because his departmental head would not give him night allowance although he had worked at night.

Here is a fourth—a ragged soul with great unkempt beard carrying on a signature campaign to have the name of a road changed.

And so on.

But I was never so intrigued as when an old man, who must have found it very hard to negotiate staircase, walk into the reporters' room and calmly announce that he was the bravest man in India. As conclusive proof of the assertion he produces a gold medal which the Commissioner of Police had given to him. When I read the name I reproduced a gold medal which the membered at once a story which has been creamed in the press about the exploits of an old man who could not walk without the aid of a stick, which he courageously used to beat up a goonda who was about to stab a helpless and unwary woman.

The idea of the bravest man in India hobbling up the steps of a newspaper office to tell it to the world—not for the first time—brought a smile to my lips, but breaking through the smile came a revelation. The philosophical problem: "why a newspaper?" had baffled me. The explanation was now apparent.

Is not the press the organised instrument of the talkativeness of man, the vehicle through which every one can satisfy the irresistible urge to tell it to the world?

WITHDRAWAL NOT DEMANDED

SEOUL (South Korea), June 20. (PTI-Reuter): A deputation representing 141 members of the National Assembly today denied before the United Nations Commission and United States Ambassador, John Muccio, that the South Koreans desired the withdrawal of the United States Military Advisory Group.

NEHRU'S GREETINGS TO CHANDERNAGORE

Referendum Result, "A Proof Of People's Sentiment"

NEW DELHI, June 20 (PTI):

PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU, Prime Minister said in a message today, that the Government and people of France should see in the result of the referendum in Chandernagore proof of the sentiment of the peoples of their settlements in India for reunion with their motherland.

The message was sent to Mr. Dabendranath Dash, President, Council of Administration, Chandernagore.

Sending his greetings to the people of Chandernagore, Pandit Nehru said" the form in which Chandernagore will join the Indian Union will be decided after full consideration of all the issues involved, including, more especially, the wishes of the people.

TEXT OF MESSAGE

The following is the full text of the message: "The news of the decision of the overwhelming majority of the people of Chandernagore, freely expressed by the democratic method of a referendum, to join the Indian Union has naturally caused me and my colleague's great satisfaction, a satisfaction which, I feel sure, is shared by the entire Indian people. We welcome Chandernagore and its people to the Indian Union, and to the Indian Republic to be, as partners in the disciplined liberty of a great country and in the great tasks that confront us.

"It is particularly gratifying to me that the referendum should have passed off peacefully. The Government and people of France, for whom the Government and people of India entertain feelings of sincere friendship, should see in the result of the referendum in Chandernagore proof of the sentiments of the peoples of their settlements in India for reunion with their motherland and of India's desire that this process of change, inevitable by reasons of history, geography, culture and the spirit of the times, should be voluntary and peaceful and should strengthen the existing bonds of friendship between India and France.

"I send my greetings to the people of Chandernagore and my good wishes for their future progress and prosperity. The form in which Chandernagore will join the Indian Union will be decided after full consideration of all the issues involved, including, more especially, the wishes of the people."

COLLECTIONS FOR PEACE MISSION

India Government's Warning

SINGAPORE, June 20. (P. T. I.): Reuter): The office of the Indian Government representative in Malaya has issued a warning about an Indian, now in Malaya, who is reported to have collected large sums of money in Burma and Siam for a "non-existent" Gandhi Peace Mission with headquarters at Sevagram.

The man, who describes himself as a "Major" and claims close friendship and association with Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose, has been representing himself as the mission's representative for the entire South-East Asia.

It has been ascertained that the "Major" is not even known in Sevagram.

DR. SATYAPAL DEFEATED

Amritsar D. C. C. Election

AMRITSAR, June 19, (P. T. I.): Mr. Amar Chand Cupta was today elected as President of the Amritsar District Congress Committee in a closed contest with the veteran Congress Leader Dr. Satyapal. The voting was 130 to 94.

Mr. Gupta had successfully sponsored a no-confidence motion against Dr. Satyapal some months ago.

After the election, Mr. Gupta said that he would strive for unity in the Congress ranks.

GWALIOR, June 20. (P. T. I.): About six hundred tonga-drivers went on a 24-hours strike today demanding reduction in the Municipal tax and better treatment by the police.

IRRIGATION SCHEMES OF RAJASTHAN

Three-Year Plan

JAIPUR, June 19. (PTI): Effective consolidation of all irrigation schemes in the United States of Rajasthan will bring an area of over 30,00,000 acres of land under the plough within three years.

At present the area under irrigation is greatest in Bikaner, where perennial supply of Ganga Canal irrigates over 7,00,000 acres of land. With the expected early completion of the Bhakra project Bikaner holds bright prospects for bringing about 10,000,000 acres under irrigation.

Lift irrigation with power from Bhakra Dam and the shifting of the headworks of the Ganga Canal system would make it possible to irrigate another 30,000,000 acres of land in the Union.

Other schemes such as the Chambal Multi Purpose Scheme and the Banas Pilani Scheme will bring roughly 70,00,000 acres of extra land under cultivation.

RENEWED DRIVE TO GROW MORE FOOD

Mr. Patil's Call To Gujarat

BOMBAY, Monday.

THE recent famine in Gujarat, which they were fortunate enough to tide over, had opened their eyes to stark realities. Gujarat, therefore, should be the first to contribute its mite to the drive to attain self-sufficiency. Thus declared Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture and Forests, addressing a District Food Production Conference at Ahmedabad on June 19.

Since the assumption of office in 1946, Mr. Patil continued, the Congress Ministry had made strenuous and about efforts to attain self-sufficiency, in its five-year plan. But the vagaries of Nature had unfortunately nullified their efforts. Gujarat, which had never known famine, had to face unprecedented scarcity. In fact, during the past four years, there was famine in one part or another of the Province. Due to that and various other reasons, the normal deficit of six lakh tons had increased to 10 lakhs in recent years. Unless the revised plans to grow more food were implemented with renewed vigour and drive, it was not possible to wipe off such a huge deficit within the next two years, he said.

Among those present at the Conference were Mr. P. N. Damri, Collector of the Ahmedabad District, Mr. R. D. Modi, Collector Sabarkantha, Mr. Raojibhai Patel, Secretary of the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee Mr. Bhogilal Lala, President of the District Congress Committee, Mr. M. C. Shah, M.L.A., Mr. M. R. Patel, M.L.A., Mr. D A. Gadkari, Director of Agricultural Engineering and Mr. C. S. Shah, President of the Ahmedabad Municipality.

SCOPE FOR DEVELOPMENT

Mr. Damri told the Conference that the population of the district was over 16 lakhs, half of it being in Ahmedabad City alone.

The total acreage under food crops was approximately 9,30,000, the total production being 2,25,000 tons. The district was deficit by about 90,000 tons. Reviewing the progress, he said during the past 16 months, they had constructed nearly 4,000 wells and an additional area of nearly 10,000 acres had been brought under irrigation.

Replying to the numerous suggestions made at the Conference by social workers, Mr. Patil said that the country offered an ample scope for the development of agriculture. It was not that the lands were not fertile but the fact was that they had failed to exploit the great potentialities of the land to the fullest extent. To improve the lot of the cultivator and to stabilize agriculture even during periods of depression, it was essential, he pointed out, to increase the fertility of the land. The per acre yield was awfully poor as compared to the foreign countries, he said.

Concluding, Mr. Patil congratulated them on their well construction programme and promised all help for continuation of the same.

Decontrol Of More Export Commodities

NEW DELHI, June 20: As a further measure of export liberalisation, the Government of India has decided to decontrol the export of the following goods for all permissible destinations: cotton waste durries, cotton handloom blankets, cotton bags, cotton waste ropes, cotton tenis, cotton tapes, cotton lantern wicks, cotton niwar, and cotton shoe laces adn lacing cord.

MUTT AND JEFF—You'll Have To See The Advertising Dept. About This—Not Me — BY BUD FISHER

JEFF, WHAT CHA DOIN' ?
I'M GONNA SELL SOME STUFF BY ADVERTISING!
BUT YOUR SIGN IS BLANK!
YEH, I DON'T KNOW WHAT I'M GONNA SELL YET!
THEN WHY WALK AROUND WITH A BLANK SIGN?
BECAUSE I HAVEN'T ANYTHING TO ADVERTISE YET!
WHY CARRY A SIGN THAT DOESN'T ADVERTISE ANYTHING?
WOULD YOU CARRY A SIGN THAT ADVERTISES SOMETHING YOU AIN'T GOT?
?
SLAP
SLAP
SLAP
FISHER

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